

CRITICAL THINKING ACTIVITY: SUNSPOT CYCLES AND CLIMATE

OBJECTIVES: Students will:

- Identify the relationship of sunspot cycles to the Sun's radiation output;
- Relate the intensity of sunspot activity to global temperatures
- Recognize that changes in solar activity cannot completely explain the persistent change in global temperature increases.

MATERIALS:

- 🖊 🛛 Graph paper
- 🖊 Student Sheets

PROCEDURE:

- 1. Galileo studied sunspots, sketching pictures of the changing pattern of spots on the Sun over time. Lead a class discussion about sunspots.
- 2.Following the discussion, give each student a copy of the "Plotting the Spots" student handout.
- 3.Review the definitions for *solar minimum* and *solar maximum*. Have them study the sunspot cycles from 1700 to 2015 on the graph found on the student handout. Ask students to look for patterns in the data.
- Students should graph the data from DATA TABLES 1-2 in a line graph format.
 - ✓ Label the X-axis "Time in Years."
 - ✓ Label the Y-axis "Sunspot Numbers."
 - $\checkmark\,$ Connect the data points with a continuous solid line.
 - ✓ Observe the resulting pattern in your graph and record your ideas in the space provided.
- 5. Students should then label the graph with an M for each solar maximum and an m for each solar minimum.

Teacher Sheet 2

- 6. Have students estimate the year when each cycle started and when it ended, calculate the length of each cycle, and calculate the
 - \checkmark average length for the nine cycles shown on the graph.
 - ✓ Discuss their results. The average should be approximately 11 years.
 - ✓ When students' graphs are complete, discuss their results using the questions on the student handout.
 - 7. Show the class a graph of the average global temperature along with the concentration of CO_2 in the atmosphere since the start of the Industrial Revolution. Ask students to work in pairs and develop a statement defending their hypothesis as to what is the driving factor behind the increase in temperature- sunspot activity or CO_2 levels.
 - 8. Student should then complete the **ANALYSIS** questions for each part of the activity.

EXTENSION:

1. Have students research solar sunspot maximum 24 and determine whether the year it caused any significant disruptions in communications on Earth. Were any abnormal auroras reported? Were any satellites, Earth-bound communications, or power systems influenced by the solar maximum.

- 2. Have students create a line graph of solar sunspot maximum 24 and predict what conditions in the climate system may be like in the next 10-20 years.
- 3. Show the NOVA video "Galileo's Battle for the Heavens."