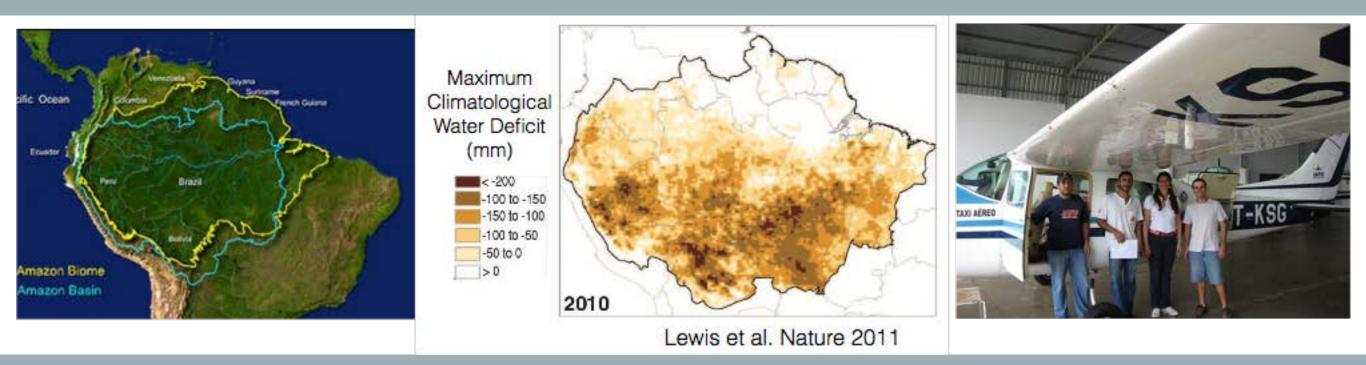
AMAZONIAN ATMOSPHERIC CO2 DATA SUGGEST MISSING MOISTURE SENSITIVITY IN CARBON-CLIMATE MODELS

Global Monitoring Annual Conference - May 2016 Caroline Alden, John Miller, Anna Harper, Anders Ahlström, Manuel Gloor, Luciana Gatti, Arlyn Andrews, Kirk Thoning, Noah Diffenbaugh, TRENDY modeling group



TOP-DOWN & BOTTOM-UP ESTIMATES OF AMAZON NET BIOME EXCHANGE (NBE)

- TRENDY models: 8 dynamic global vegetation models (DGVMs), S3 simulation driven by CRU-NCEP reanalysis
- Regional CO₂ inversion: 2010-2012 NBE, largely independent of prior flux estimates, Aircraft profiles in the Amazon = local CO₂ observations

Key questions:

Agreement in interannual / seasonal NBE?

Agreement in NBE sensitivity to moisture and temperature?

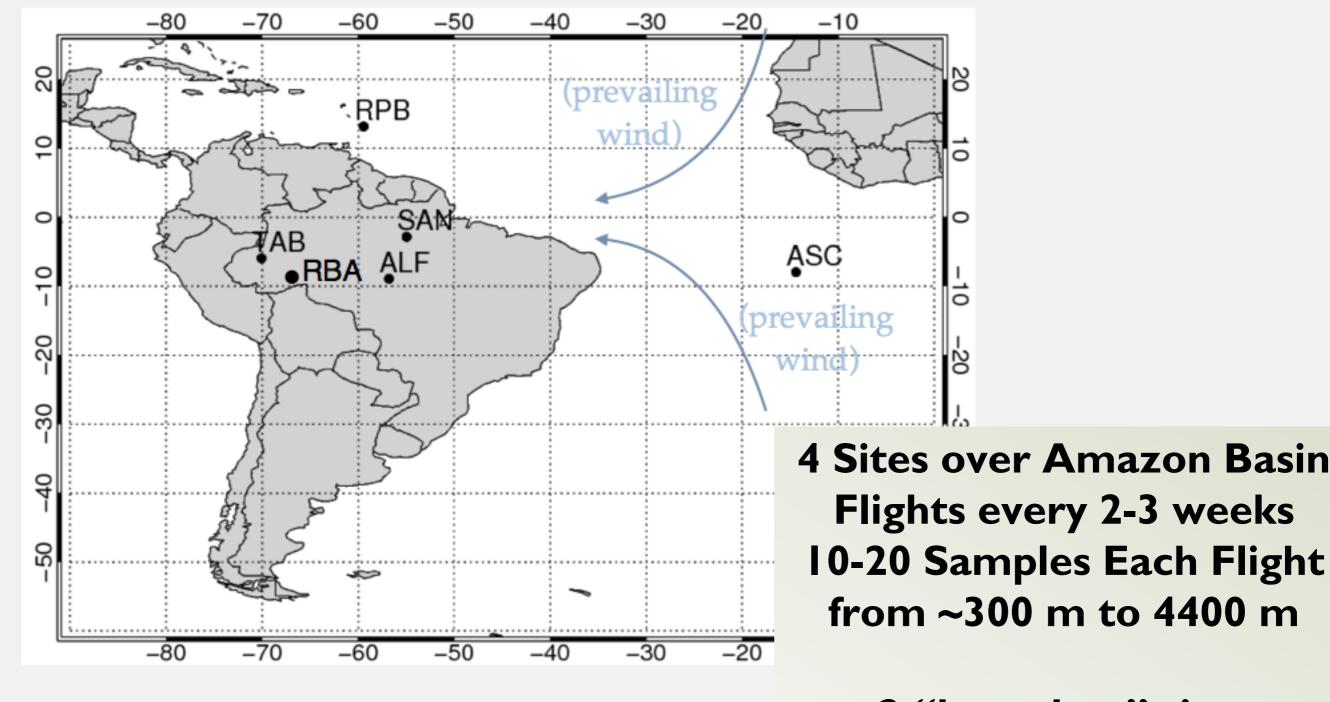
Global Change Biology

Global Change Biology (2016), doi: 10.1111/gcb.13305

Regional atmospheric CO₂ inversion reveals seasonal and geographic differences in Amazon net biome exchange

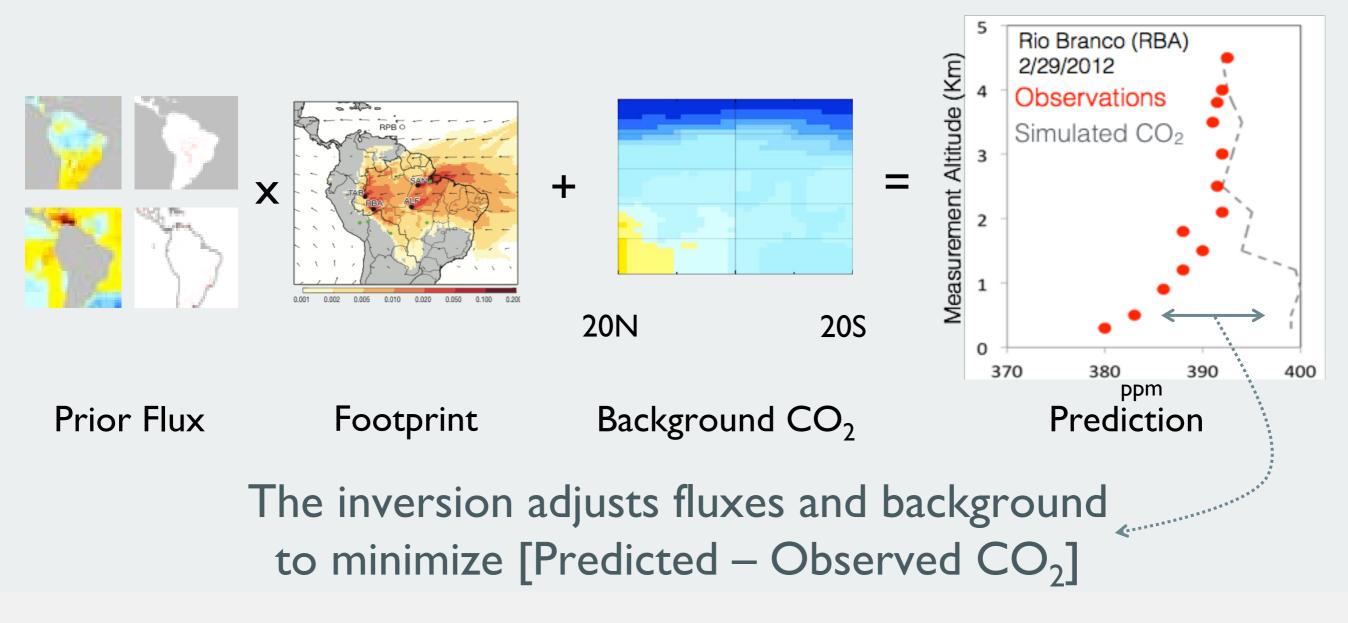
CAROLINE B. ALDEN^{1,2}, JOHN B. MILLER^{3,4}, LUCIANA V. GATTI⁵, MANUEL M. GLOOR⁶, KAIYU GUAN¹, ANNA M. MICHALAK⁷, INGRID T. van der LAAN-LUIJKX⁸, DANIELLE TOUMA¹, ARLYN ANDREWS³, LUANA S. BASSO⁵, CAIO S. C. CORREIA⁵, LUCAS G. DOMINGUES⁵, JOANNA JOINER⁹, MAARTEN C. KROL^{8,10,11}, ALEXEI I. LYAPUSTIN⁹, WOUTER PETERS^{8,12}, YOICHI P. SHIGA^{7,13}, KIRK THONING³, IVAR R. van der VELDE¹², THIJS T. van LEEUWEN^{10,11}, VINEET YADAV¹⁴ and NOAH S. DIFFENBAUGH^{1,2}

Regional Inverse Modeling



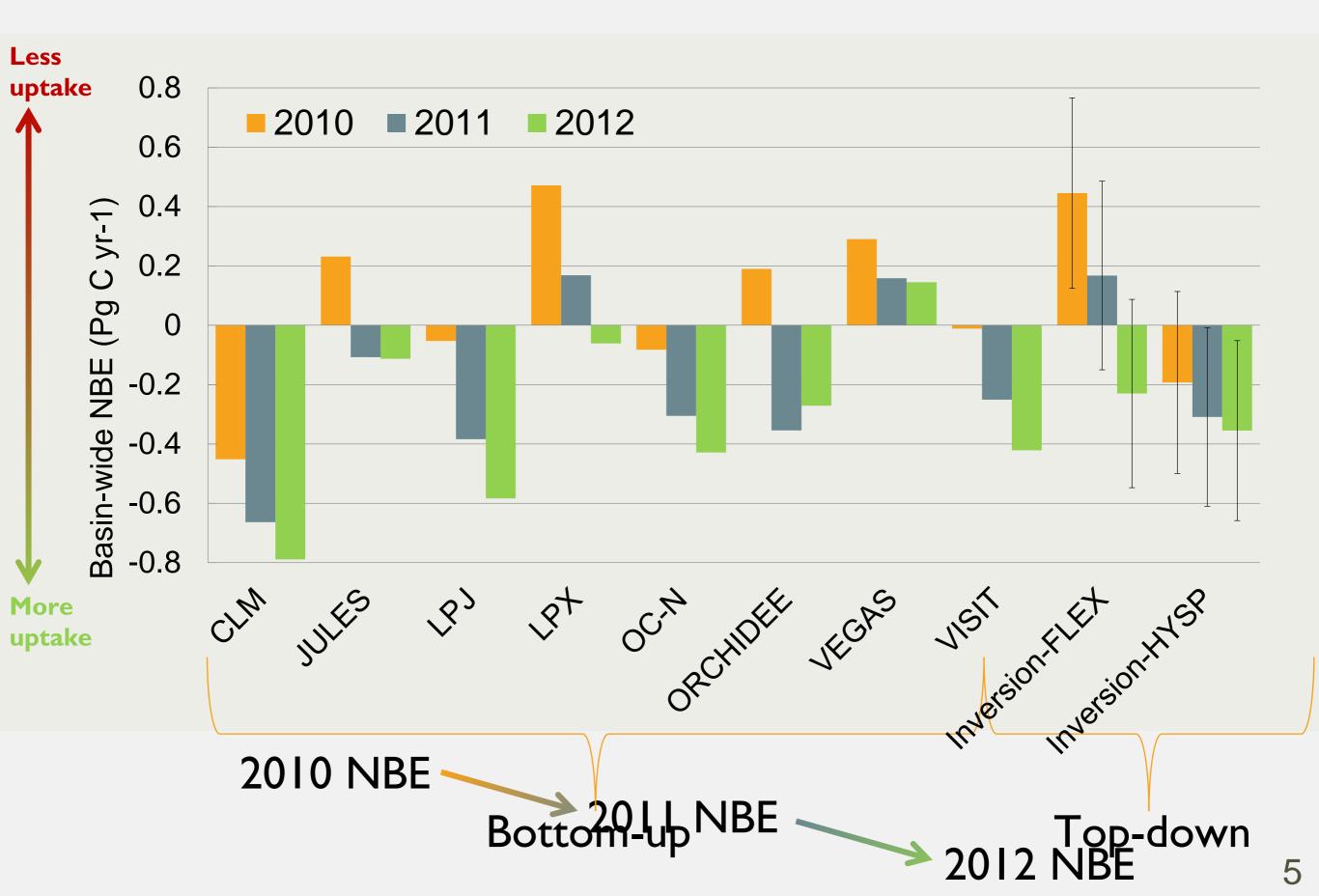
2 "boundary" sites Weekly Sampling

Regional Inverse Modeling

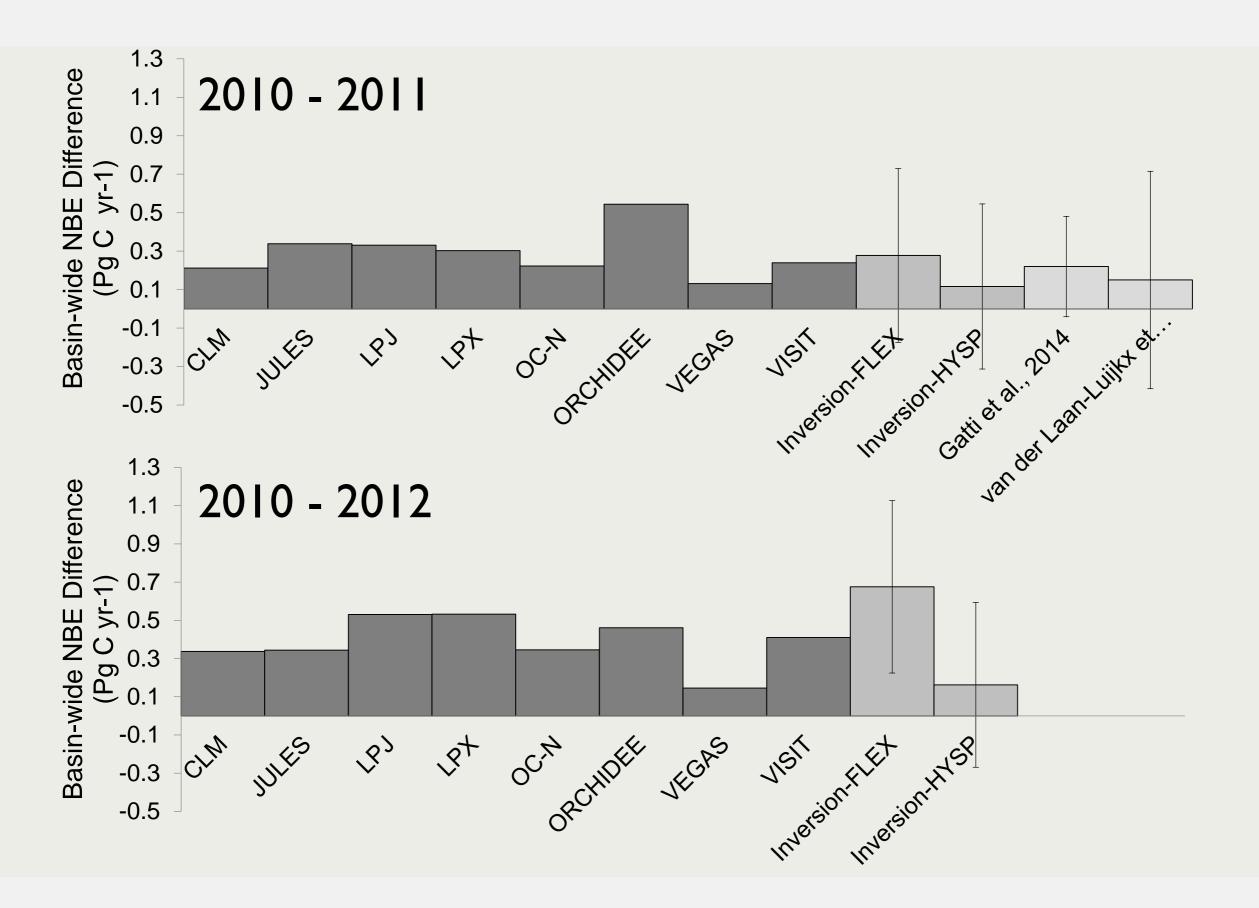


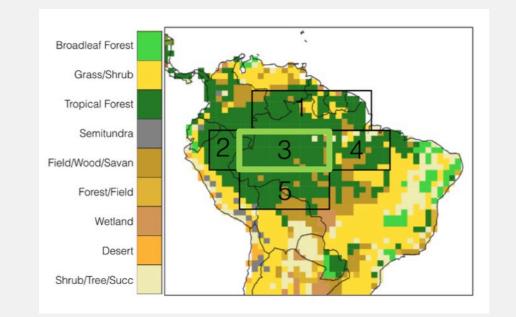
- Prior NBE estimate is neutral (no seasonal or interannual variability)
- Background optimized in inversion
- Transport: 2 Lagrangian particle dispersion models, FLEXPART with GFS 0.5° and HYSPLIT with GFS 0.5° meteorology

Annual Basin-wide NBE

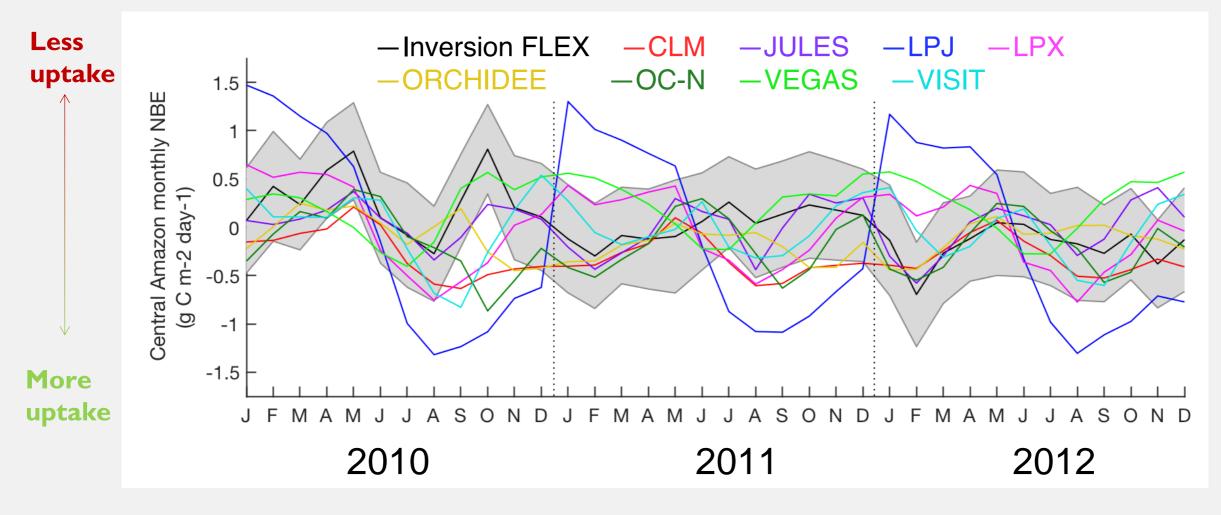


Year-to-year differences in Annual Basin-wide NBE

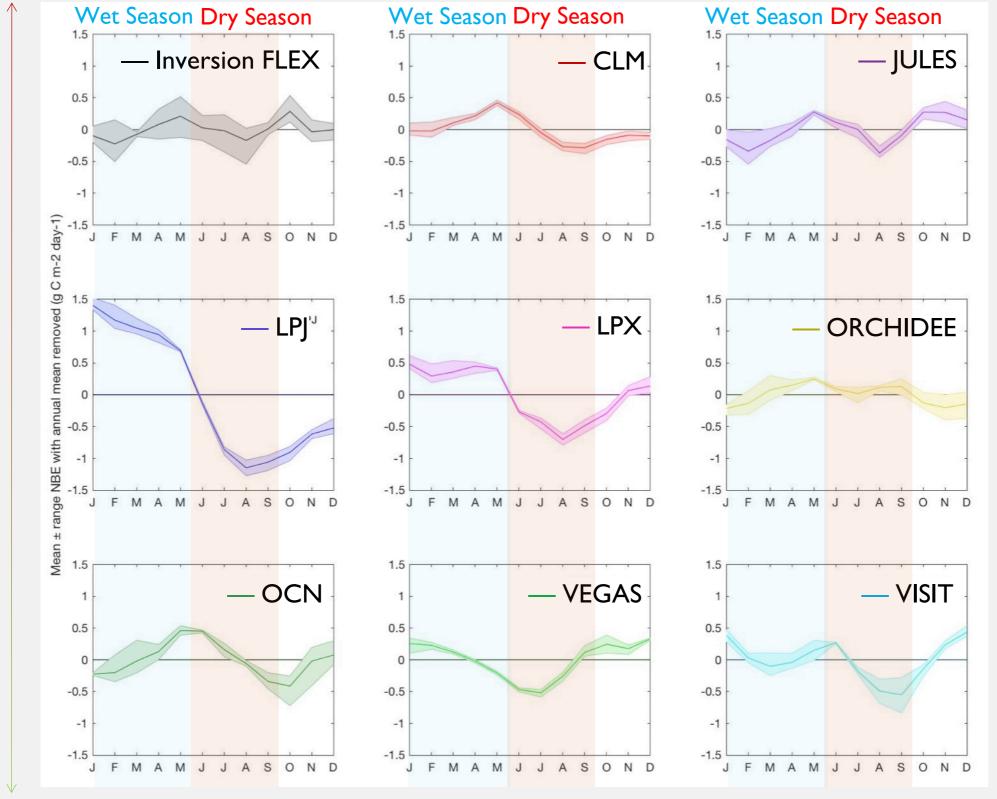




- Inversion NBE seasonality not consistent year to year
- Some models appear to have highly predictable seasonal cycles



Less uptake

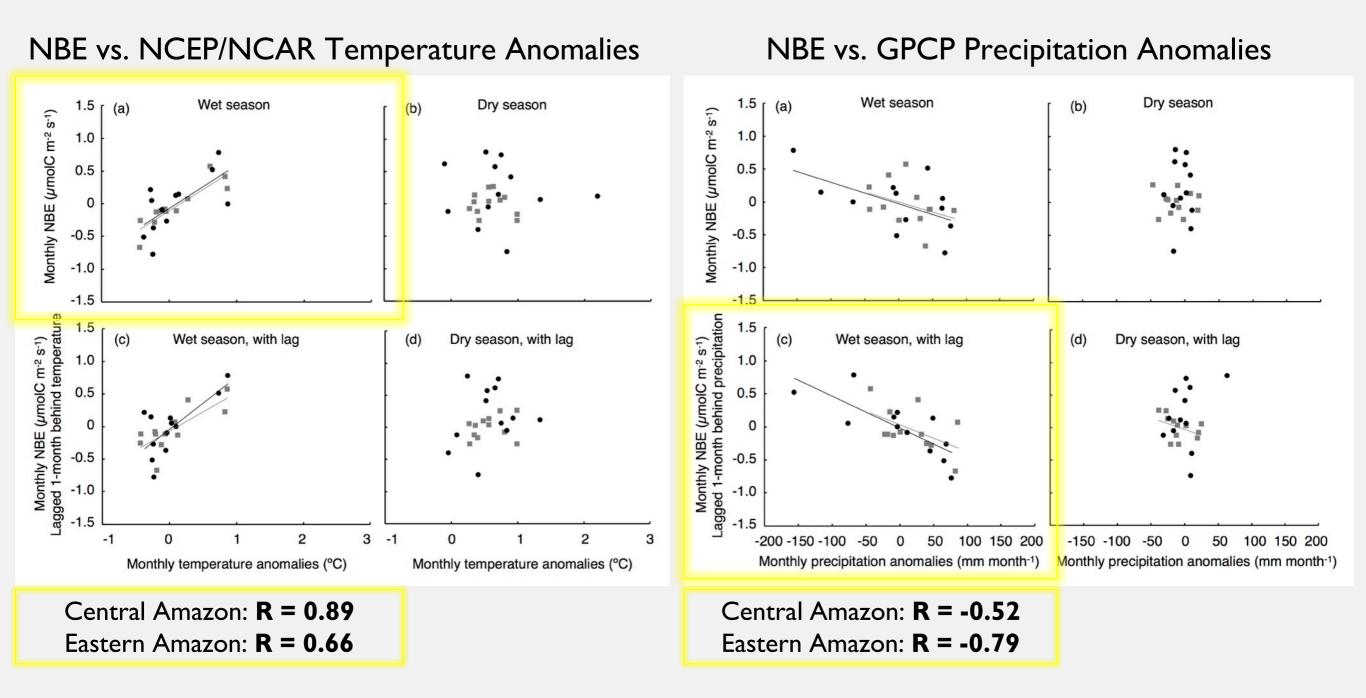


- Top-down: larger differences in monthly NBE values from year to year
- TRENDY: consistent seasonality from year to year
- Wet / Dry season uptake?

More uptake

De-trended mean ± range of 3-year record

NBE and Climate Anomalies in the wet and dry seasons

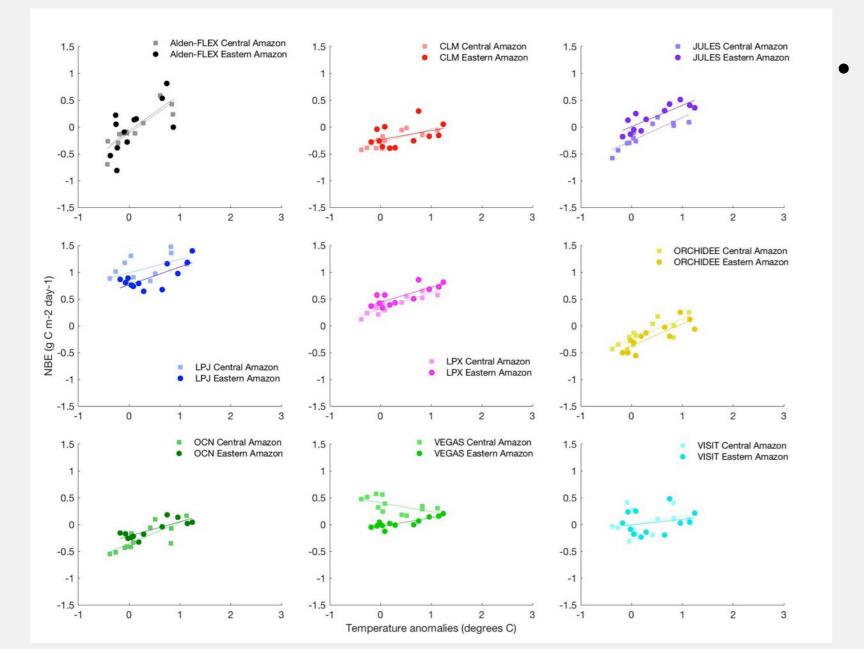


Alden, Miller, et al. Global Change Biology, 2016

Wet season Temperature Anomalies and NBE

NBE vs. Temperature Anomalies: correlation coefficient R (Bold if p<0.1)

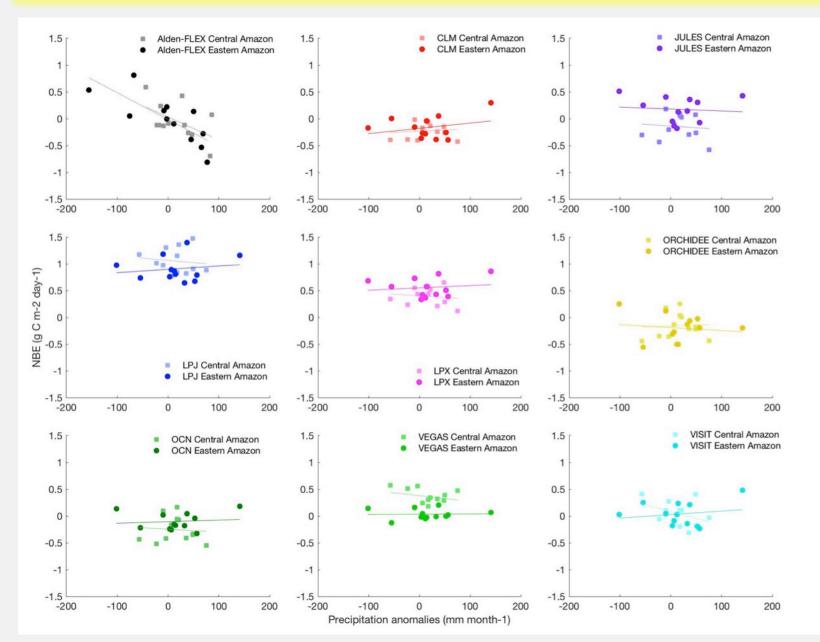
Temperature Anomalies	Inversion Flexpart	CLM	IULES	LPI	LPX	ORCH- IDEE	OCN	VEGAS
C.Amazon wet season lag=0	I	0.80	0.88	0.52	0.90	0.80	0.80	-0.56
E.Amazon wet season lag=0	0.66	0.40	0.84	0.72	0.80	0.83	0.81	0.85



Wet season temperature sensitivity well-represented by most models

Wet season Precipitation Anomalies and NBE

•	Inversion					ORCH-		
	Flexpart	CLM	JULES	LPJ	LPX	IDEE	OCN	VEGAS
C.Amazon wet season lag=0	-0.36	-0.5 I	-0.52	-0.02	-0.40	-0.57	-0.50	0.44
E.Amazon wet season lag=0	-0.57	-0.13	-0.44	-0.34	-0.38	-0.36	-0.36	-0.34
C.Amazon wet season lag=I	-0.52	0.11	-0.10	-0.13	-0.14	0.05	-0.08	-0.27
E.Amazon wet season lag=I	-0.79	0.28	-0.09	0.16	0.14	-0.13	0.10	0.03



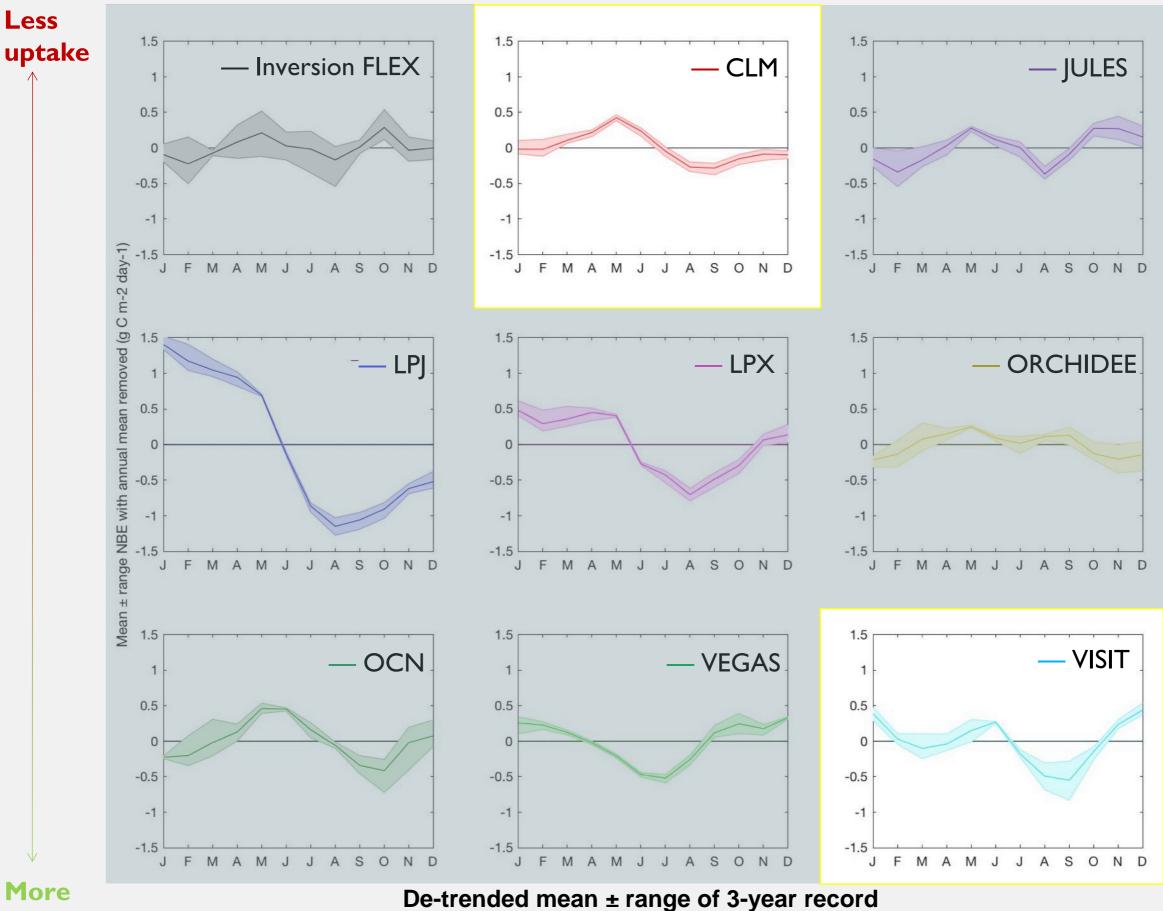
- Wet season I-month lag not represented by models
- Some models capture precipitation sensitivity without lag

Seasonality of Amazon NBE

- TRENDY models predict more "predictable" seasonal cycle than CO₂ inversion suggests
- TRENDY models agree with CO_2 observations on dry season uptake (but for different reasons GPP \uparrow Resp. \downarrow)

Amazon NBE and Climate Anomalies

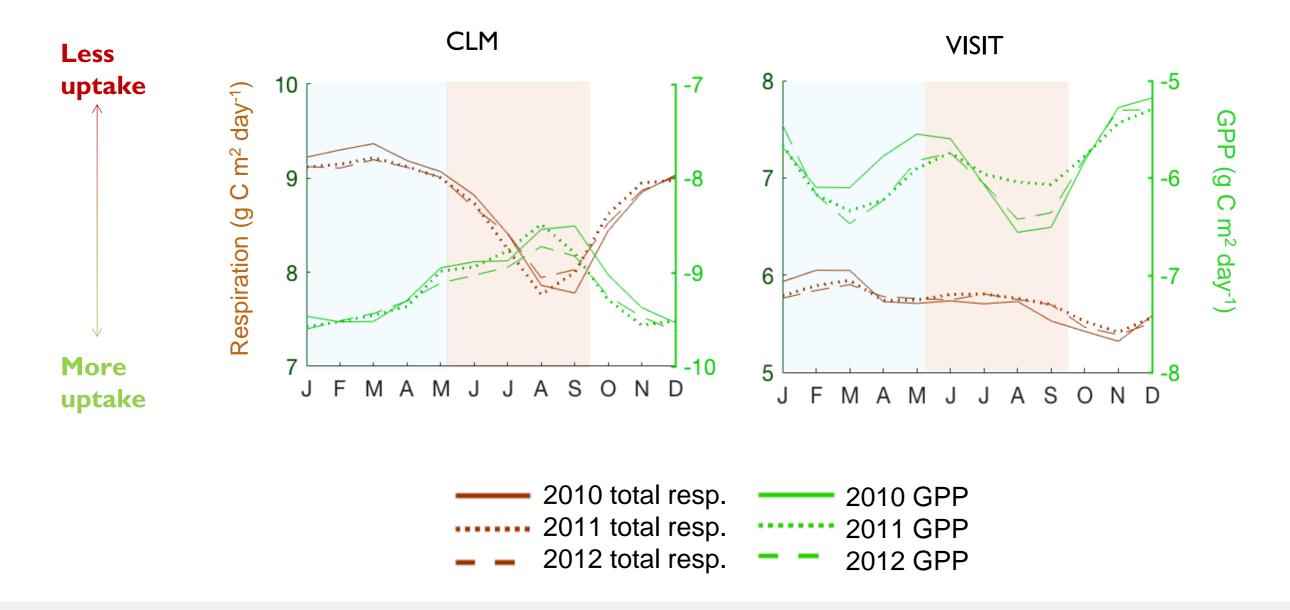
- Wet season NBE temperature sensitivity: TRENDY models capture signal seen by inversion
- Wet season NBE precipitation sensitivity: TRENDY models do not appear to represent observed relationship between precipitation anomalies and NBE in the following month

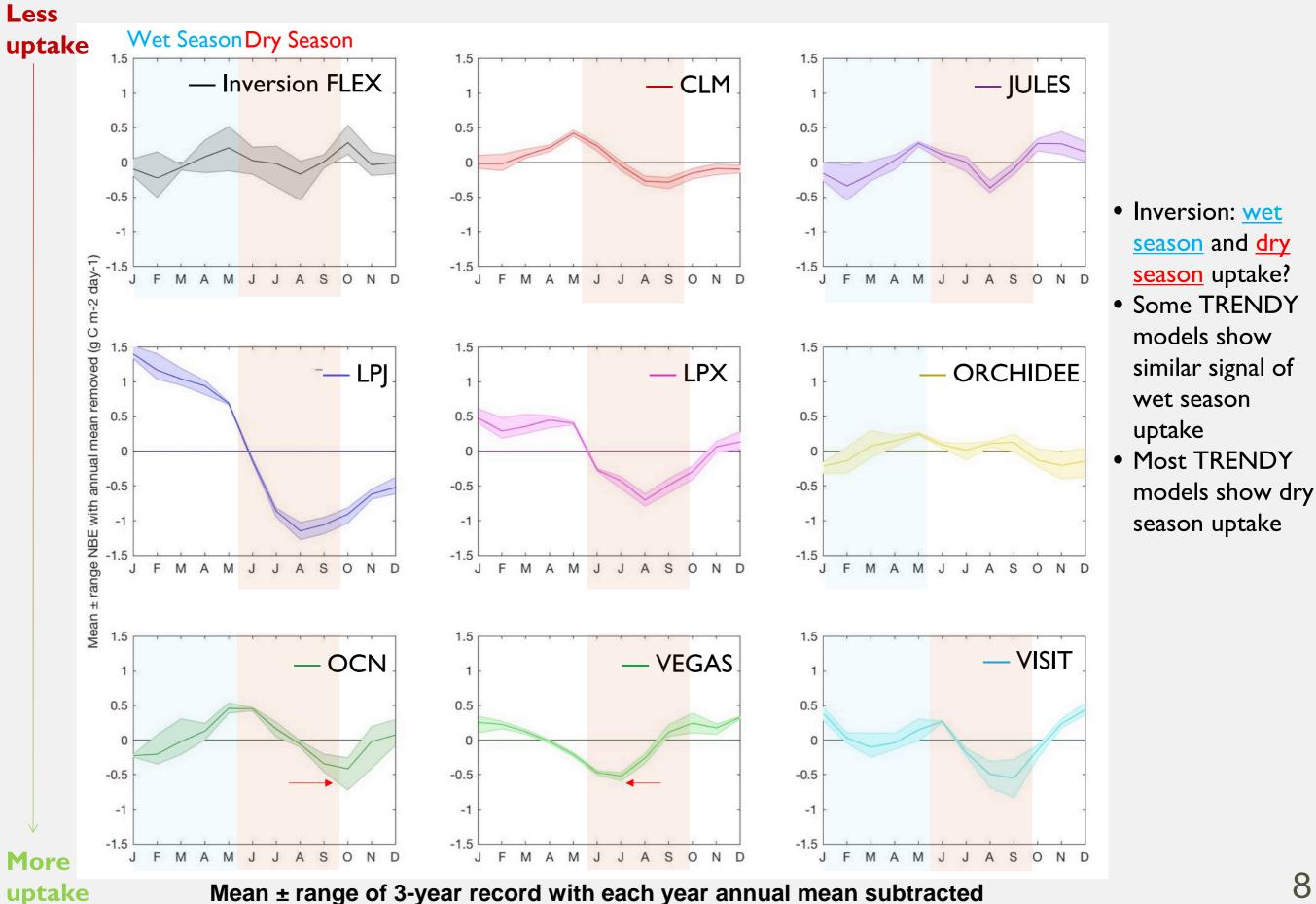


uptake

Both models: wet season net carbon uptake driven by GPP increase Dry season net uptake:

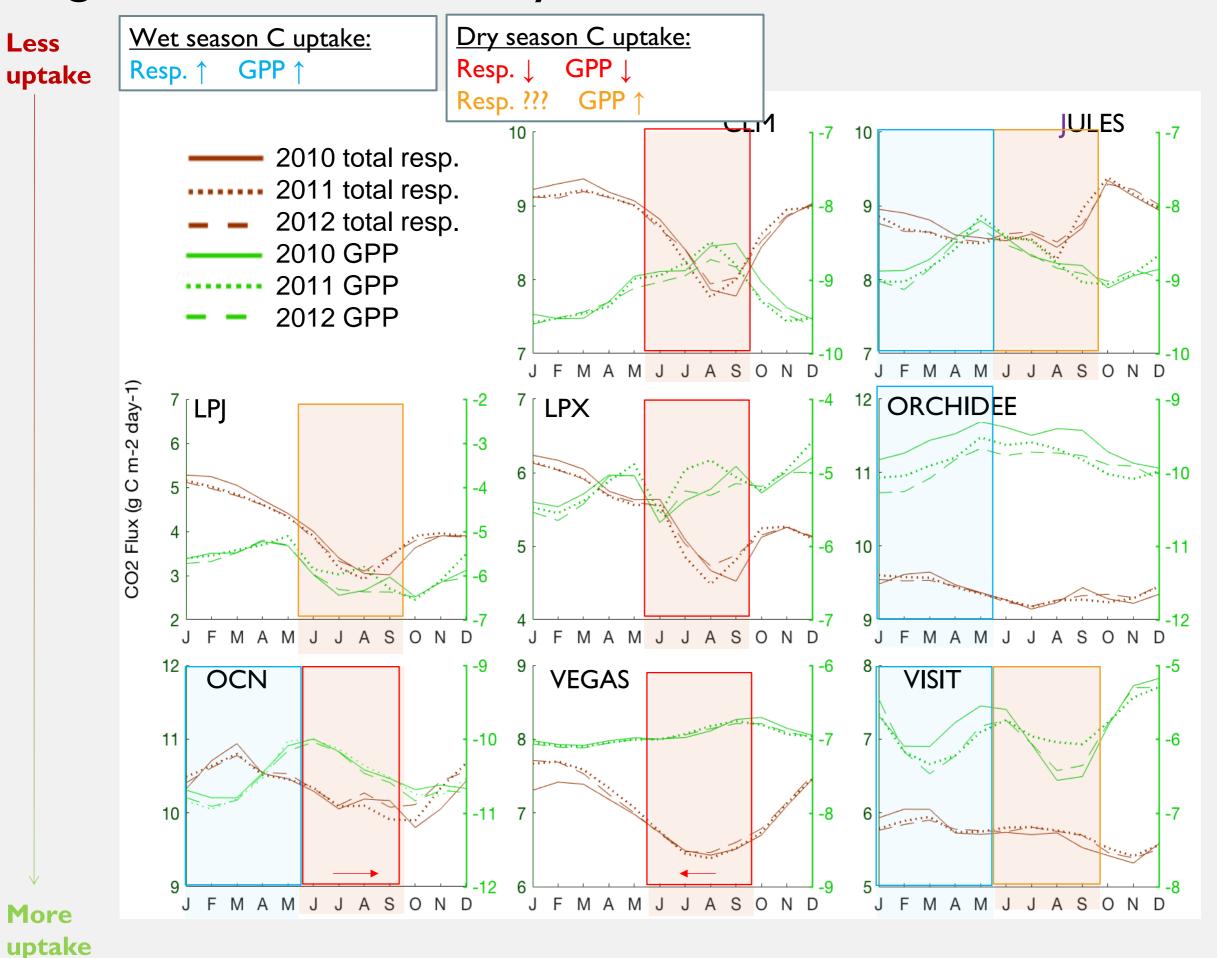
- CLM: Respiration decrease, GPP decrease
- VISIT: Respiration no change, GPP increase





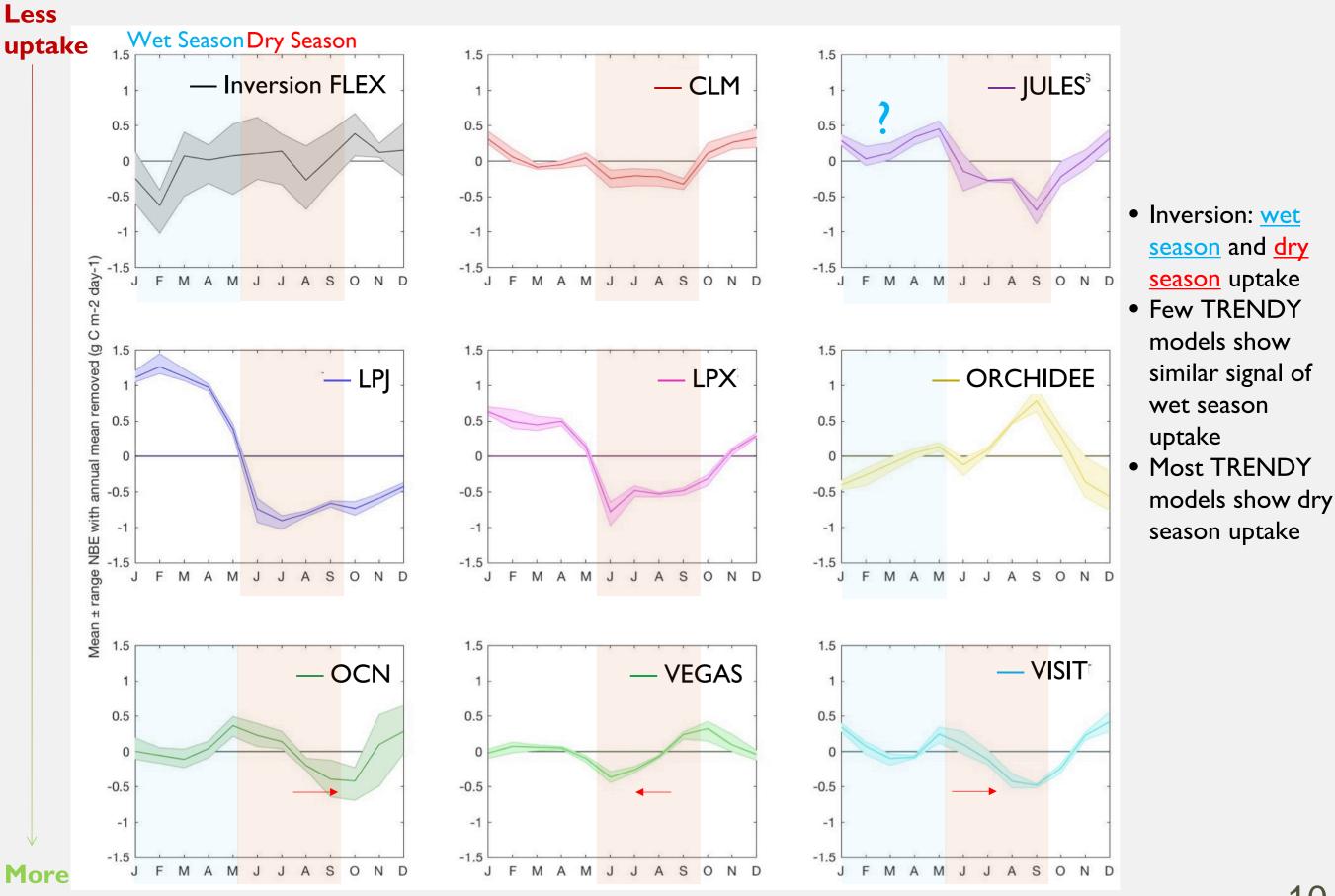
Mean ± range of 3-year record with each year annual mean subtracted

Regional NBE Seasonality: Central Amazon



9

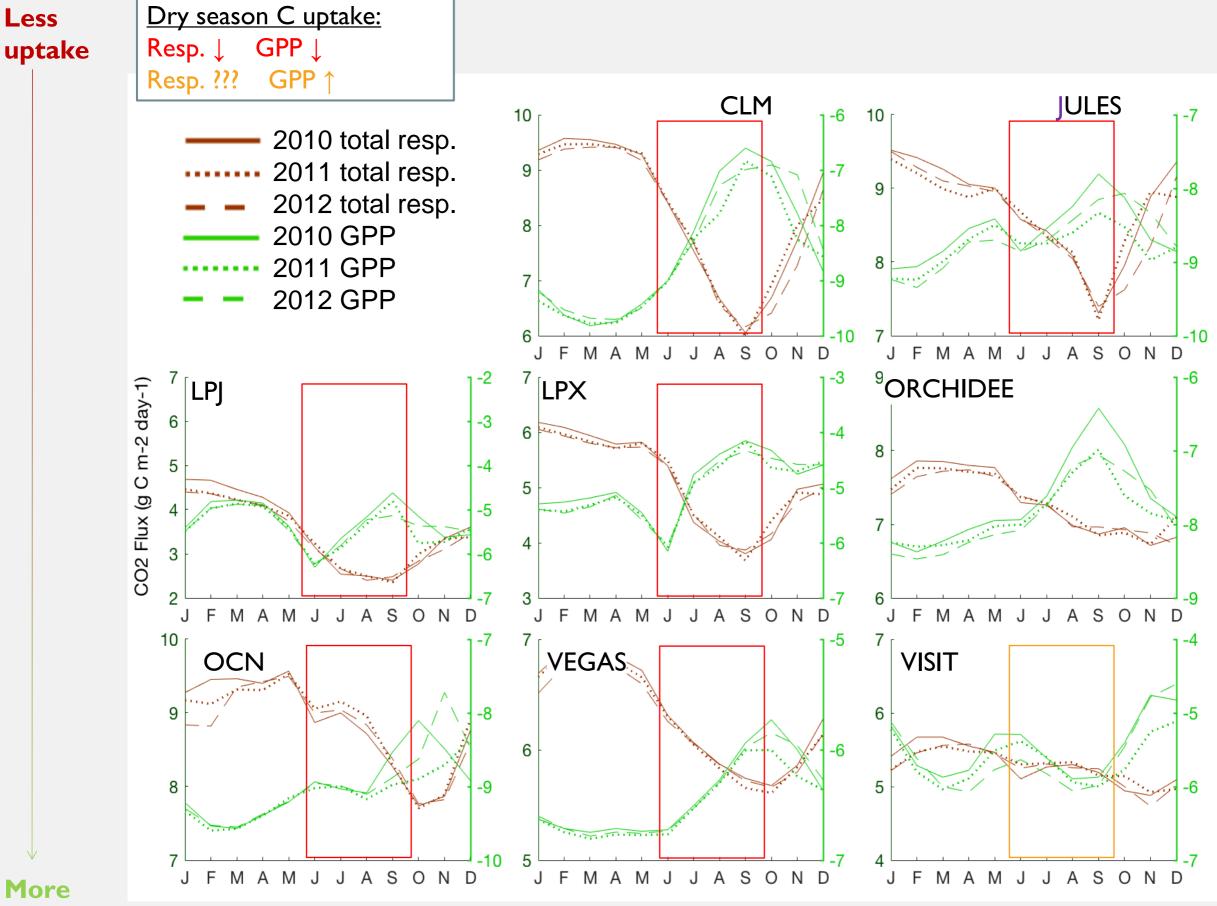
Regional NBE Seasonality: Eastern Amazon



uptake

Mean ± range of 3-year record with each year annual mean subtracted

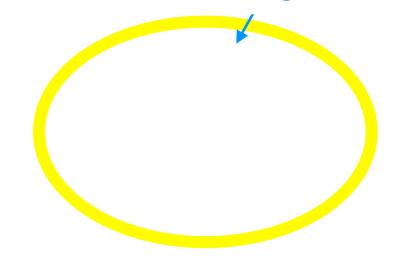
Regional NBE Seasonality: Eastern Amazon

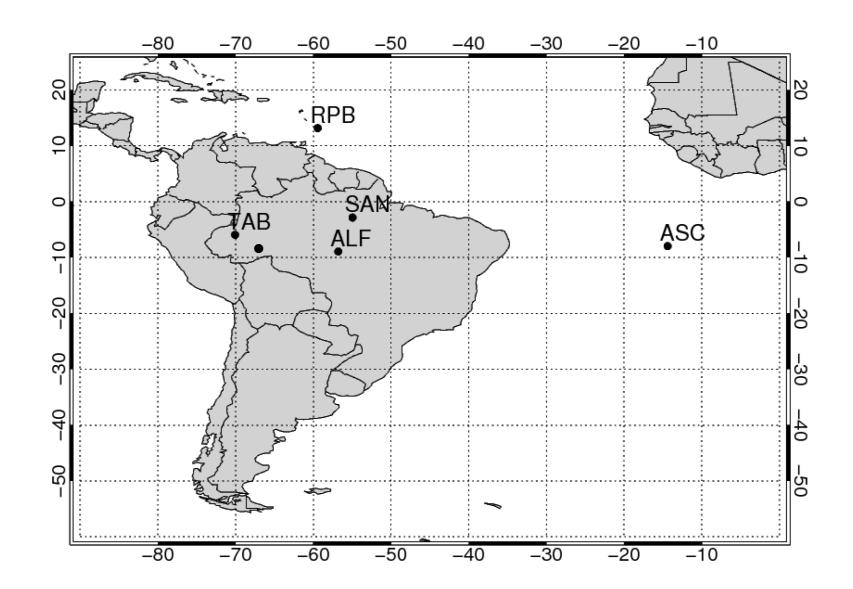


uptake

	Flexpart &					ORCH-		
Temperature Anomalies	NCEP/NCAR RI	CLM	JULES	LPJ	LPX	IDEE	OCN	VEGAS
C.Amazon wet season lag=0	0.89	0.80	0.88	0.52	0.90	0.80	0.80	-0.56
E.Amazon wet season lag=0	0.66	0.40	0.84	0.72	0.80	0.83	0.81	0.85
C.Amazon wet season lag=I	0.76	0.41	0.53	0.32	0.54	0.56	0.68	-0.15
E.Amazon wet season lag=1	0.72	0.19	0.64	0.46	0.54	0.53	0.47	0.55
C.Amazon dry season lag=0	-0.17	-0.49	-0.18	-0.32	-0.08	0.51	-0.47	0.81
E.Amazon dry season lag=0	0.02	0.29	0.10	0.32	0.85	0.60	0.01	0.51
C.Amazon dry season lag=1	0.25	-0.30	-0.16	-0.18	0.03	-0.21	-0.45	0.43
E.Amazon dry season lag=1	0.20	-0.02	-0.15	0.51	-0.31	0.11	-0.06	0.12

ackground





Uncertainty

Model-data Mismatch:

R (ppm²) = σ^2 msmts + σ^2 transport + σ^2 background sampling + σ^2 "other" fluxes + σ^2 representation

 σ^2 measurements = σ^2 msmts made at IPEN (0.01 ppm²) + σ^2 scale btwn IPEN & NOAA (0.01 ppm²) σ transport = std dev of differences between influence of land + fire fluxes simulated by flexpart & hysplit, at each site and for each altitude bin

o background sampling = std dev of differences btwn background curtain sampled with flexpart & hysplit σ^2 "other" (fire) fluxes = variance in biomass burning emissions (estimated from results of van der Laan-Luijkx et al. (2015) propagated into atmospheric mole fraction uncertainty through H*Q_{fire}*H^T.

 σ^2 "other" (fossil & ocean) fluxes and representation errors = increased σ by to include these sources

Diagonal Matrix (no spatial or temporal correlation between measurements)

Prior Flux Uncertainty:

Prior flux uncertainty varies in space (1°x1°), but not through time (seasonality not well known) σ^2 prior flux = (ann mean monthly heterotrophic respiration from GFEDv3.1)² + (std dev if differences btwn ann mean SiBCASA and CASA-GFED diurnal cycles)²

Spatial Correlation length: 300 km Temporal Correlation length: 5 days

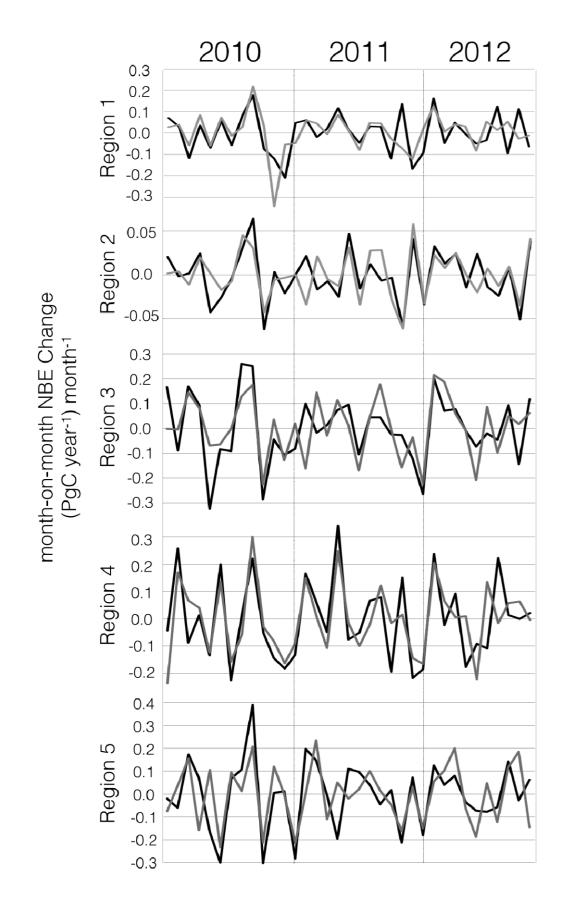
Background Uncertainty:

 σ^2 **Background** = (std dev of historical differences between observations at ASC, RPB or FTL, according to latitude and altitude)² + (std dev of differences between sampled CT2013_ei 4D field* and boundary curtain sampled at same latitude)²

*only added for mean particle trajectories that did not leave the domain

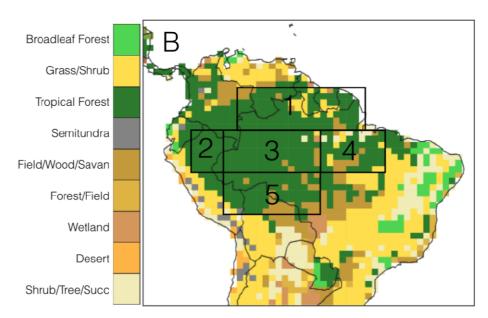
Spatial Correlation length: 1000 km Temporal Correlation length: 7 days

Month-on-month changes in net biome exchange also similar



- FLEXPART

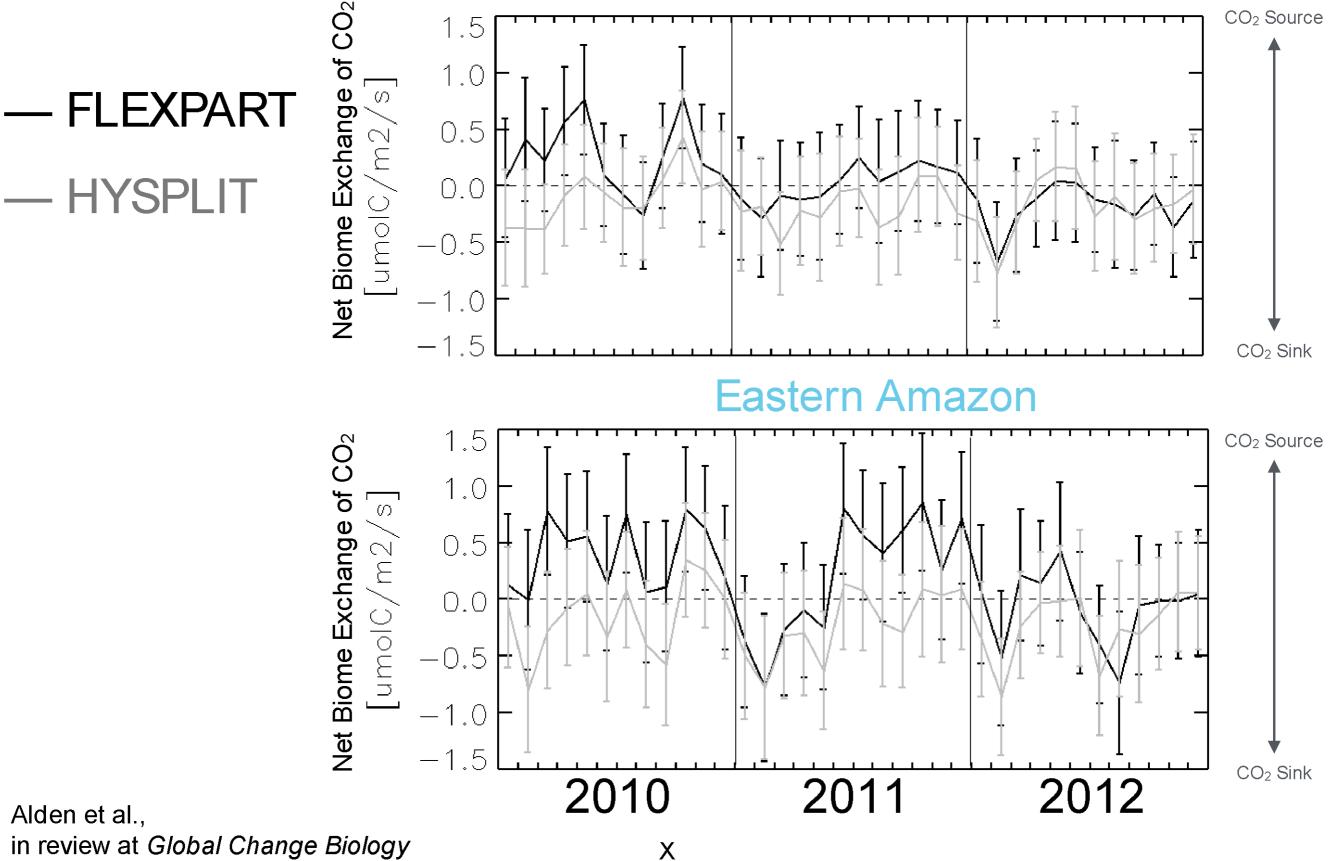
– HYSPLIT



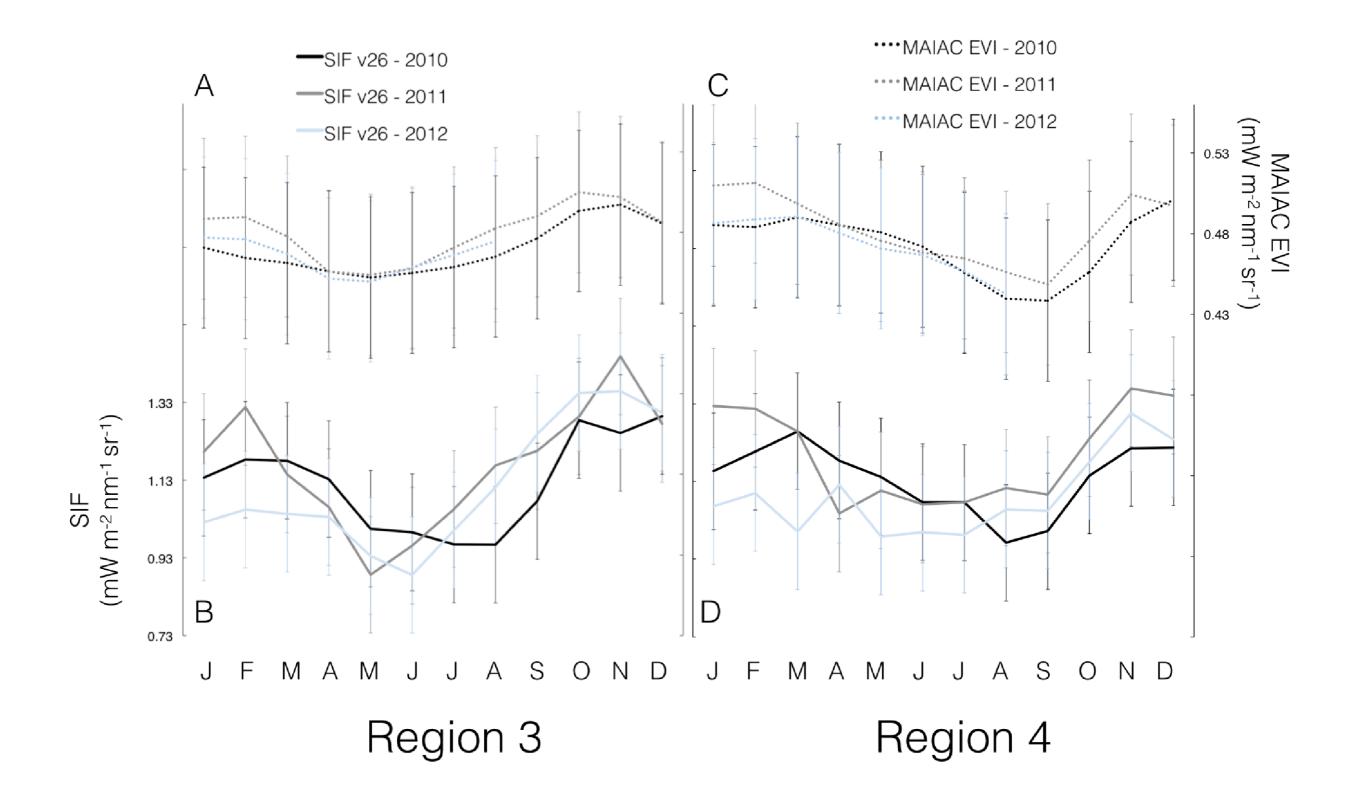
Alden et al., in review at *Global Change Biology*

Patterns of flux variability very similar; magnitude different

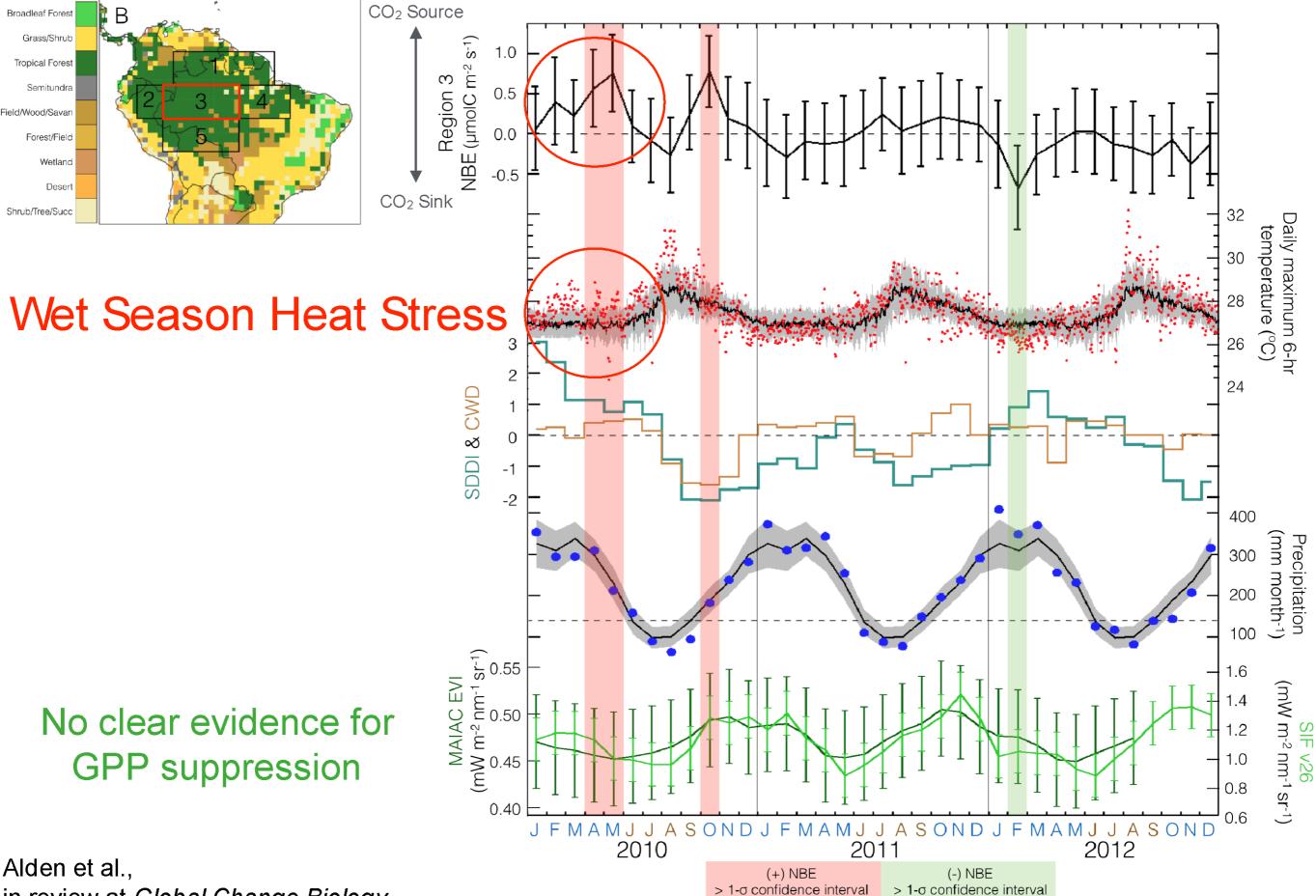




Satellite SIF & EVI



Central Amazon monthly Net Biome Exchange



in review at Global Change Biology

Eastern Amazon monthly Net Biome Exchange

