Decadal trends in observed analytical uncertainties for a long series of IMPROVE elemental data

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Measurement methods evolve:

PIXE, vac Mo XRF, air Cu XRF, He Cu XRF, vac



http://vista.cira.colostate.edu/improve/Data/QA_QC/Advisory.htm



The IMPROVE network has always used the same size selective inlets and Teflon filters to collect 24h PM_{2.5} samples for elemental analyses. All original sample filters collected since 1995 are **archived** at UC Davis.

Because the past analytical methods were all non-destructive, the archived filters can be reanalyzed with the current analytical protocol. For any one site, the historical series can be processed in a single analytical batch to generate a homogeneous data set.



Sites selected for reanalysis:

Great Smoky Mtns (completed) Mount Rainier Point Reyes

Frequency of robust detection in Great Smoky Mountains samples with both analyses valid.

samples	434	324	513	samples	1271
era	6/95 -	12/01 -	1/05 -	0.40	6/95 -
	11/01	12/04	11/09	era	11/09
mathad	PIXE	Cu XRF	Cu XRF	mathad	Mo XRF
methou	in vacuo	in He	in vacuo		in air
both analyses > 3 × mdl					
Na	31%	6%	27%	Ni	12%
Mg	0%	0%	2%	Cu	92%
Al	35%	26%	67%	Zn	100%
Si	97%	86%	95%	As	13%
Р	0%	0%	0%	Se	98%
S	100%	100%	100%	Br	100%
Cl	0%	0%	0%	Rb	10%
К	100%	100%	100%	Sr	26%
Ca	95%	99%	100%	Zr	0%
Ti	60%	96%	99%	Pb	99%
V	3%	<mark>68%</mark>	82%		
Cr	2%	23%	42%		
Mn	8%	93%	99%	coding:	
Fe	100%	100%	100%	< 10%	< 80%

Culled detection rates at Great Smoky Mountains: yellow highlighting retained in subsequent slides

samples	434	324	513		samples	1271
era	6/95 -	12/01 -	1/05 -		6/95 -	
	11/01	12/04	11/09		era	11/09
	PIXE	Cu XRF	Cu XRF		mathad	Mo XRF
methou	in vacuo	in He	in vacuo		methou	in air
both ana	lyses > 3 >	< mdl				
Na	31%	6%	27%		Ni	12%
Al	35%	26%	67%		Cu	92%
Si	97%	86%	95%		Zn	100%
S	100%	100%	100%		As	13%
К	100%	100%	100%		Se	98%
Ca	95%	99%	100%		Br	100%
Ti	60%	96%	99%		Rb	10%
V	3%	68%	82%		Sr	26%
Cr	2%	23%	42%		Pb	99%
Mn	8%	93%	99%			
Fe	100%	100%	100%		coding:	< 80%

Correlation: $r([c]_{orig}, [c]_{rean})$

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				-		
samples	434	324	513		samples	1271
0.10	6/95 -	12/01 -	1/05 -		0.00	6/95 -
era	11/01	12/04	.2/04 11/09		era	11/09
	PIXE	Cu XRF	Cu XRF		mathad	Mo XRF
method	in vacuo	in He	in vacuo		method	in air
correlatio	on betwee					
Na	0.31	0.07	0.32		Ni	0.97
Al	0.83	0.37	0.87		Cu	0.90
Si	0.94	0.93	0.92		Zn	0.99
S	1.00	0.98	1.00		As	0.76
К	0.98	0.98	1.00		Se	0.97
Ca	0.98	0.98	1.00		Br	0.94
Ti	0.62	0.99	0.98		Rb	0.39
V	0.12	0.87	0.94		Sr	0.86
Cr	0.68	0.55	0.88		Pb	0.89
Mn	0.24	0.93	0.99			
Fe	1.00	0.99	1.00		coding:	> 0.9

All Great Smoky Mountains samples with both analyses valid; non-detects are evaluated as ½MDL.

Long-term precision: $\frac{var([c]_{orig} - [c]_{rean})^{1/2}}{(c_{l})^{1/2}}$

$mean([c]_{rean})$



All Great Smoky Mountains samples with both analyses valid; non-detects are evaluated as ½MDL.

$mean([c]_{orig}-[c]_{rean})$

Relative bias:

 $mean([c]_{reanal})$

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samples	434	324	513	samples	1271	
ora	6/95 -	12/01 -	1/05 -	012	6/95 -	
era	11/01	12/04	11/09	era	11/09	
mathad	PIXE	Cu XRF	Cu XRF	mothod	Mo XRF	
methou	in vacuo	in He	in vacuo	methou	in air	
relative b	pias					
Na	-43%	29%	-50%	Ni	-14%	
Al	-42%	-45%	-32%	Cu	-3%	reanalyzed. 0.9 %/year
Si	-32%	-13%	-21%	Zn	-5%	
S	-1%	-2%	2%	As	10%	
K	5%	0%	1%	Se	7%	
Ca	7%	-7%	-1%	Br	38%	
Ti	212%	-1%	2%	Rb	4%	
V	287%	9%	-8%	Sr	-9%	
Cr	716%	-31%	-25%	Pb	-6%	3
Mn	65%	-9%	-4%			L Jan-95 Jan-00 Jan-05 Jan-10 Jan-95 Jan-00 Jan-05 Jan-10
Fe	0%	-5%	1%	coding:	< 10%	

All Great Smoky Mountains samples with both analyses valid; non-detects are evaluated as ½MDL.













VAL > 3MDL in both analyses



Advice for the analyst:

1. Don't play near the mdl,



2. Focus on the best-determined species you can employ for



your purpose,

- Expect serial correlation in your errors even with consistent methods, and
- 4. Mind the transitions!

