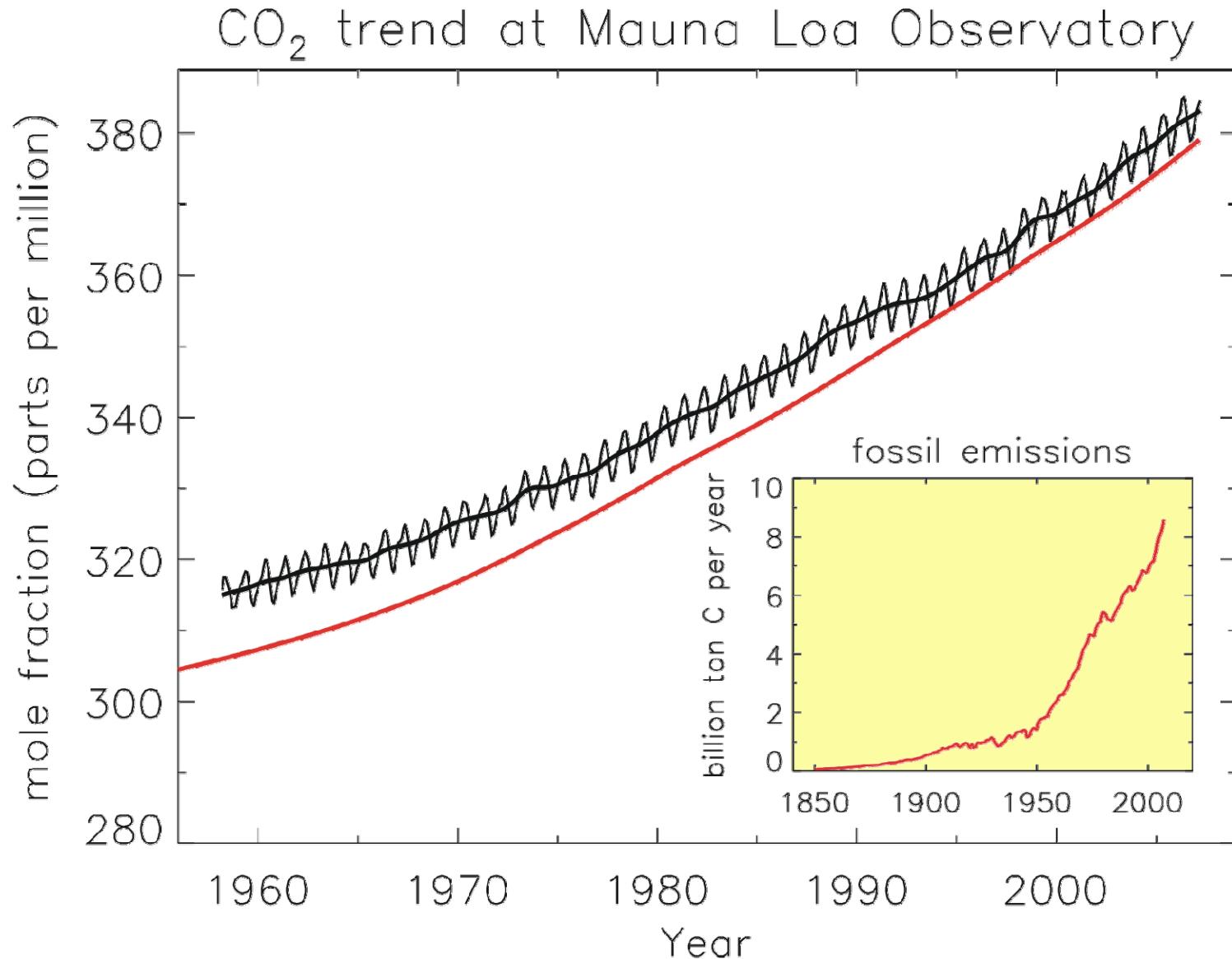


# Today's carbon cycle as revealed by observed CO<sub>2</sub> records

Pieter P. Tans  
NOAA Earth System Research Laboratory

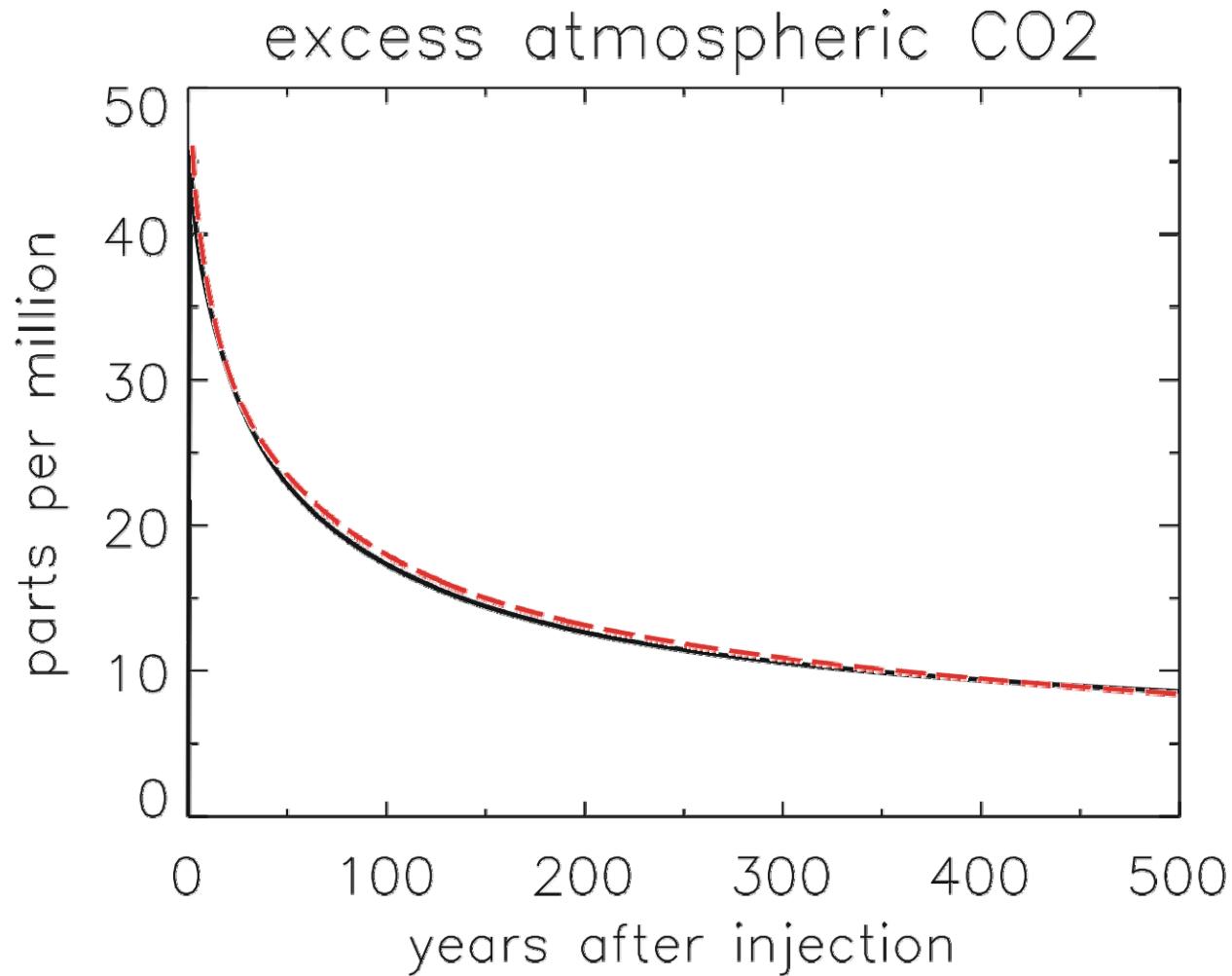


## DECADAL MASS BALANCE OF CARBON



Fossil fuel data: CDIAC and BP

## DECADAL MASS BALANCE OF CARBON

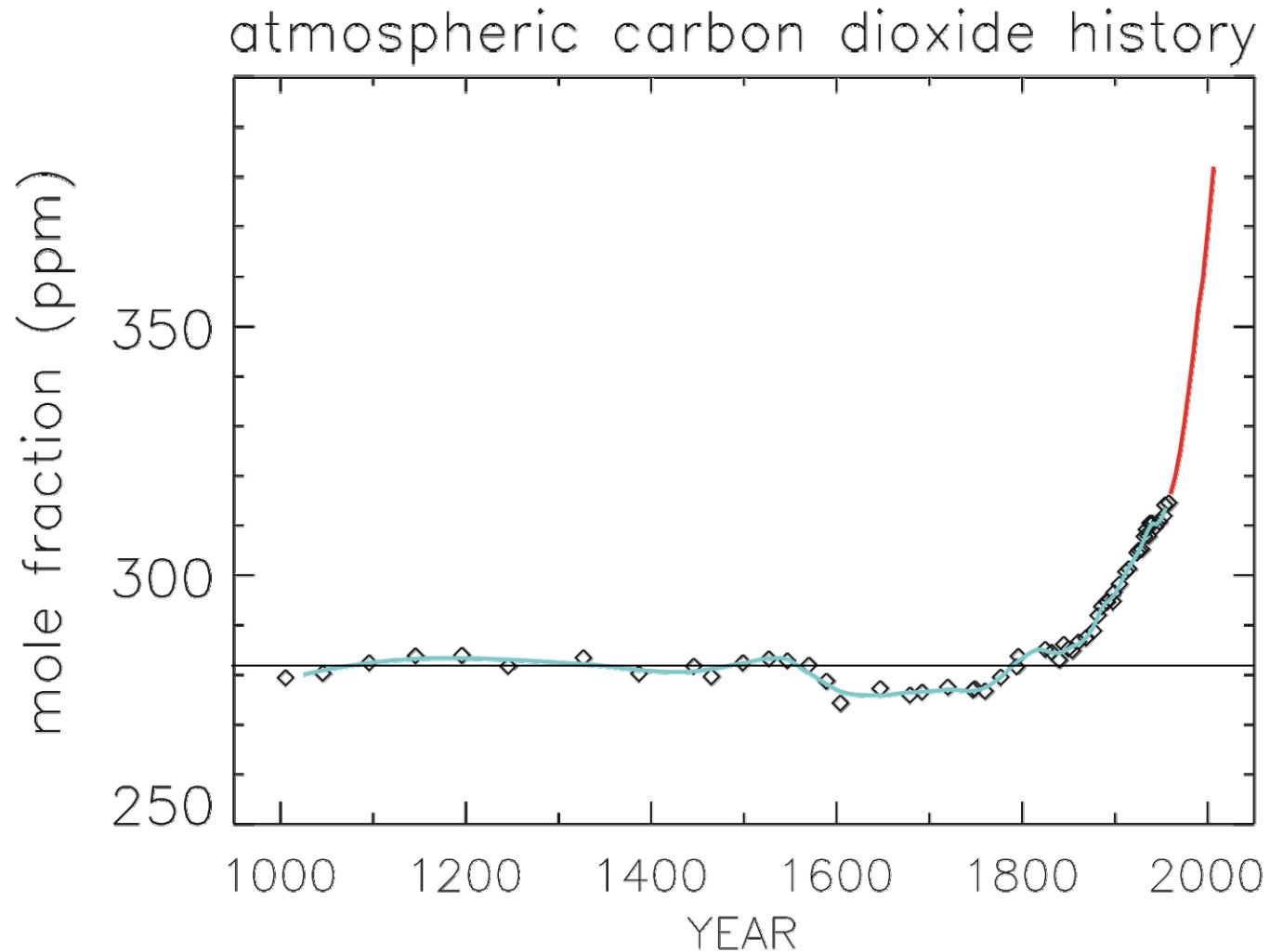


Pulse response:

$$\text{CO}_2_{\text{ATM}} = 0.131 + 0.201 \exp(-t/363) + 0.321 \exp(-t/74) + \\ + 0.249 \exp(-t/17) + 0.098 \exp(-t/1.9)$$

Hamburg Ocean Carbon Cycle Model, E.Maier-Reimer, 1987

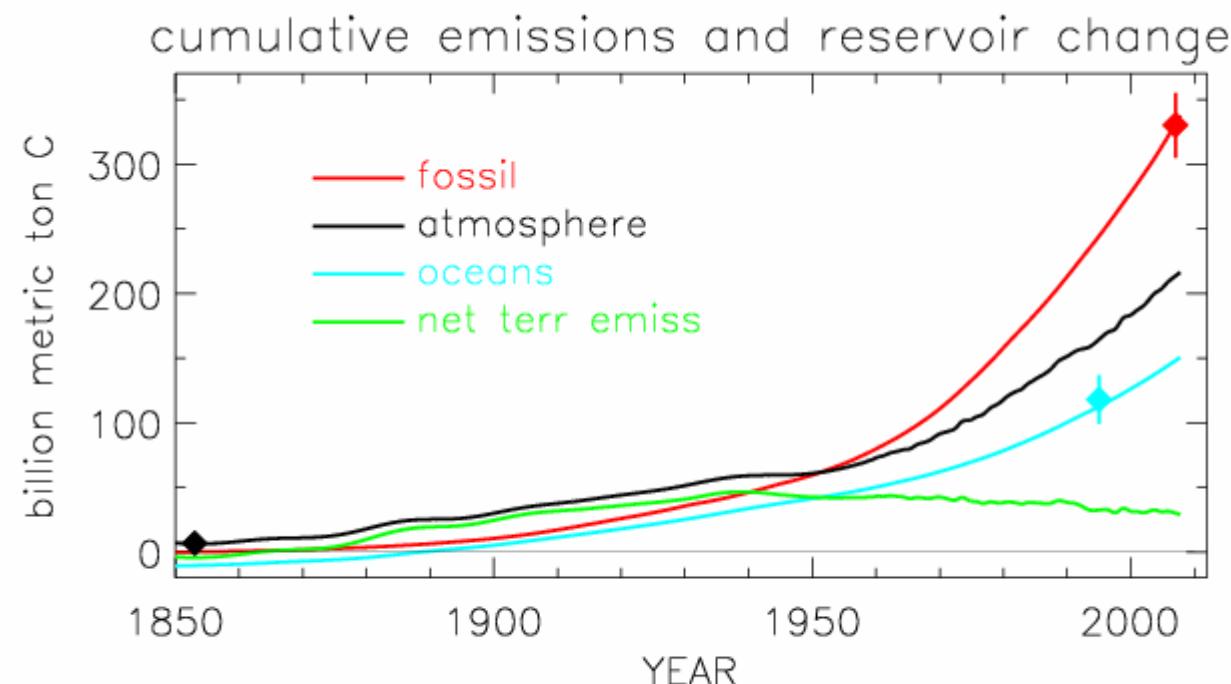
## DECADAL MASS BALANCE OF CARBON



sources: David Etheridge, CSIRO, Australia; ESRL

## DECadal MASS BALANCE OF CARBON

	GtC
Cumulative fossil fuel emissions (Jan. 2007)	$331 \pm 25$
(source: CDIAC)	
Observed atmospheric increase (Jan. 2007)	$214 \pm 8$
(source: ESRL)	
Observed ocean increase through 1994	$118 \pm 19$
(Sabine et al., Science 2004)	
oceans, extrapolated through 2006	148



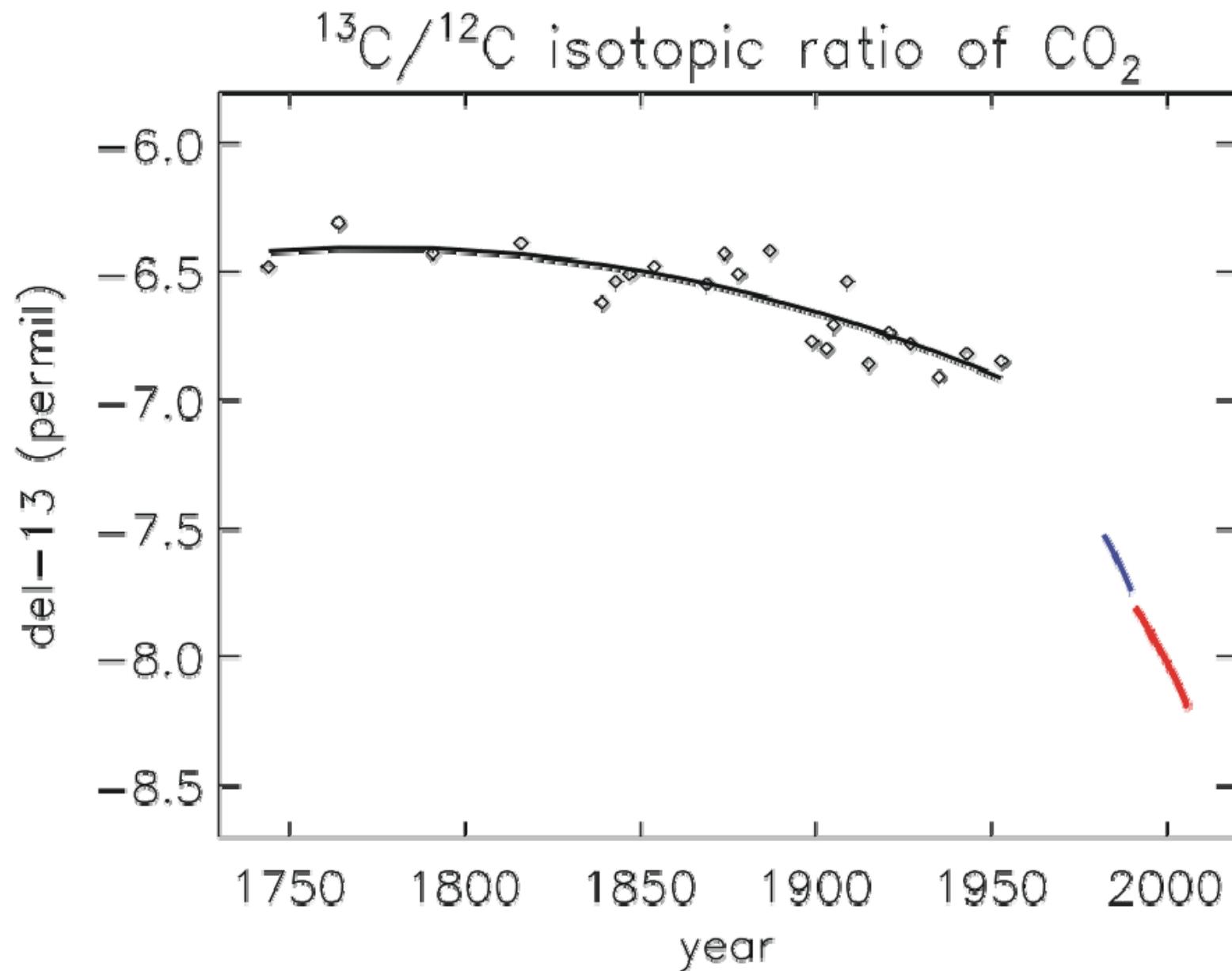
fossil fuel emissions + terrestrial sources = atmospheric increase + ocean

## DECadal Mass Balance of Carbon

Use of isotopic ratios to distinguish sources

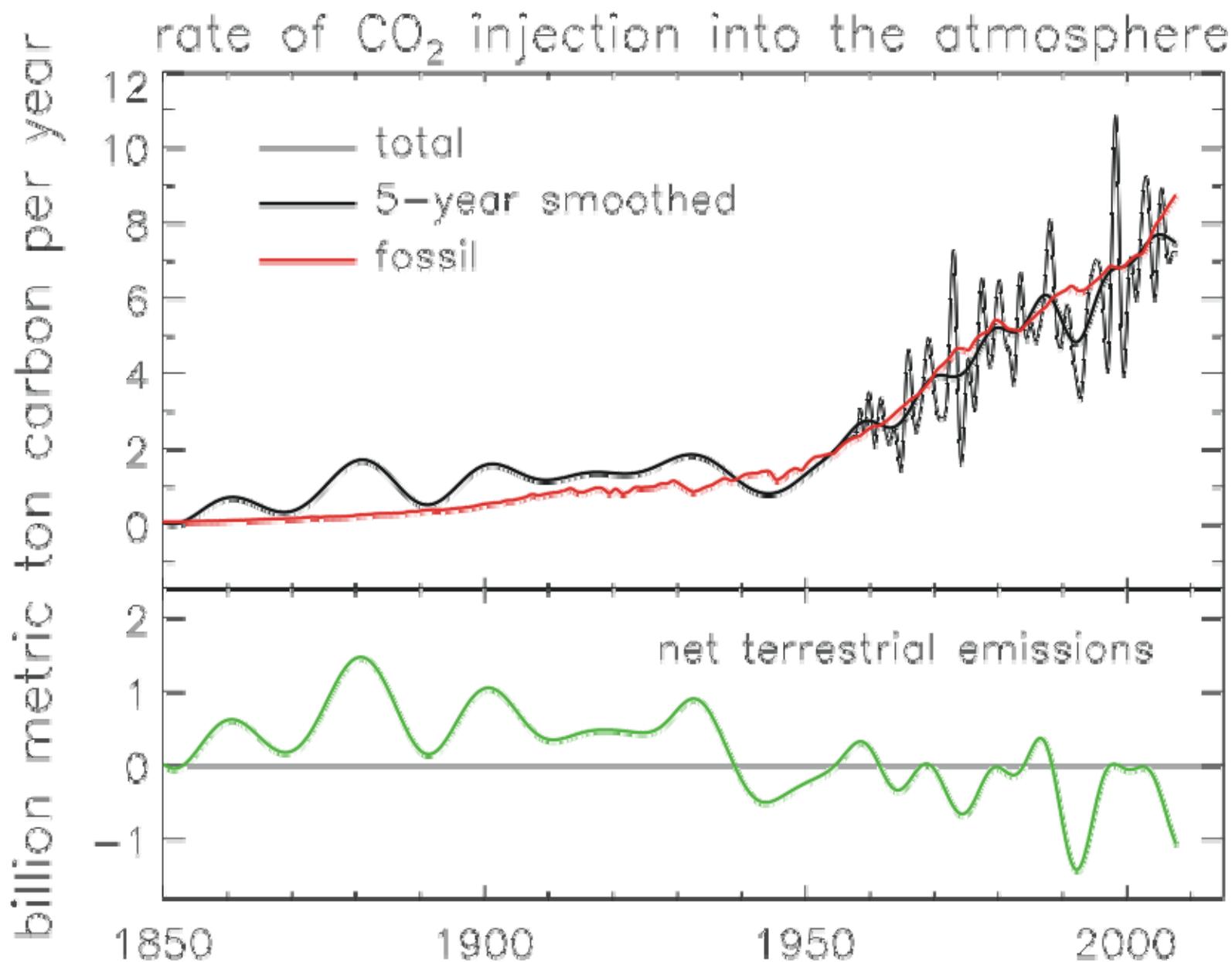
	$\frac{^{13}\text{C}/^{12}\text{C}_{\text{sample}} - ^{13}\text{C}/^{12}\text{C}_{\text{reference}}}{^{13}\text{C}/^{12}\text{C}_{\text{reference}}}$	$\delta^{13}\text{C}$ (approximate)	$^{13}\text{C}/^{12}\text{C}$ ratio	$\frac{^{14}\text{C}/\text{C}_{\text{sample}}}{^{14}\text{C}/\text{C}_{\text{reference}}}$ (approximate)
Atmosphere	-8 ‰		0.011147	1.06
From oceans	-8 ‰		0.011147	1.08
Terrestrial biosphere	-26 ‰		0.010945	1.09
Coal	-24 ‰		0.010967	0
Oil	-28 ‰		0.010923	0
Natural gas	-45 ‰		0.010732	0

## DECADAL MASS BALANCE OF CARBON

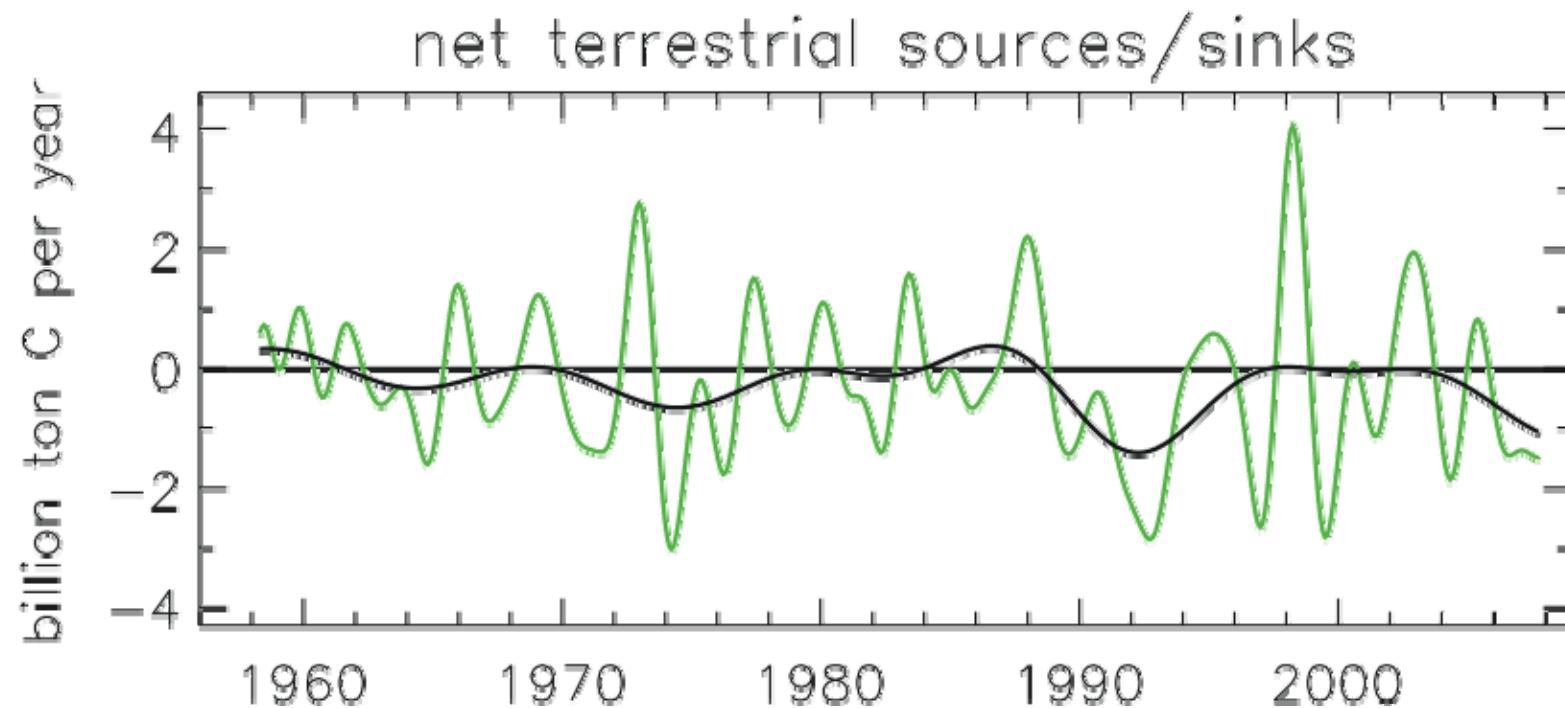


Sources: Friedli (1986), Francey (1999 ), and ESRL & INSTAAR

## DECADAL MASS BALANCE OF CARBON



## DECadal MASS BALANCE OF CARBON

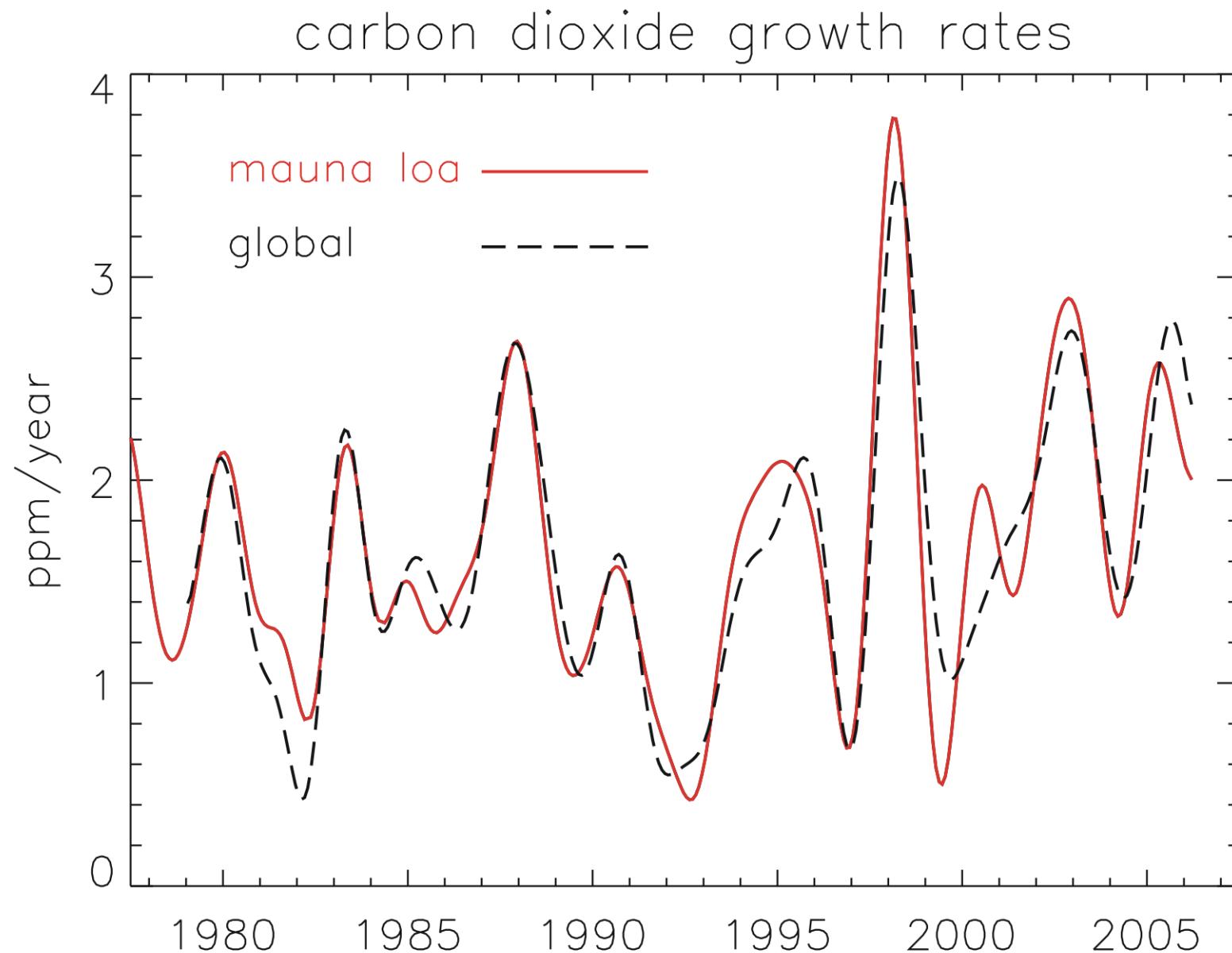


## DECadal Mass Balance of Carbon

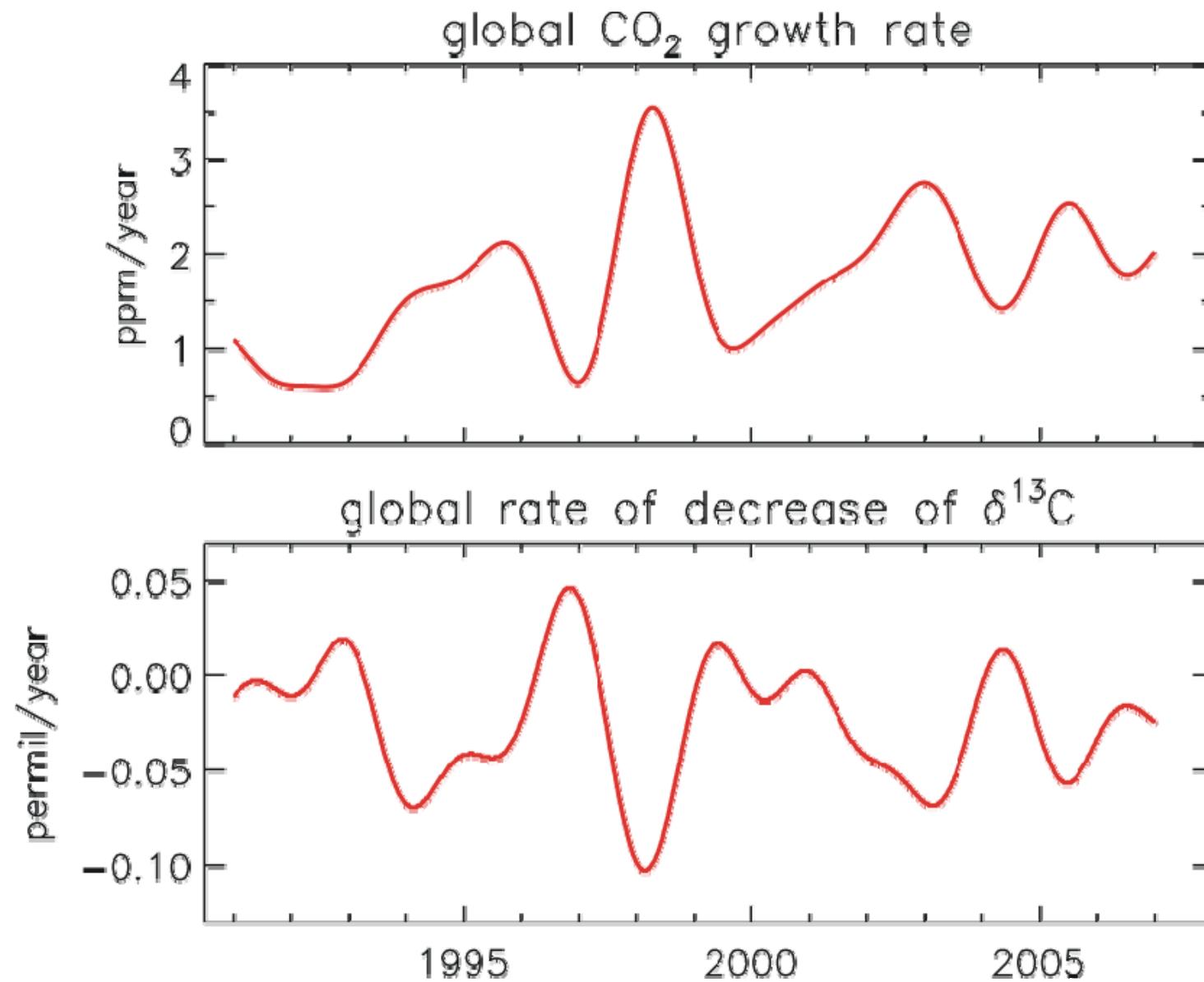
Conclusion:

The observed increase in atmospheric carbon dioxide since pre-industrial times is entirely due to human activities.

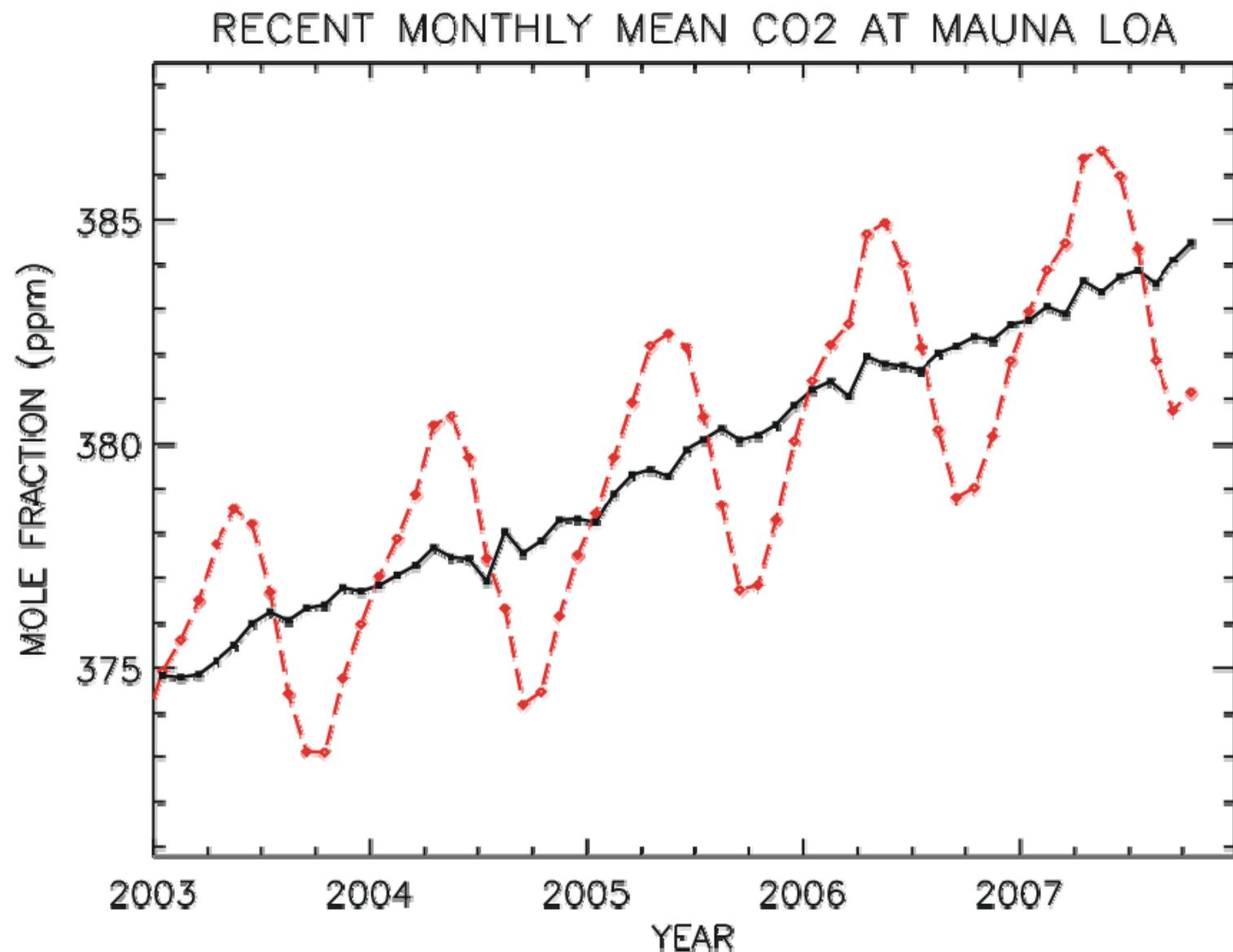
## CO2 GROWTHRATE and CLIMATE ANOMALIES



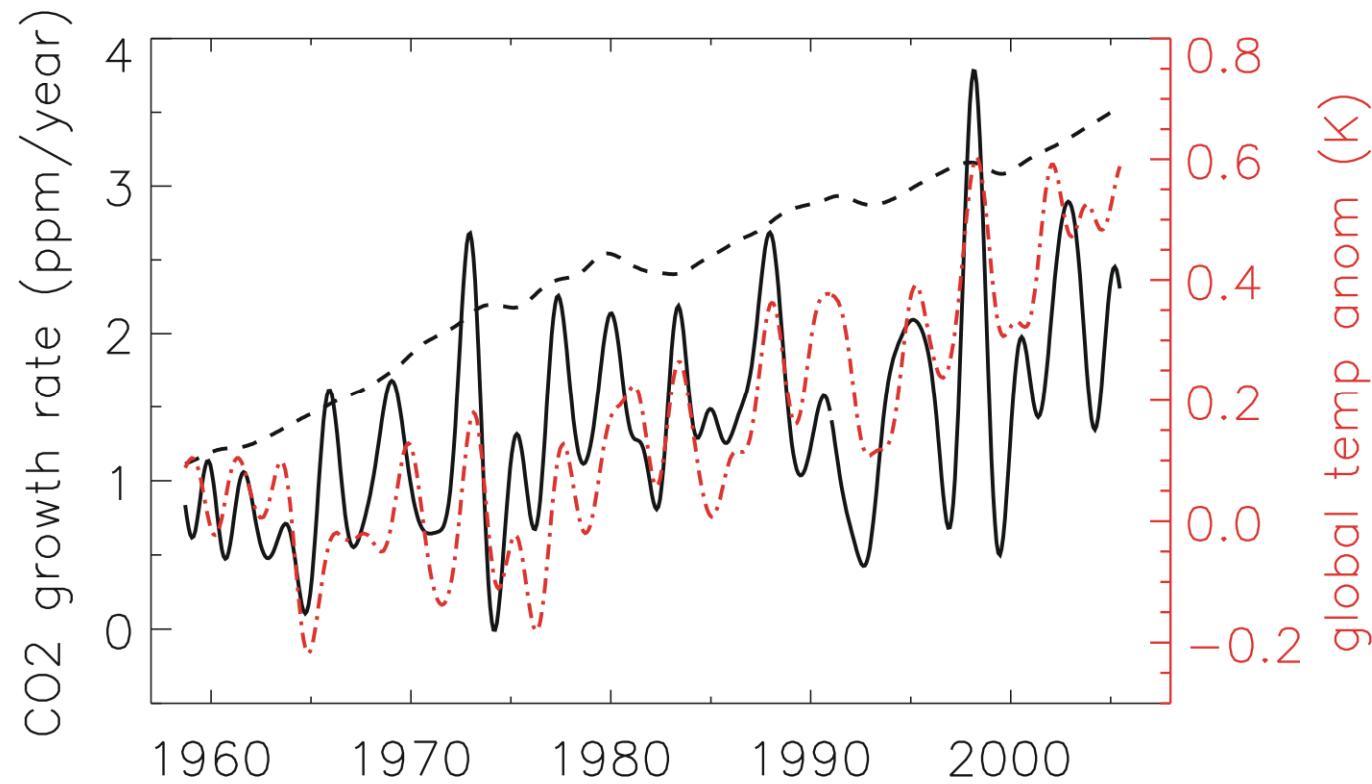
## CO<sub>2</sub> GROWTHRATE and CLIMATE ANOMALIES



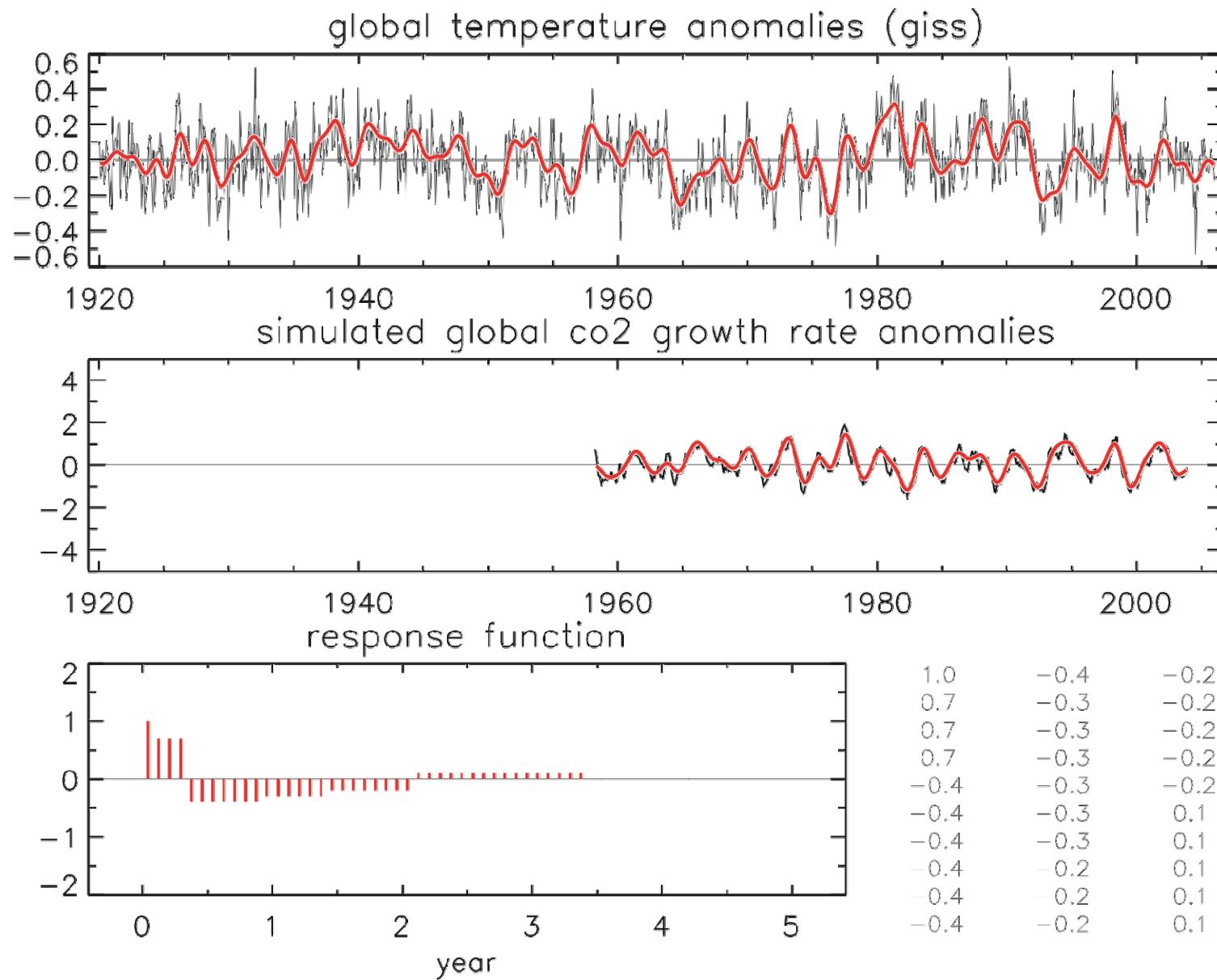
## CO2 GROWTHRATE and CLIMATE ANOMALIES



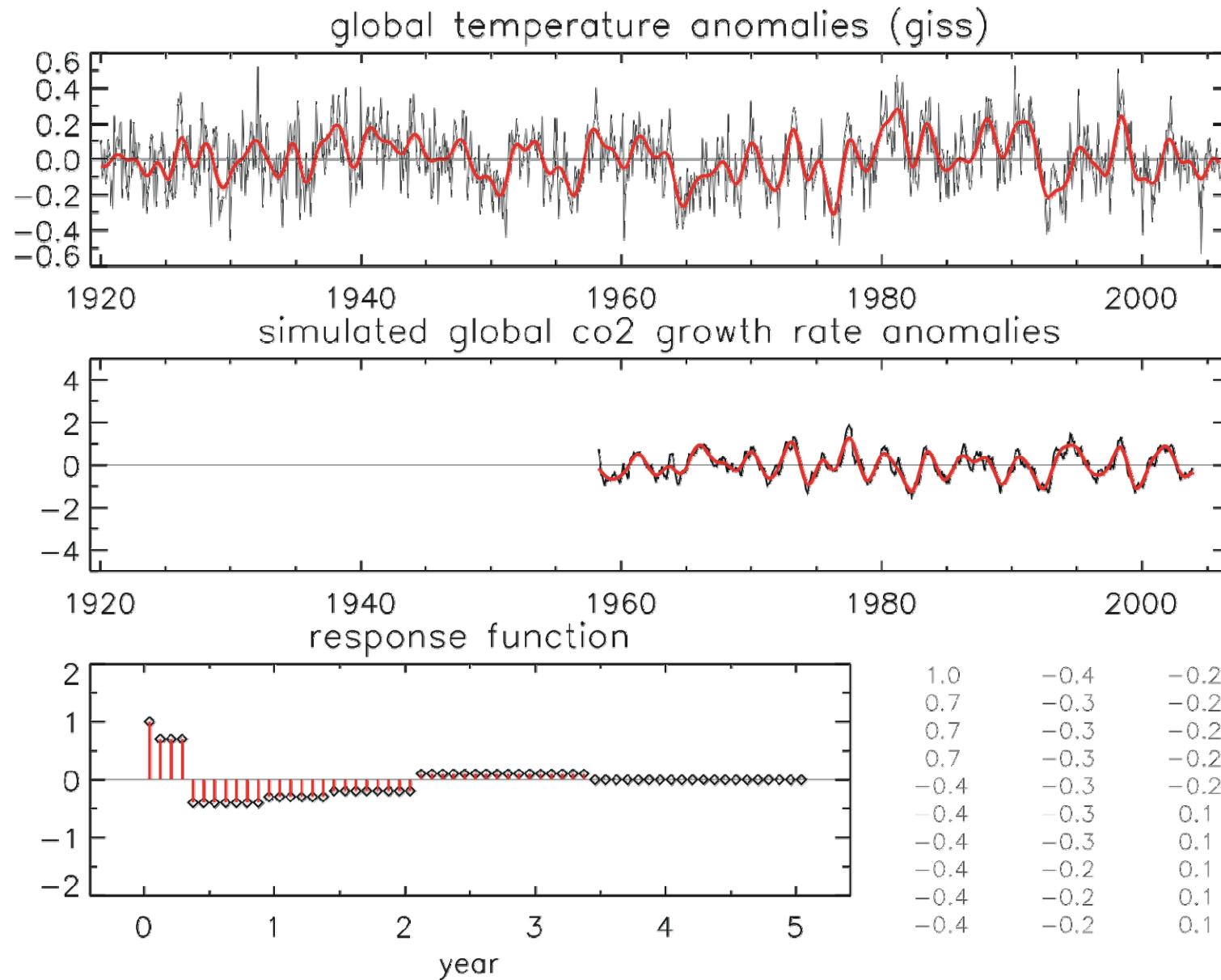
## CO<sub>2</sub> GROWTHRATE and CLIMATE ANOMALIES



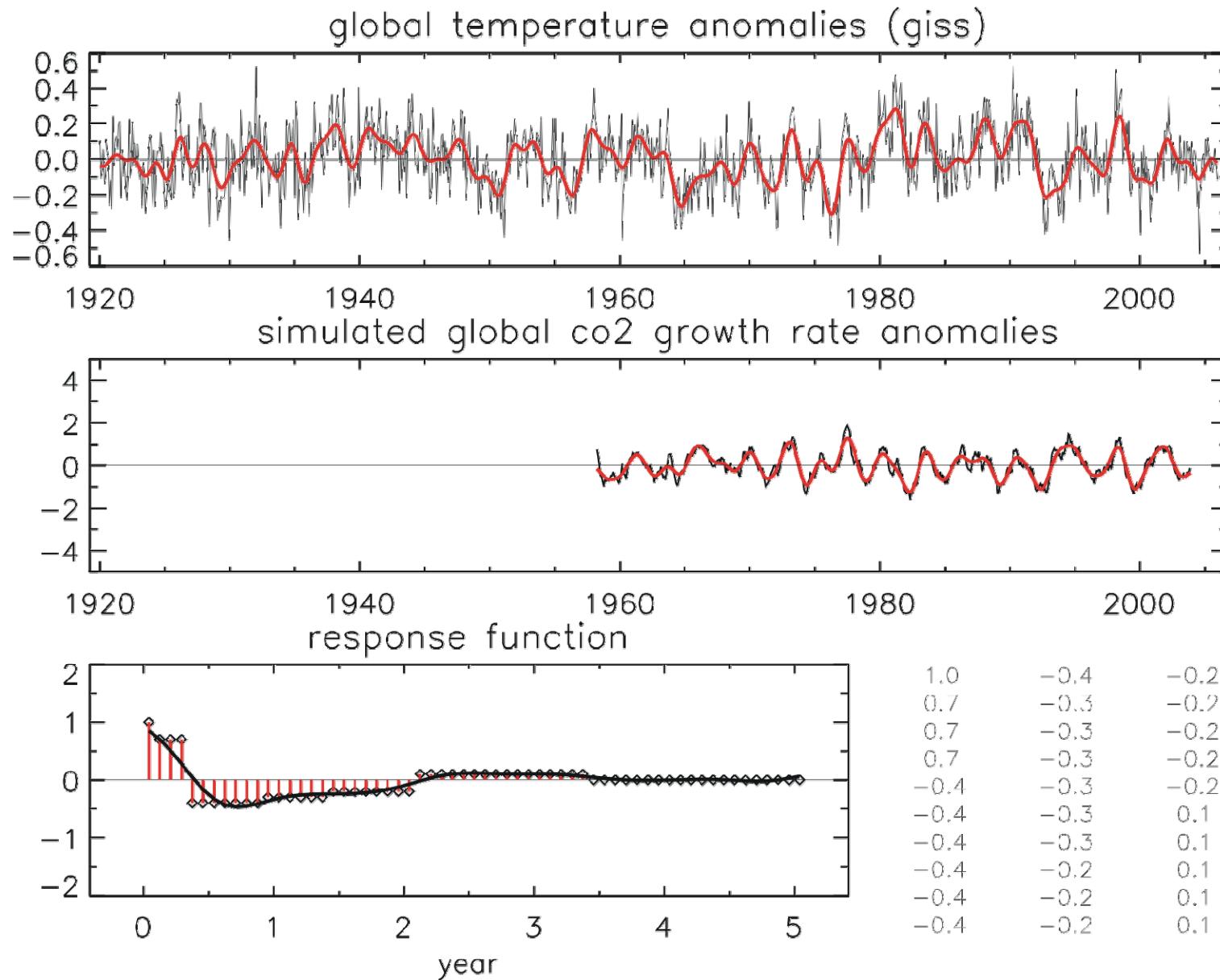
## CO2 GROWTHRATE and CLIMATE ANOMALIES



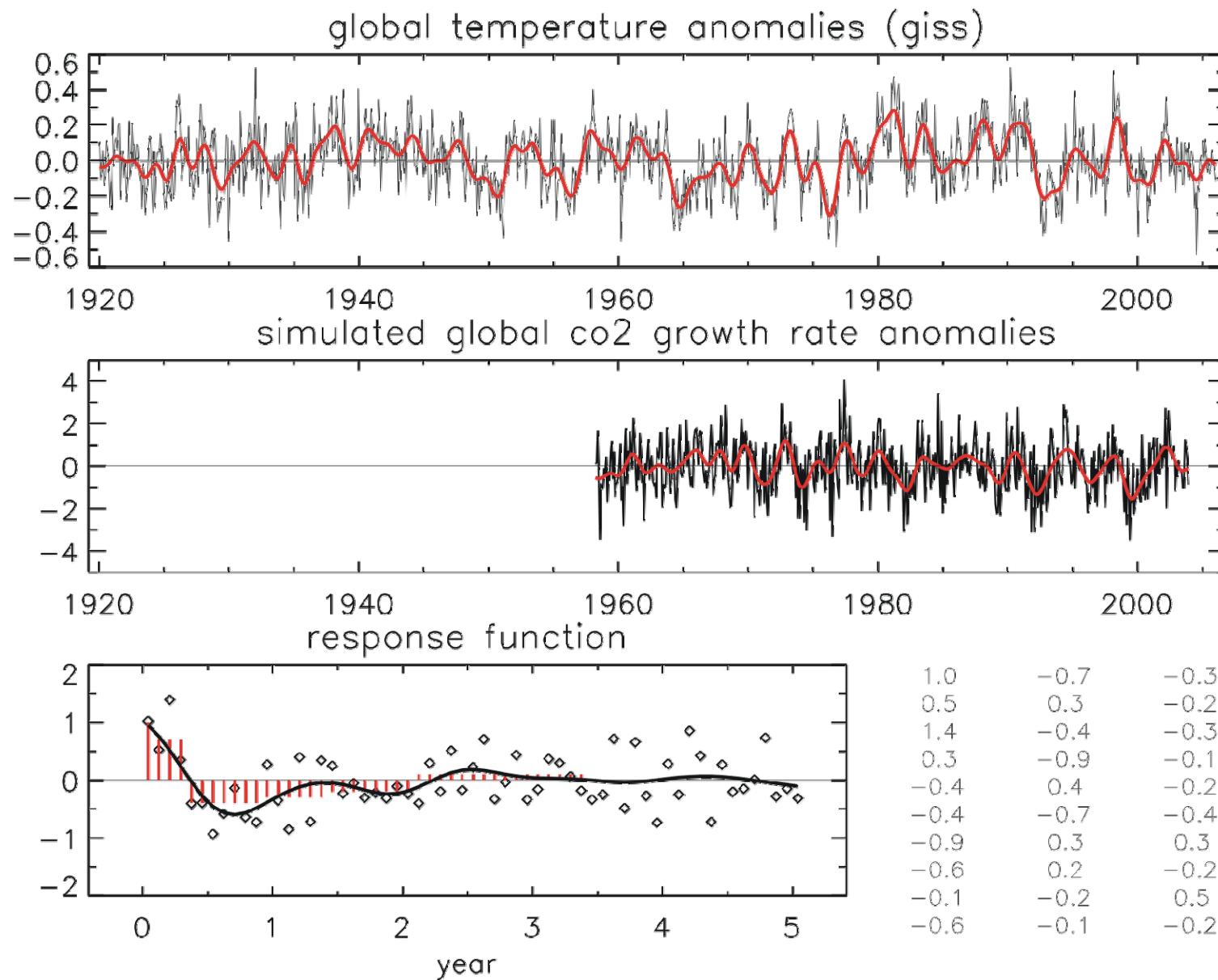
## CO2 GROWTHRATE and CLIMATE ANOMALIES



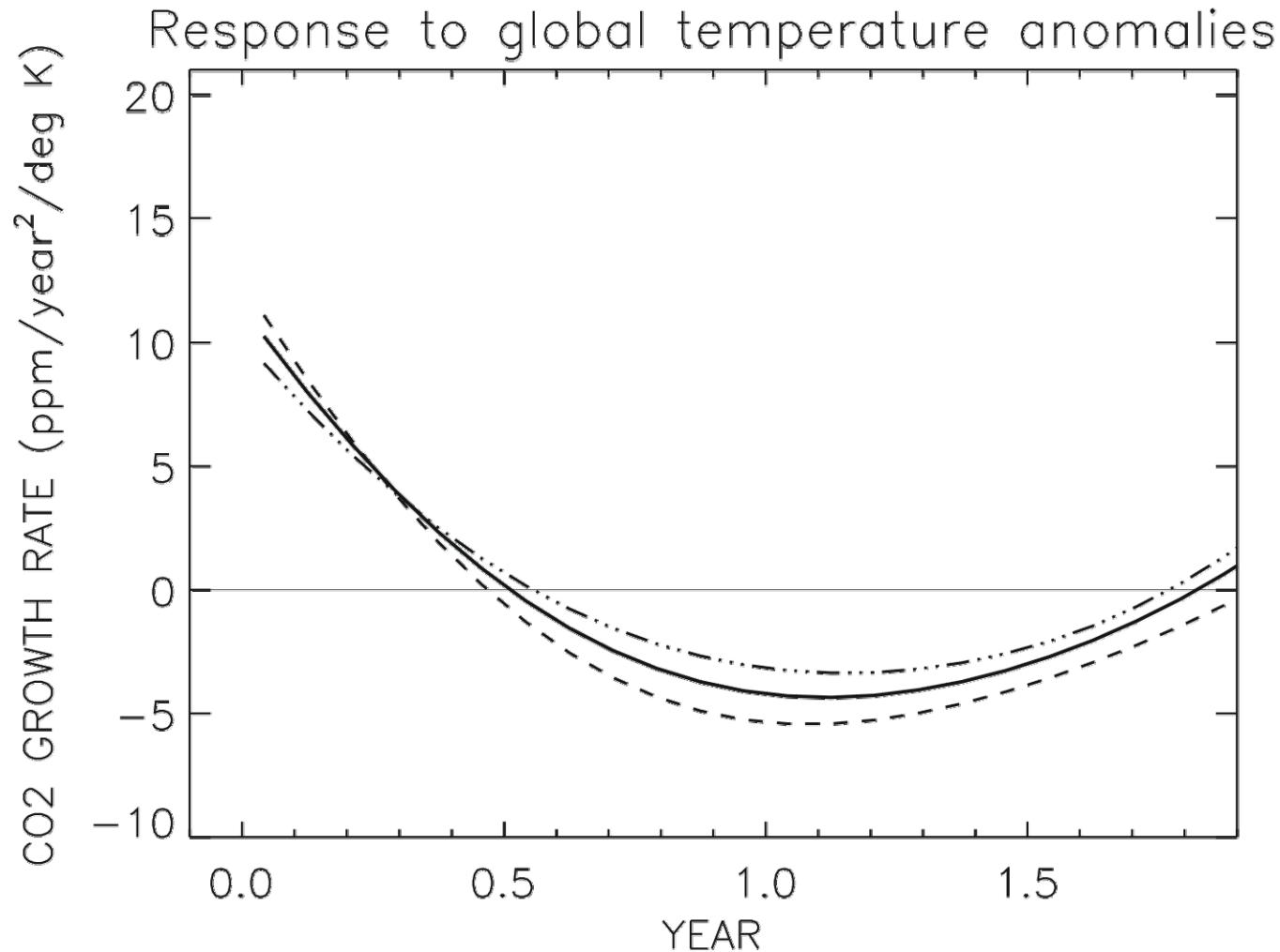
## CO2 GROWTHRATE and CLIMATE ANOMALIES



# CO<sub>2</sub> GROWTHRATE and CLIMATE ANOMALIES

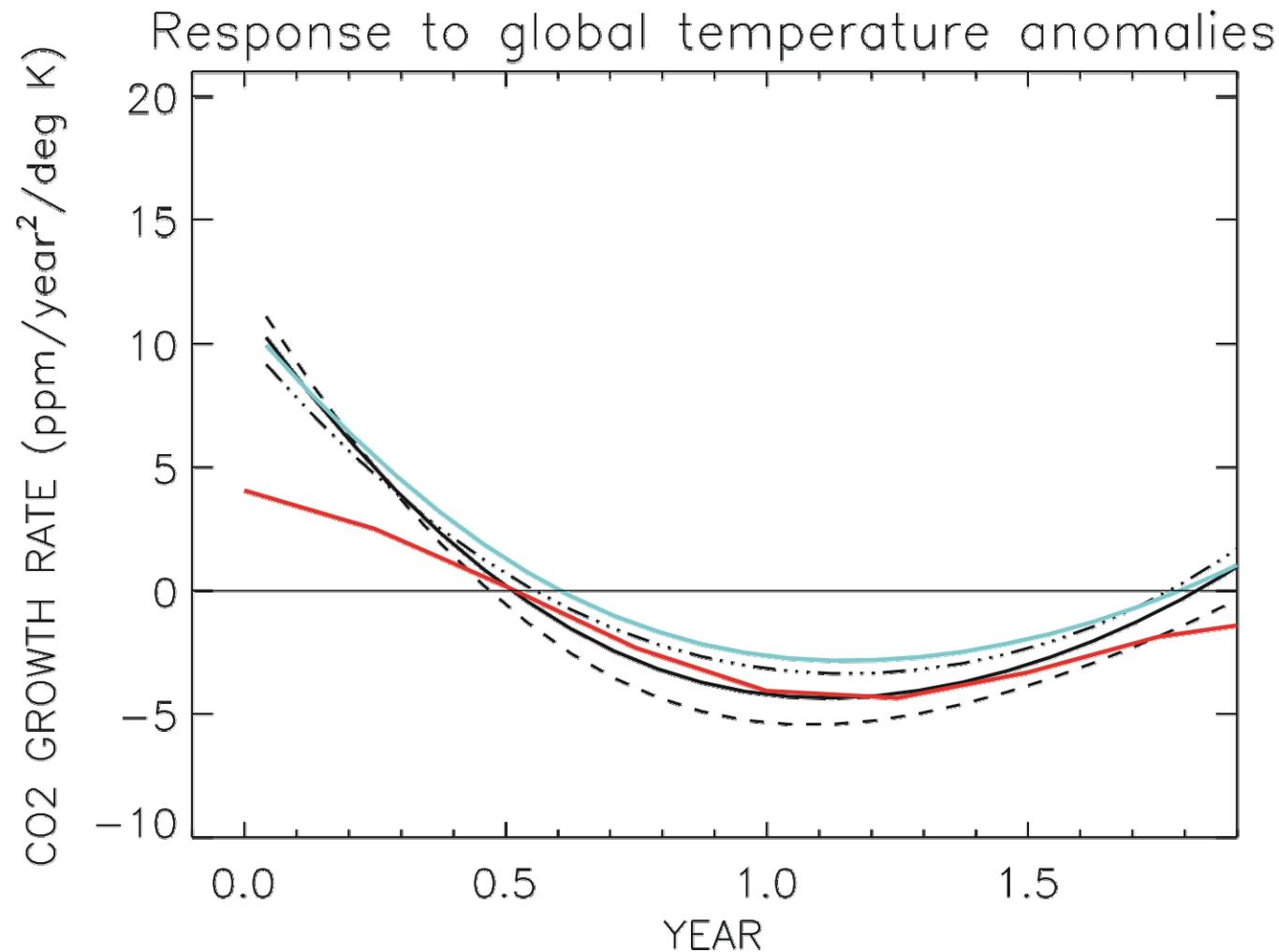


## CO<sub>2</sub> GROWTHRATE and CLIMATE ANOMALIES

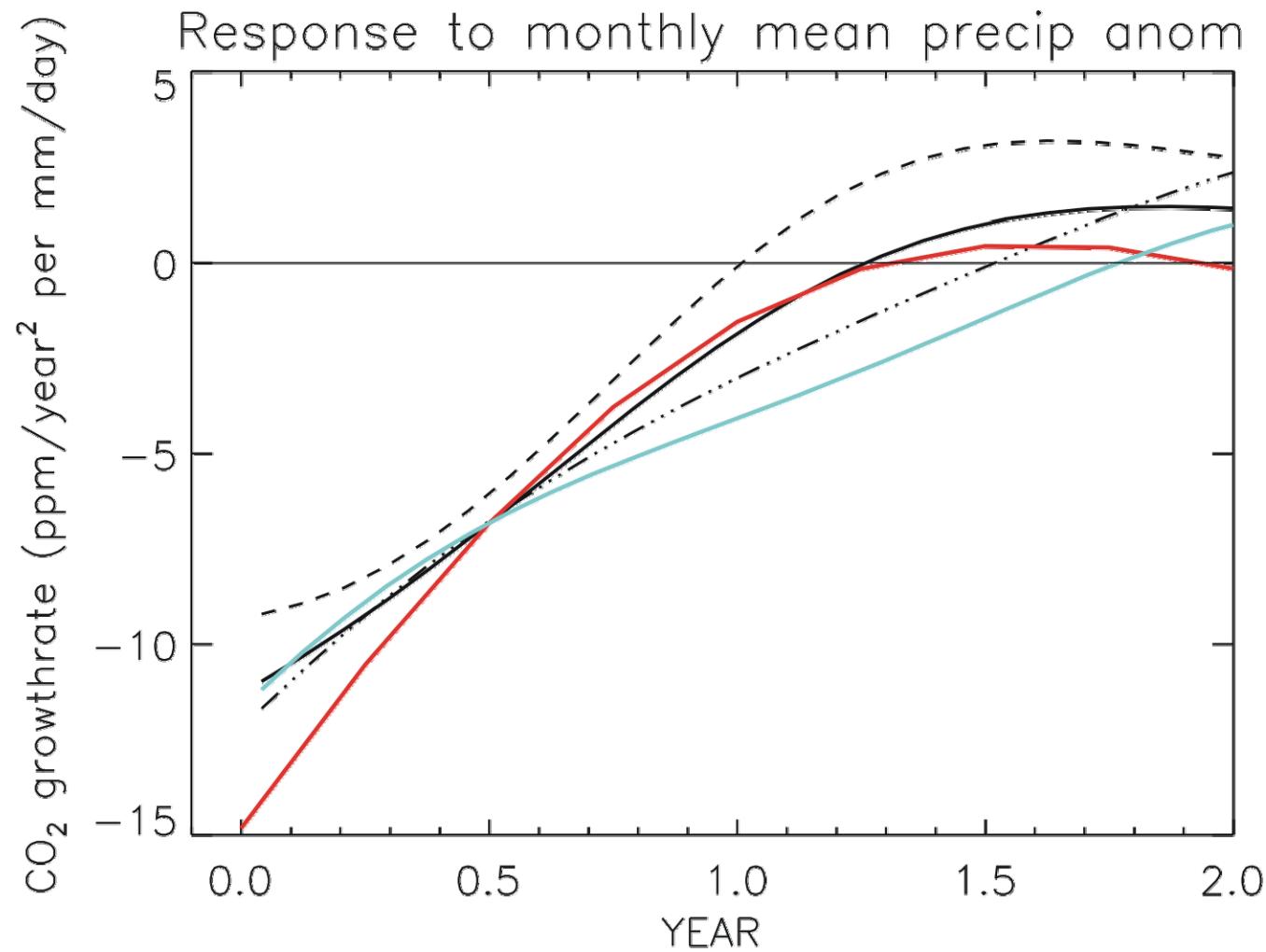


$$\frac{d[CO_2]}{dt} = \int dt' R(t-t') \Delta T(t')$$

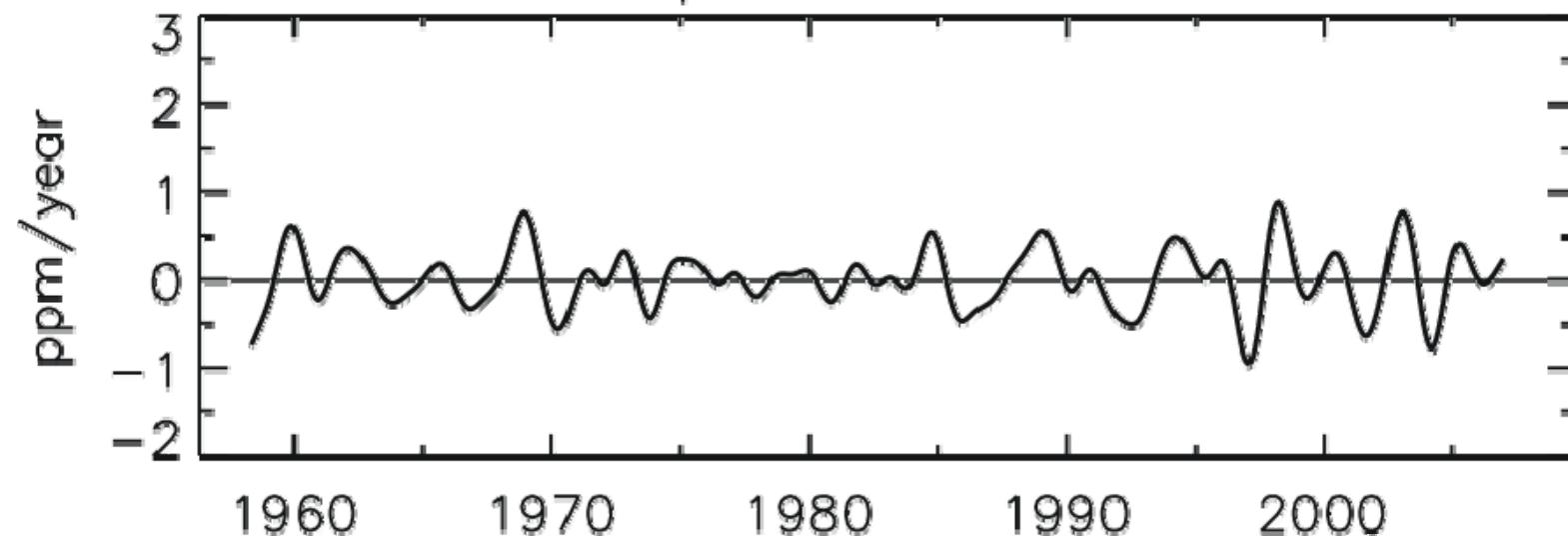
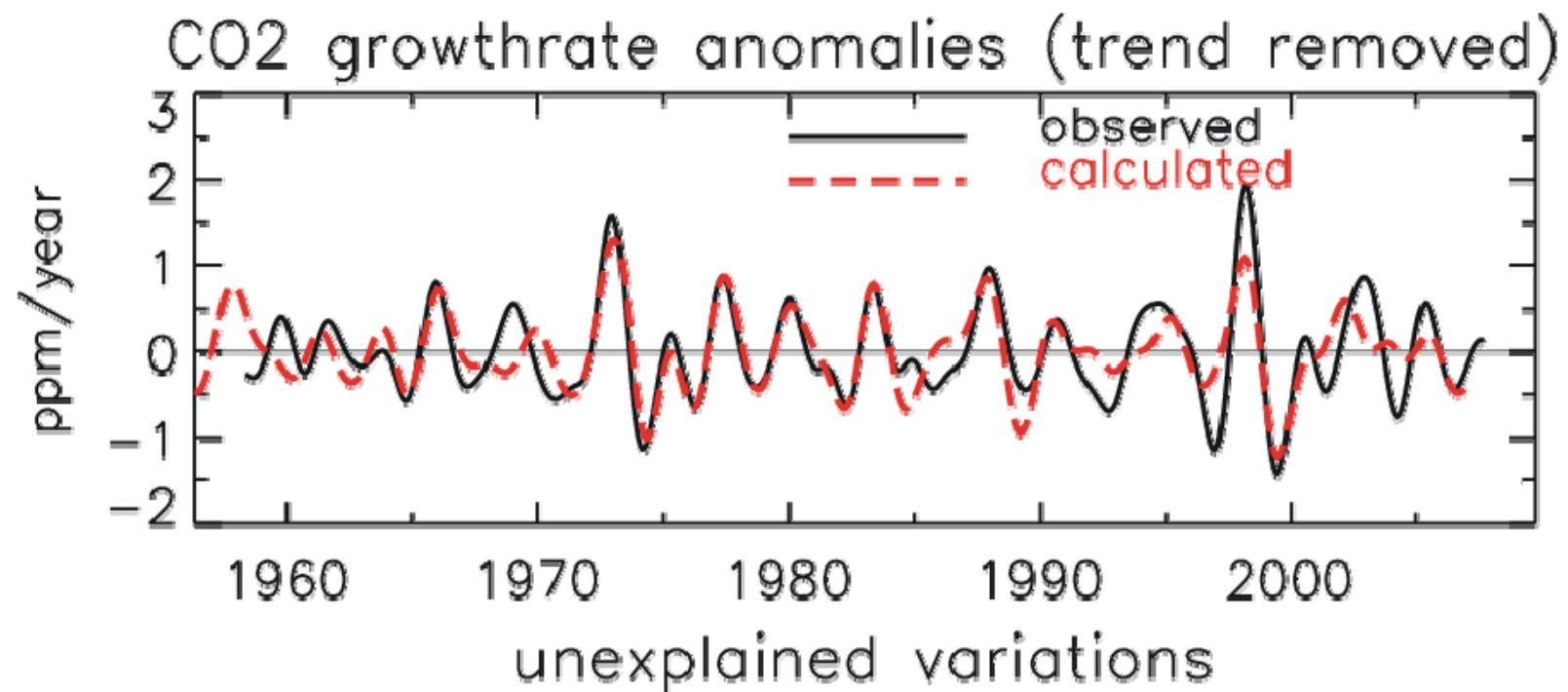
## CO2 GROWTHRATE and CLIMATE ANOMALIES



## CO<sub>2</sub> GROWTHRATE and CLIMATE ANOMALIES



## CO2 GROWTHRATE and CLIMATE ANOMALIES



## CO<sub>2</sub> GROWTHRATE and CLIMATE ANOMALIES

Conclusion:

2/3 of the interannual variance of the CO<sub>2</sub> growth rate is explained by the delayed response of the terrestrial biosphere to interannual variations of temperature and precipitation.