

Research station «Ice Camp «Cape Baranova» (79N, 101E) - possible candidate to BSRN

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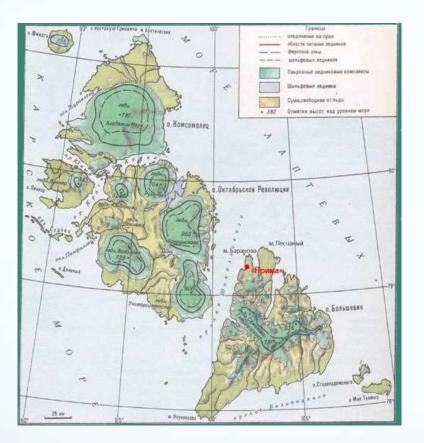


Re-opened in June 2013 Under development



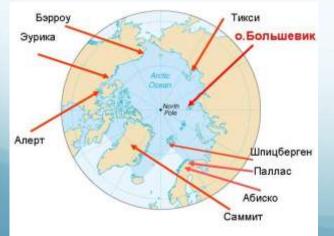






Topographic map of Severnaya Zemlya archipelago and MODIS satellite imagery





Area of the ice base is one of the least investigated regions of the Arctic Ocean. Pending the whole complex of meteorological be installed, the Ice Base "Cape Baranova" may pretend for a full partnership in the network of the International Polar Observatories, similar to Tiksi with a perspective to become a second regional station in the Russian Arctic and further as a global station in the GAW.

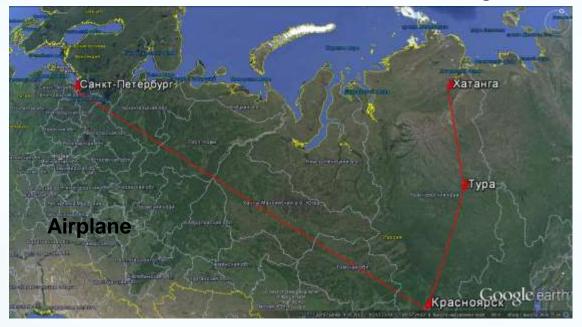


Main goal of establishment Observatory "Ice Base Cape Baranova" is to identify the causes and consequences of climate change in the Arctic with special attention to the comprehensive studies of interrelated components of the Arctic climate system:

- surface heat and radiation balance;
- cloudiness and aerosol components of the atmosphere;
- processes of gas and mass transfer;
- chemical composition of atmosphere and hydrosphere;
- melting of permafrost;
- -study of drifting, fast and lake ice;
- characteristics of hydrological regime of the Shokalski Strait and western
 Laptev Sea
- -dynamics of glaciers.



The route from Saint Petersburg to "Ice Base Cape Baranova"







Refueling at the Cape Cheliuskin





Observatory "Ice Base Cape Baranova" from height 500 m



Observations and studies beginning May 2014

Standard meteorological observations Standard and advanced solar radiation observations Route surveys of spectral albedo Upper-air observations Monitoring of greenhouse gases Heat balance observations Studies of physical - mechanical properties of fast ice Testing of new devices for measurements of freshwater and sea ice thickness Oceanographic investigations in the Shokalski Strait Organization of polygon for glaciological investigations at the glacier Mushketov Hydrological studies







Standard meteorological observations with automatic station MAWS – 420



Instruments for special meteorological observations

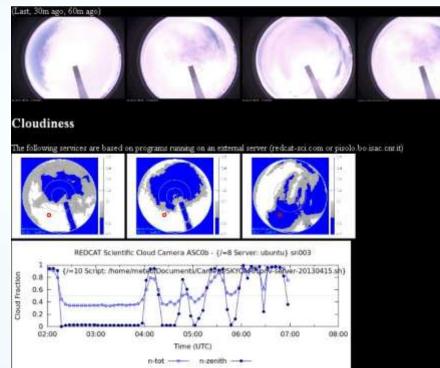




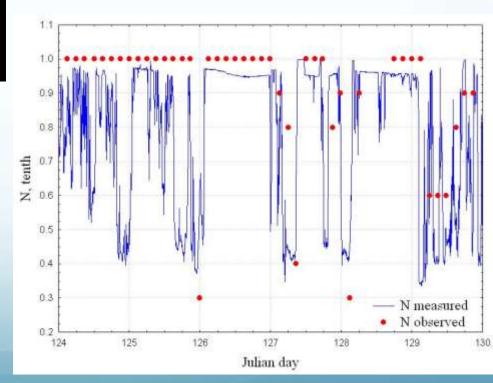
Installations for spectral albedo, turbulent fluxes and reflected short and long-wave radiation



Cloud camera "Red Cat" screen shot

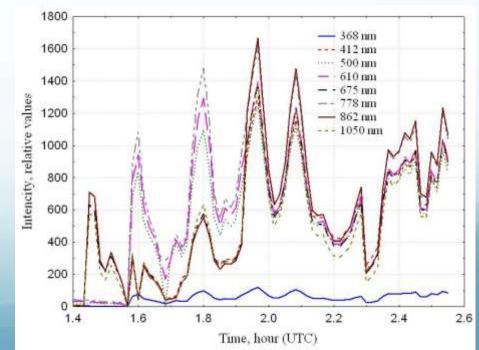


Comparison of cloud camera data with data of visual observations



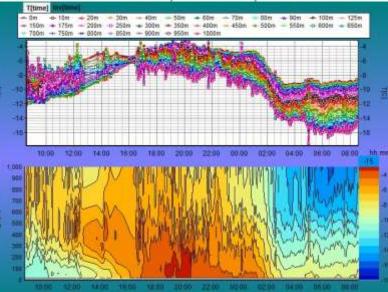


Measurments of short-wave and long-wave radiation balance and spectral intensity of direct solar radiation

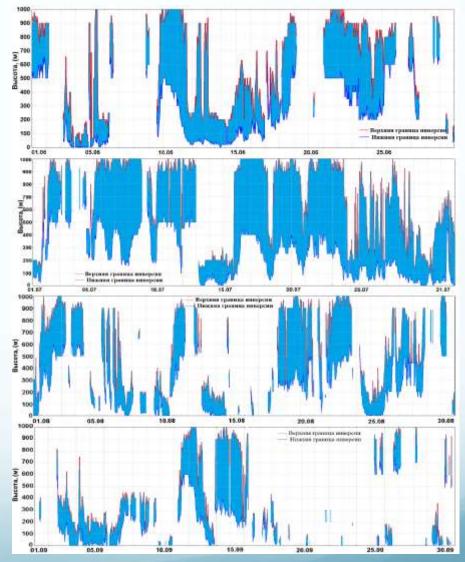


Measurements of atmospheric boundary layer temperature with profiler MPT-5





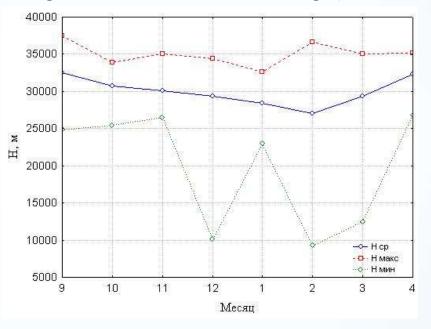
Interface of MTP-5PE



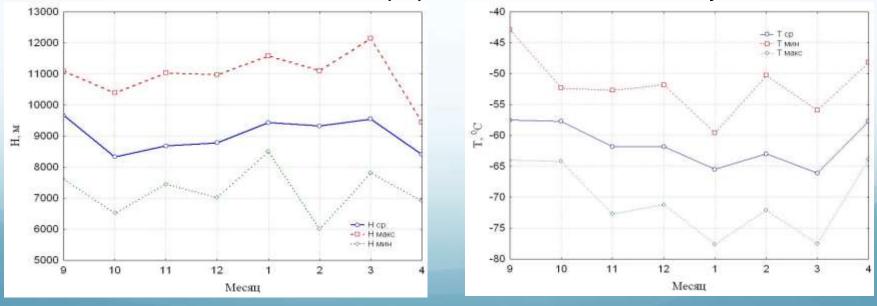
Inversions in ABL (0 – 1000 m) in June - September 2015

Upper-layer observations (Radiosoundings and Ozone soundings)





Characteristics of tropopause seasonal variability

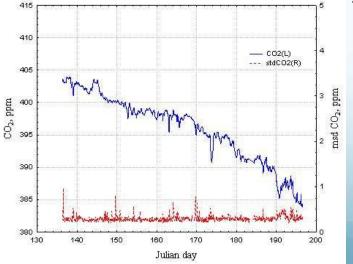


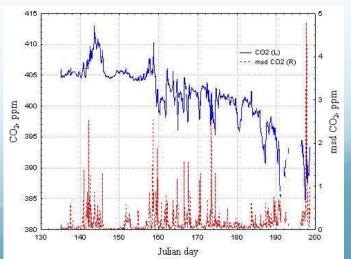
Study of greenhouse gases and aerosol at at the "Ice base cape Baranova" (left) and HMO Tiksi (right)



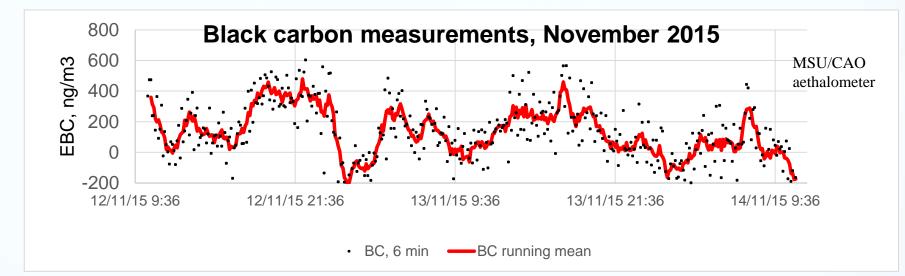


Temporal variability of carbon dioxide at the "Ice base cape Baranova" (left) and HMO Tiksi (right)

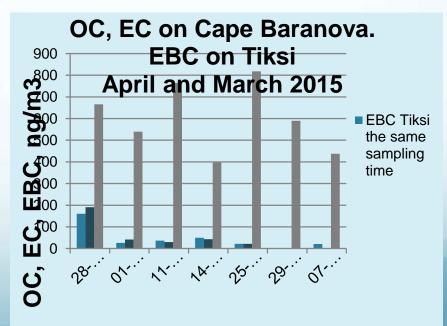




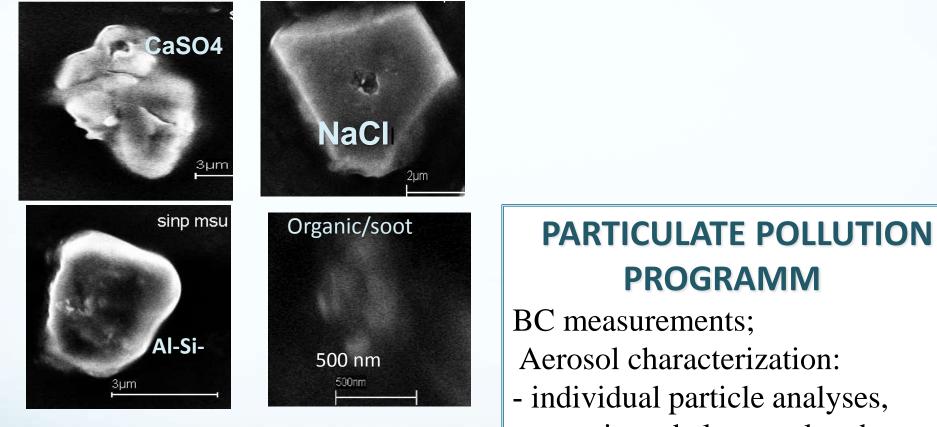
First results of BC measurements at the Cape Baranova







Characterization of physico - chemical properties of aerosol in the Arctic



- organic and elemental carbon,
- ion components,
- chemical markers of pollution.

Fast ice formation in area of "Ice base cape Baranov" in 2013

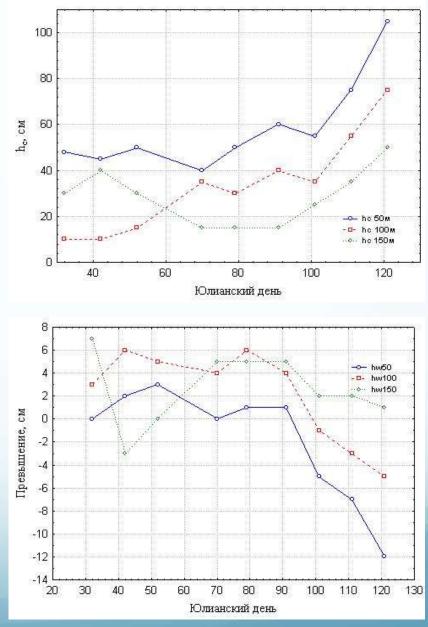




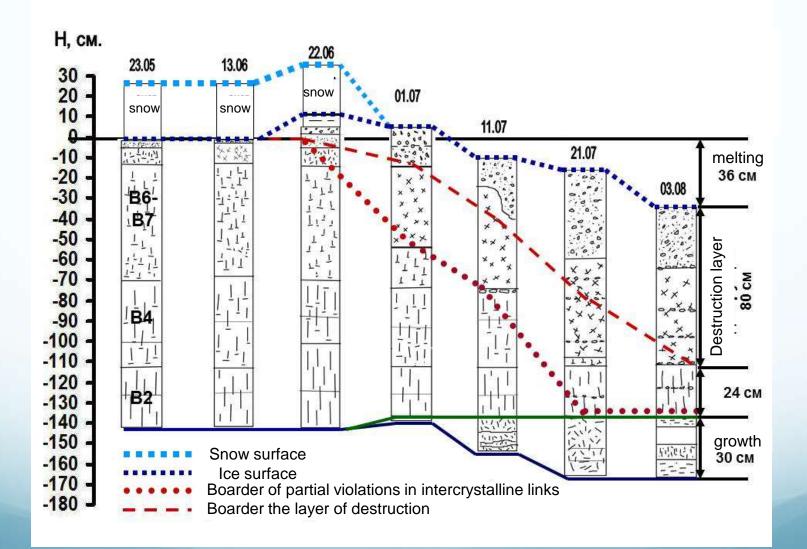


Morphometric characteristics of fast ice in the station area



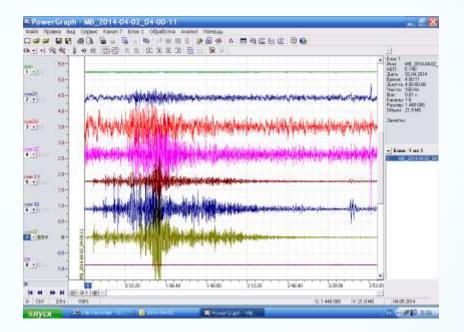


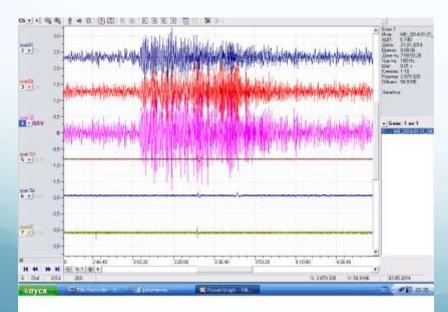
The structure of level fast ice and its temporal variability in summer



Waves in fast ice and on the Island Bolshevik shore





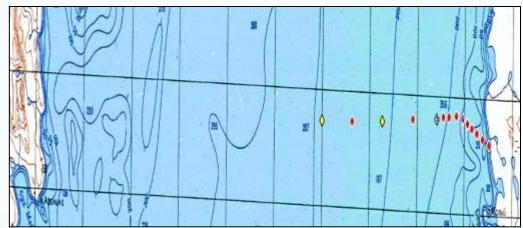


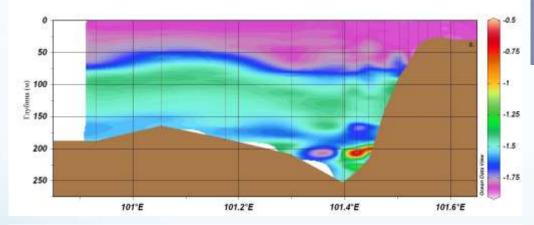


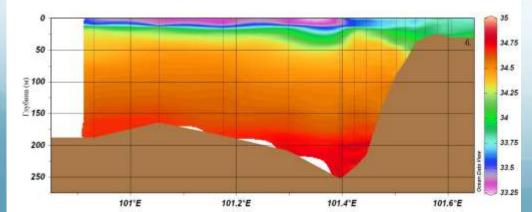
Hydrological studies



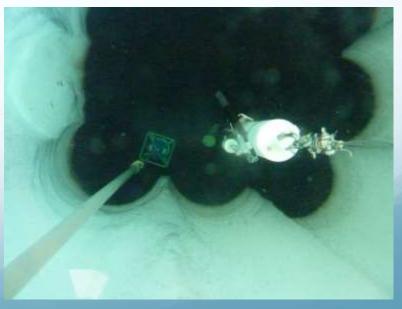
Oceanographic section in the Shokalski island











Welcome to Observatories "Tiksi" and "Ice Base Cape Baranova"

