Radiance Calibrated Night Lights Products that Reveal Urban Cores and Gas Flares

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The Observations

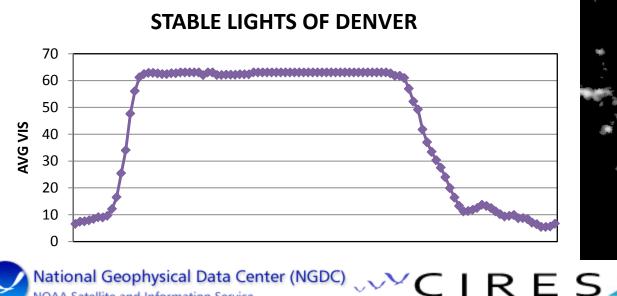
- The Defense Meteorological Satellite Program (DMSP) has flown a long series of satellites.
- These satellites have an instrument called the Operational Linescan System (OLS), which was designed to detect moonlit clouds.
- Anthropogenic lighting is also detectable.
- Digital OLS data have been archived at the National Geophysical Data Center (NGDC) from 1992.

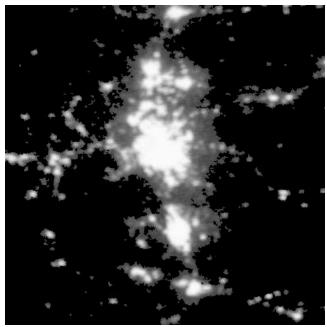




Saturation

 Observations of bright targets such as cities tend to saturate, so resolving spatial details and estimating the actual radiance of cities is impossible.



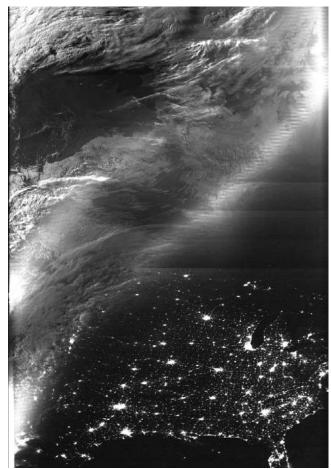




National Geophysical Data Center (NGDC) NOAA Satellite and Information Service

Variable Gain

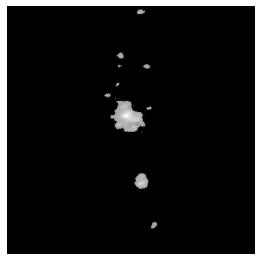
- Gain is adjusted continuously both along the satellite track and along the scan line.
- The goal was to create a large area image of uniform brightness.
- Gains are not recorded in the data stream.

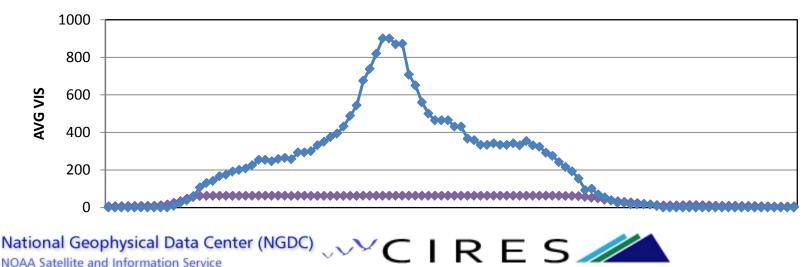




Fixed Gain Observations

- Upon request the USAF will allow us to specify the gain of the OLS instrument.
- A series of days with gains "fixed" at 15, 35, and 55 are acquired.
 - Non-saturated
 - Low coverage (high noise and anomalous events get large statistical weight)
 - Low gain reduces sensitivity





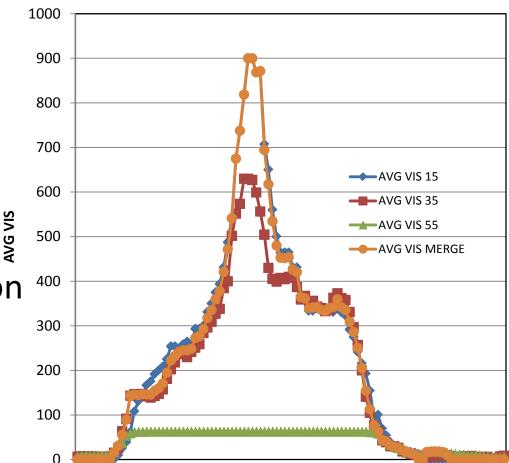
DENVER STABLE LIGHTS AND FIXED GAIN 15

Merging Fixed Gain Data

FIXED GAIN	MULTIPLIER
15	100
35	10
55	1

- Weighted Mean
 - Number of observations
 - Proximity to saturation
- Smooth data may include saturated pixels

DENVER FIXED GAIN MERGED

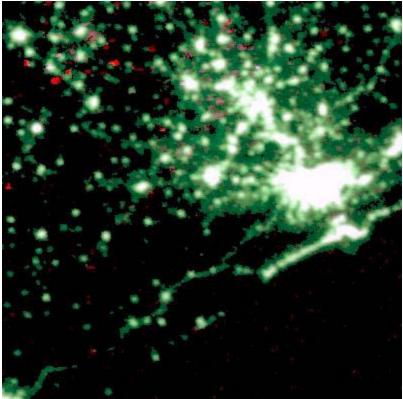


National Geophysical Data Center (NGDC) CIRES

Blending with Operational Data

- Fixed Gain products tend to have three flaws:
 - Insufficient coverage in some places
 - Anomalous events, such as fires, are included
 - Noise
- Blending with Operational data improves each of these issues.

Rio de Janiero, Brazil F16 2006

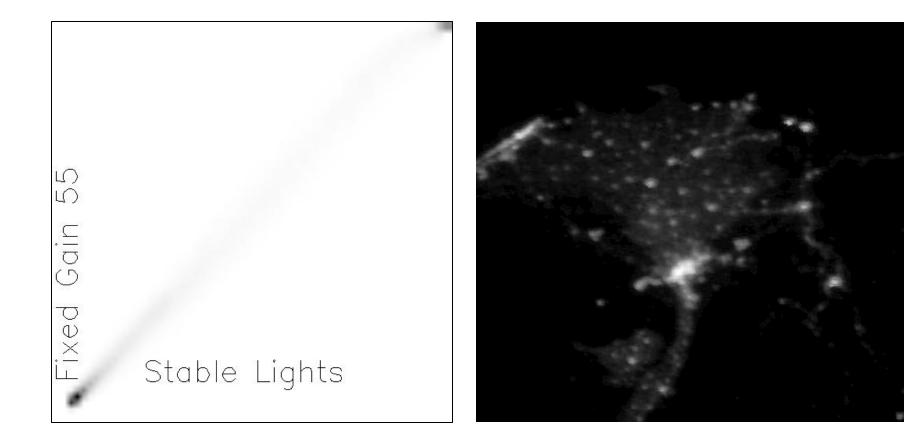


RED – FG MERGED GREEN – OPERATIONAL BLUE - BLENDED

I R E S 🥖

National Geophysical Data Center (NGDC) NOAA Satellite and Information Service

Match to the Nile Delta

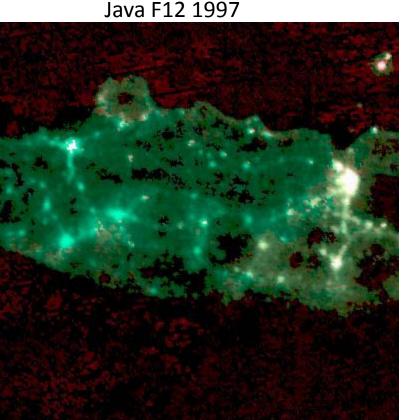


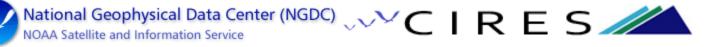


Benefits of Blending

- Red water? Noise, boats, low coverage...
- Blue-Green land low coverage due to clouds.
 Ops data fills in.
- Fires present

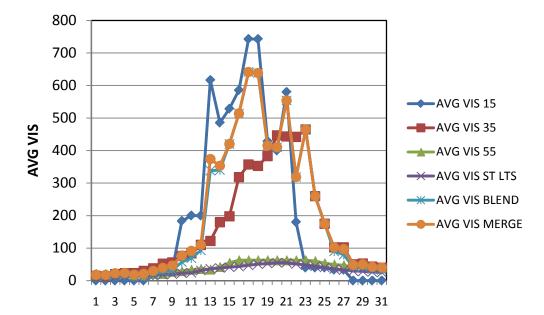
RED – FG MERGED GREEN – OPERATIONAL BLUE - BLENDED



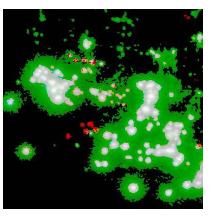




Gas Flares



RED – FG MERGED GREEN – OPERATIONAL BLUE - BLENDED



National Geophysical Data Center (NGDC) VCIRES

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Products

SATELLITE	YEAR	STATUS
F12	1997	BETA
F12	1999	BETA
F12	2000	ALPHA
F14	2002	ALPHA
F14	2004	ALPHA
F16	2006	BETA

Next Steps

- •Complete all years for which we have observations
- •Intercalibrate to make a uniform time series
- •Request more fixed gain data from satellite F16 (superseded by F18)
- •Perform research utilizing the new information from unsaturated urban cores and gas flares.