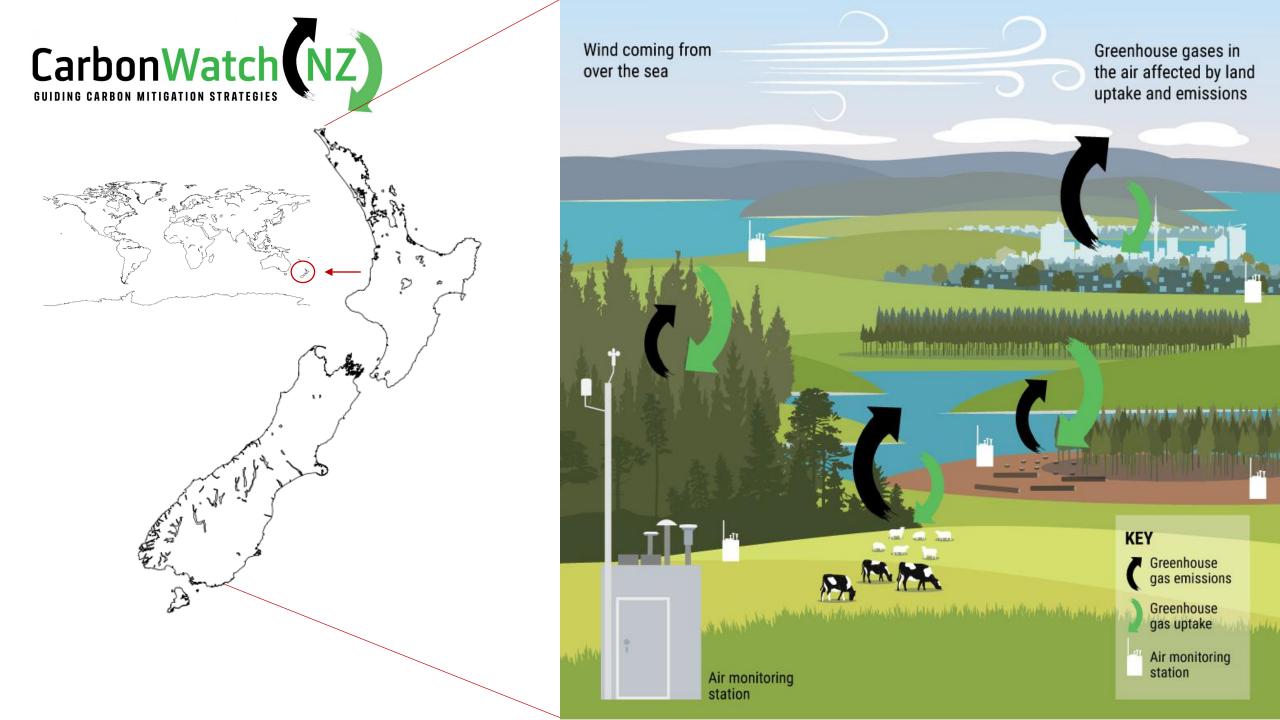
# GUIDING CARBON MITIGATION STRATEGIES

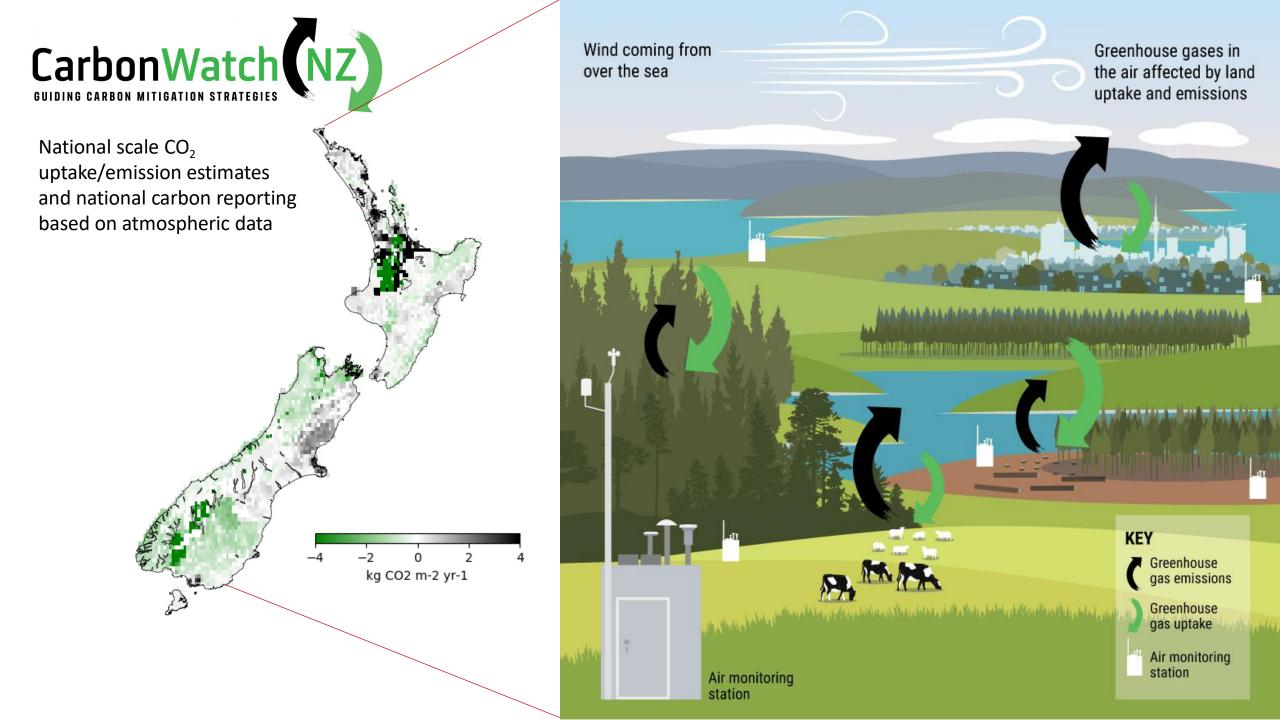
The UNIVERSITY OF NIVA State Of Contract Research Research Research Research Research Research Research Research Research

Regional to National Scale Inverse Modelling of New Zealand's Carbon Balance

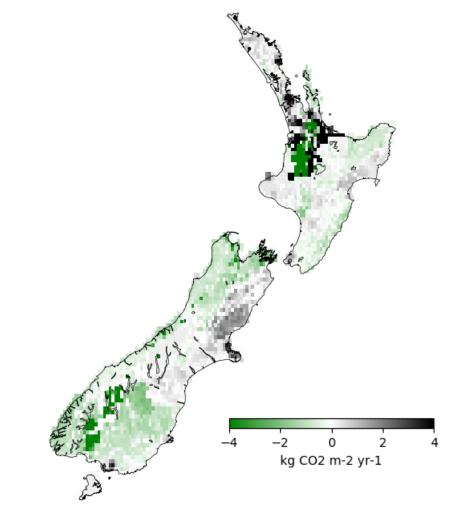
**Beata Bukosa**, Sara Mikaloff Fletcher, Gordon Brailsford, Colin Nankivell, Dan Smale, Elizabeth Keller, Jocelyn Turnbull, Kay Steinkamp, Mike Harvey, Peter Sperlich, Rowena Moss, Sally Gray, Stuart Moore, Sylvia Nichol, and Zoe Buxton



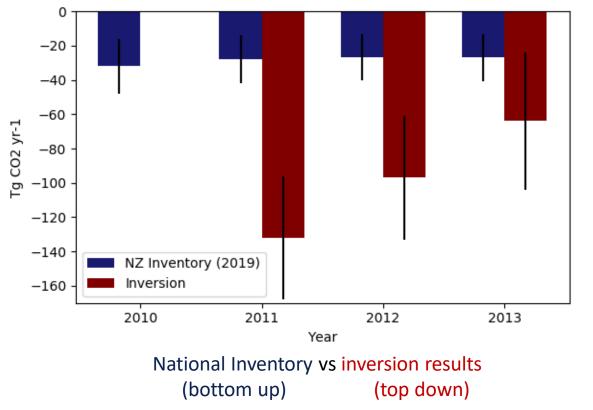






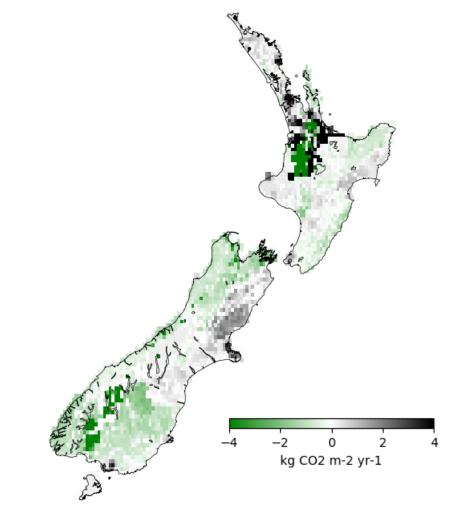


#### Annual mean CO<sub>2</sub> fluxes, Steinkamp et al. (2017)

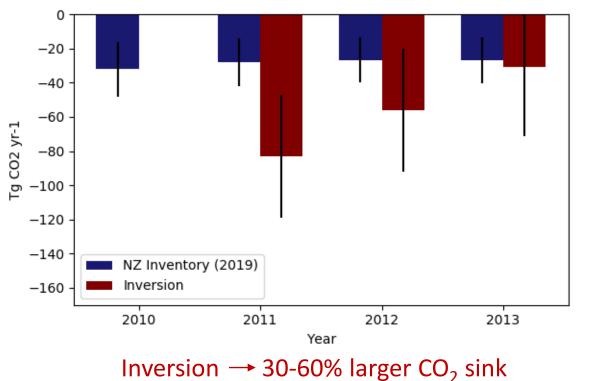




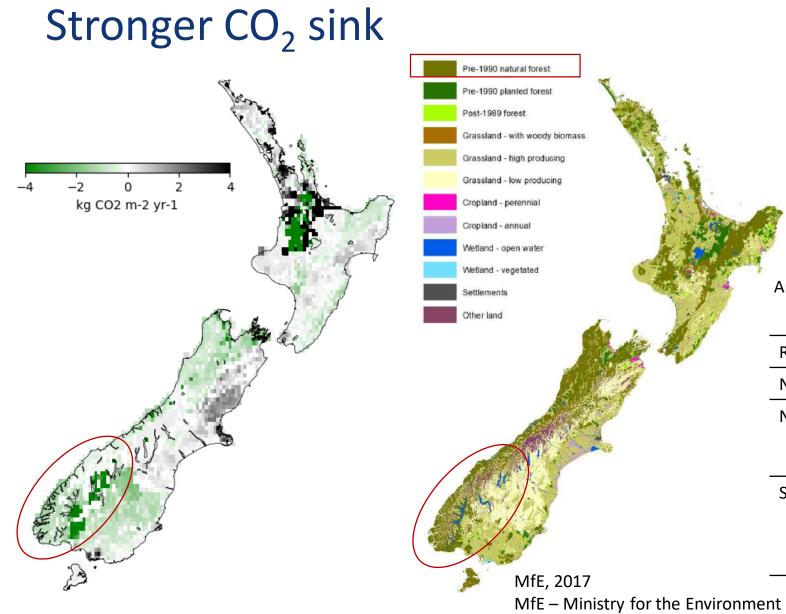




Annual mean CO<sub>2</sub> fluxes, Steinkamp et al. (2017)







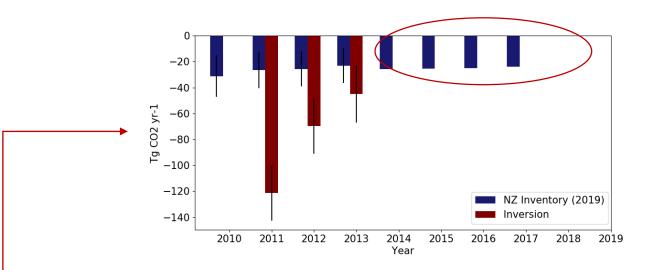
Annual mean  $CO_2$  flux with uncertainty (1 $\sigma$ ) for NZ regions Steinkamp et al. (2017)

Region	2011	2012	2013
NZ Total	-132(36)	-97(36)	-64(40)
North Island	18(28)	-40(28)	-1(30)
North	5(25)	-10(25)	7(25)
South	13(17)	-30(17)	-8(19)
South Island	-149(22)	-56(23)	-63(28)
East	-37(17)	9(18)	-10(23)
West	-113(17)	-65(16)	-52(17)
Fiordland	-68(13)	-22(12)	-31(14)



## Talk Overview

- Methodology
- Inversion Setup



- Results
- Carbon exchange for recent years, still a sink?
- Inversion improvements
  - --- Higher model resolution
  - → Impact of measurements from a new site



# How the inversion works



## Methodology - Bayesian approach



$$J = \frac{1}{2} (Tx - d)^T C_d^{-1} (Tx - d) + \frac{1}{2} (x - x_o)^T C_o^{-1} (x - x_o) + \frac{1}{2} (Sx)^T C_s^{-1} (Sx)$$
  
minimized  
analytically  

$$x = C (T^T C_d^{-1} d + C_o^{-1} x_o)$$
  

$$C = (T^T C_d^{-1} T + C_o^{-1})^{-1}$$



10 11 12 13 14 15 16 17 18 19 20 21 22 23 24 25

2

Regions

5

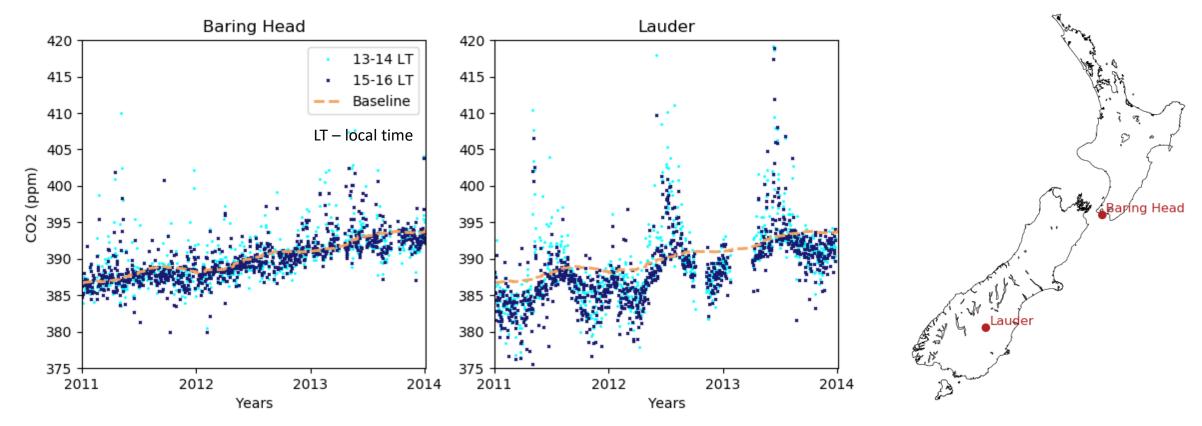
3 4 5

6

8 9

The posterior & error covariance matrix

## What do we see from the measurements?



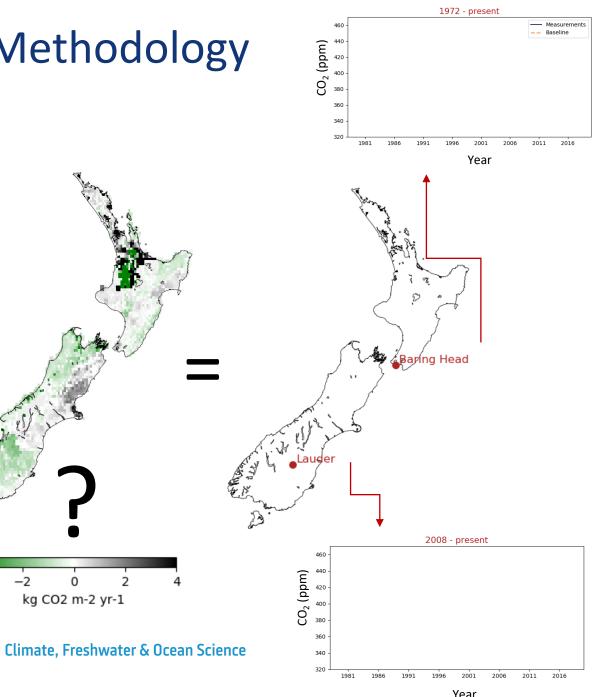
13-14, 15-16 LT – well mixed air Baseline – predominantly oceanic air Inversion data = measurements – baseline – anthropogenic signal Climate, Freshwater & Ocean Science



# Methodology

B

-2





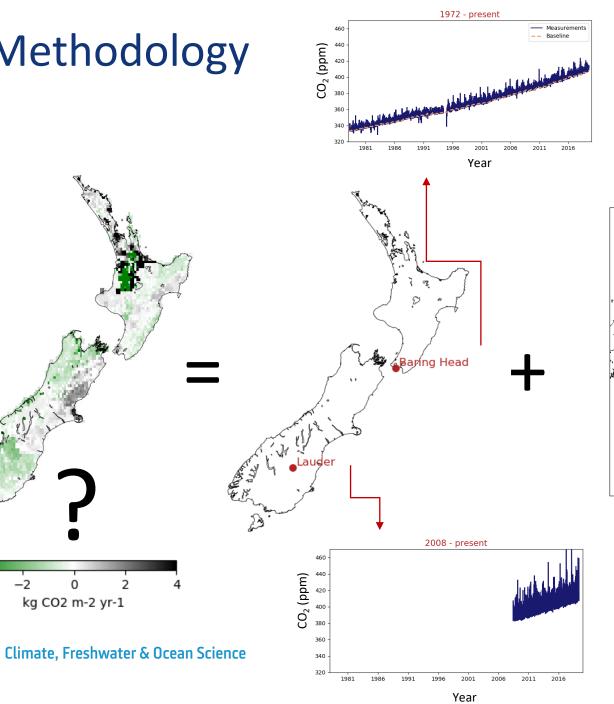
# Methodology

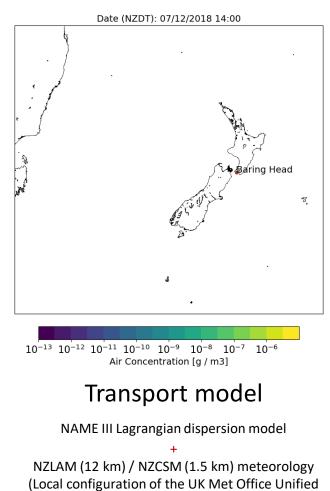
-2

0

kg CO2 m-2 yr-1

2

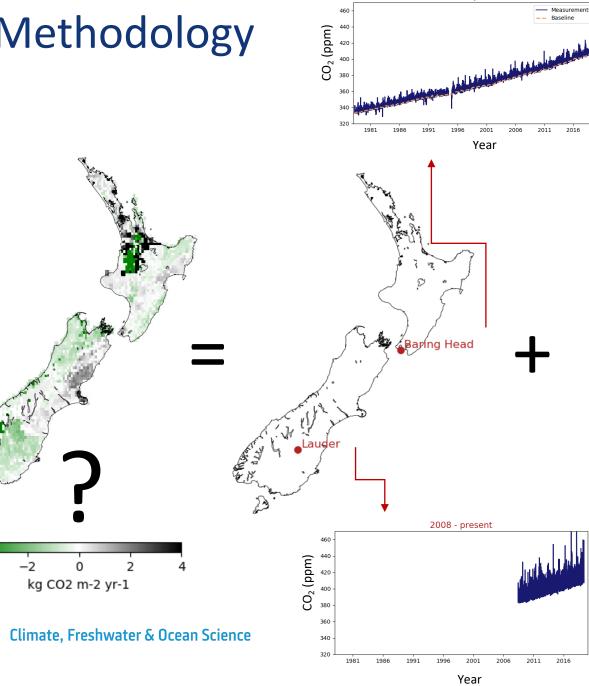




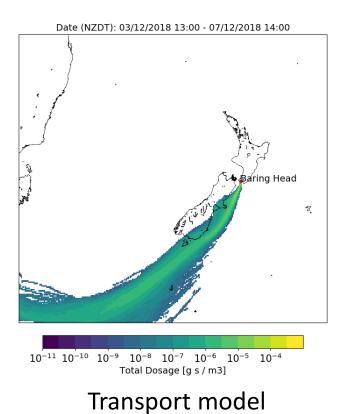
Model)



# Methodology

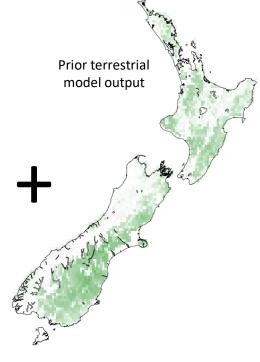


1972 - present



#### NAME III Lagrangian dispersion model

NZLAM (12 km) / NZCSM (1.5 km) meteorology (Local configuration of the UK Met Office Unified Model)



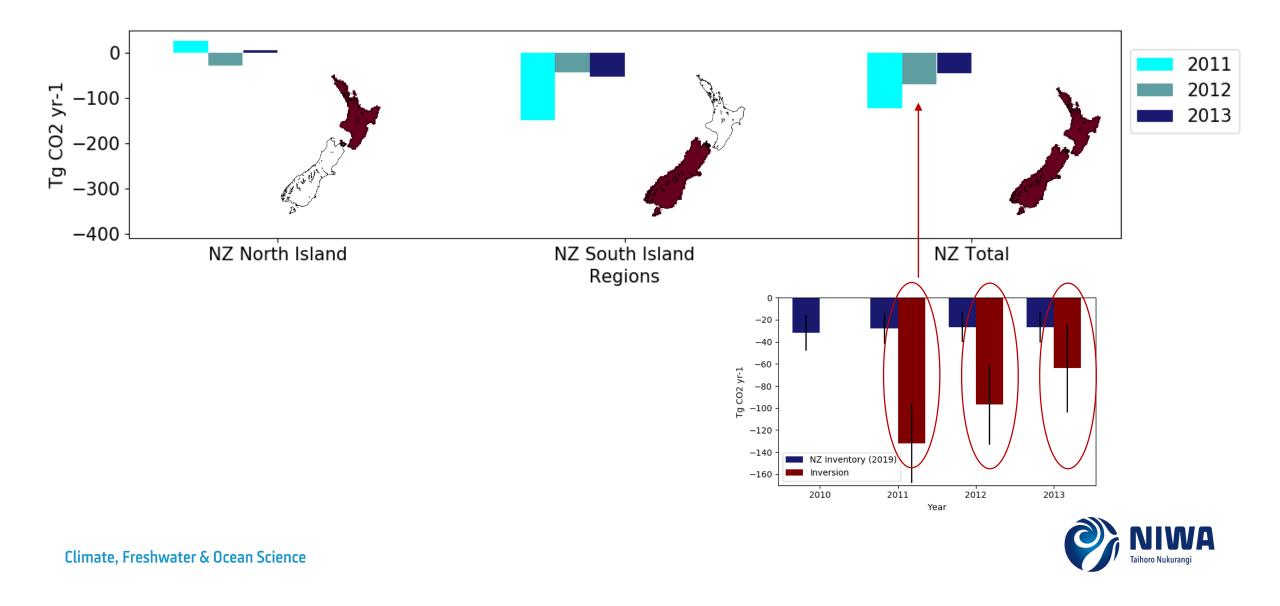
#### Prior flux

Biosphere – BIOME-BGC v4.2 Ocean – Takahashi et al. (2009) Anthropogenic – EDGAR v4.2

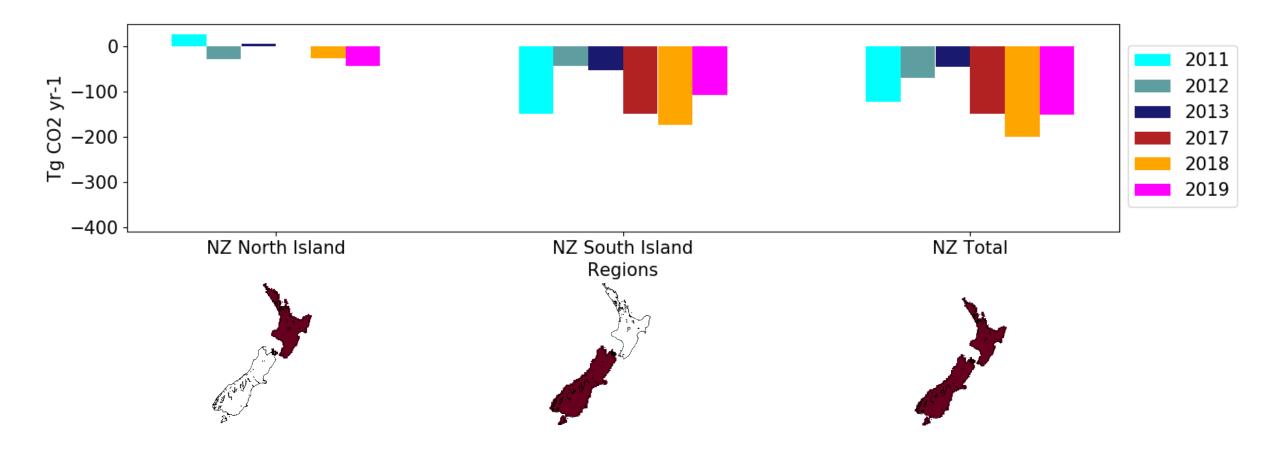
# Results



#### **Annual fluxes**

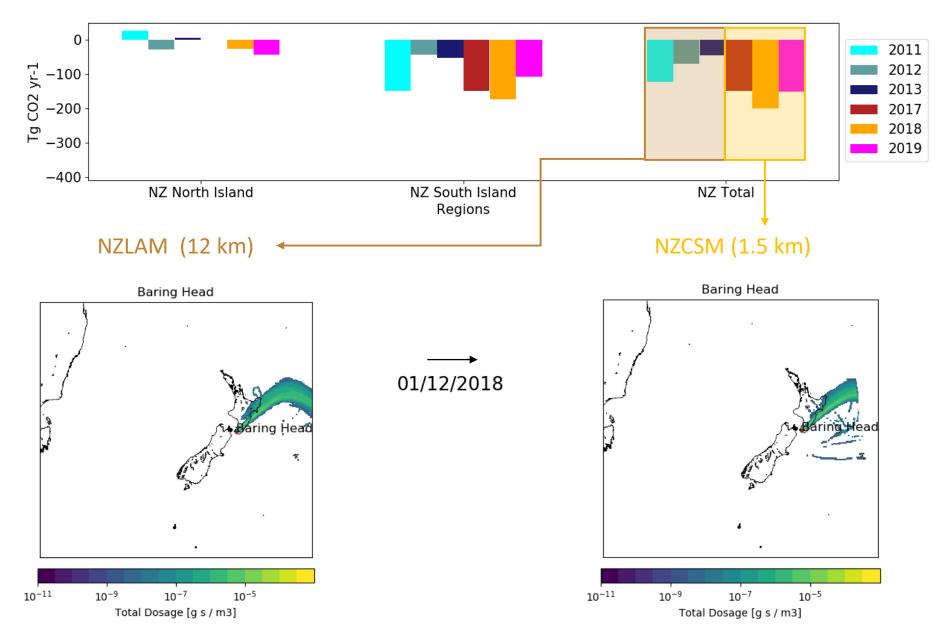


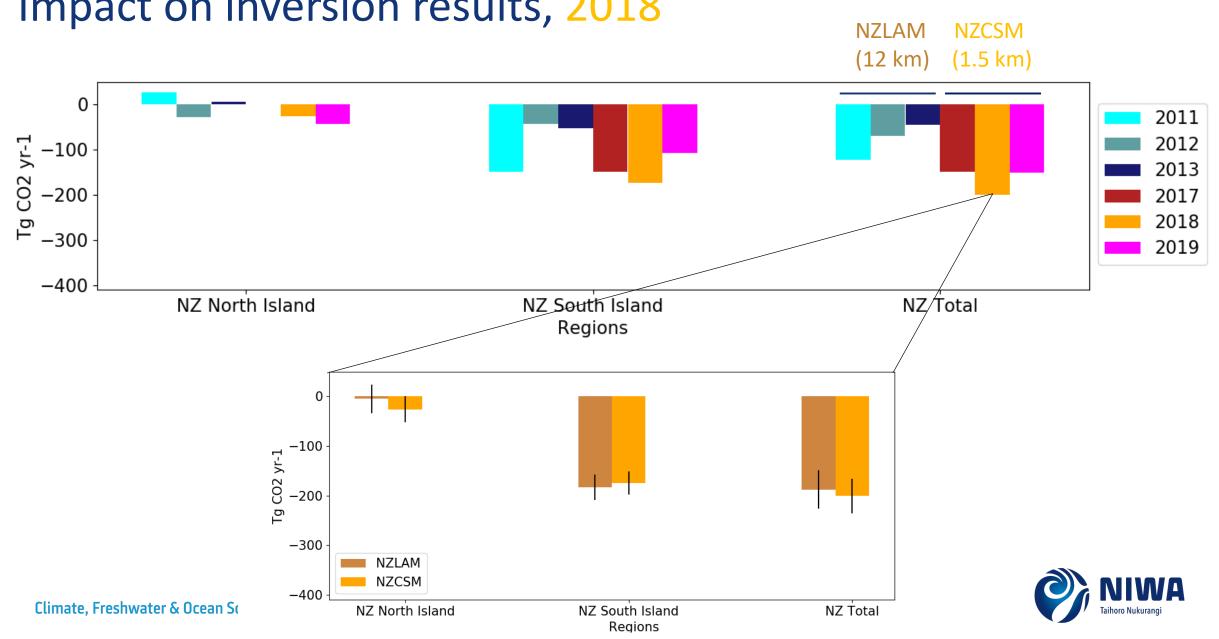
#### Annual fluxes





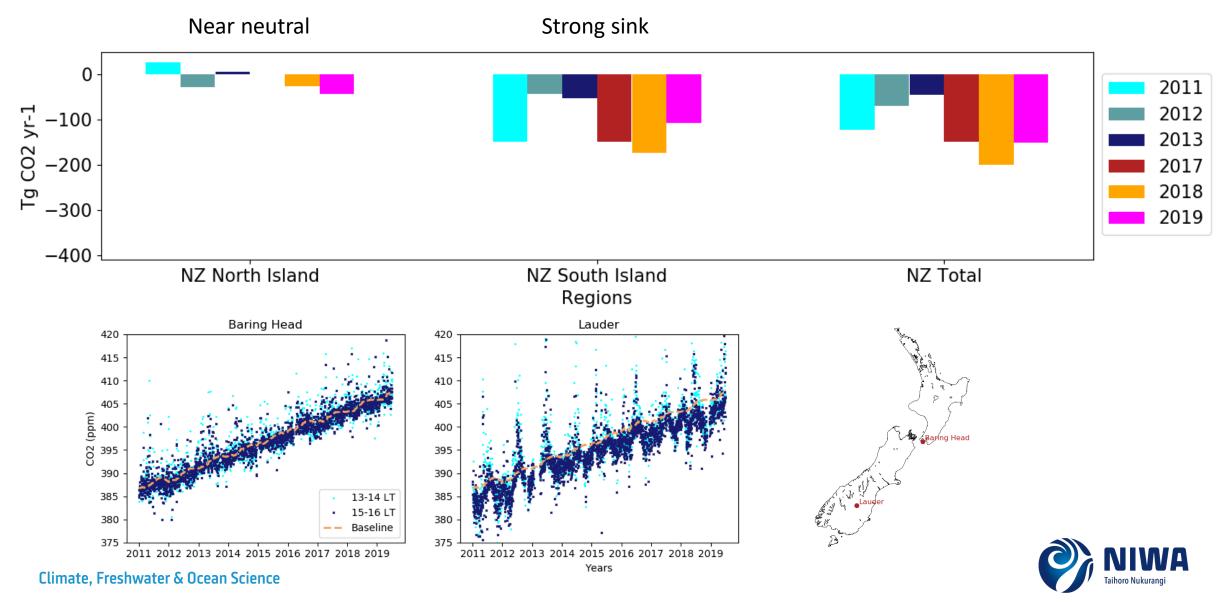
### Important model improvement!



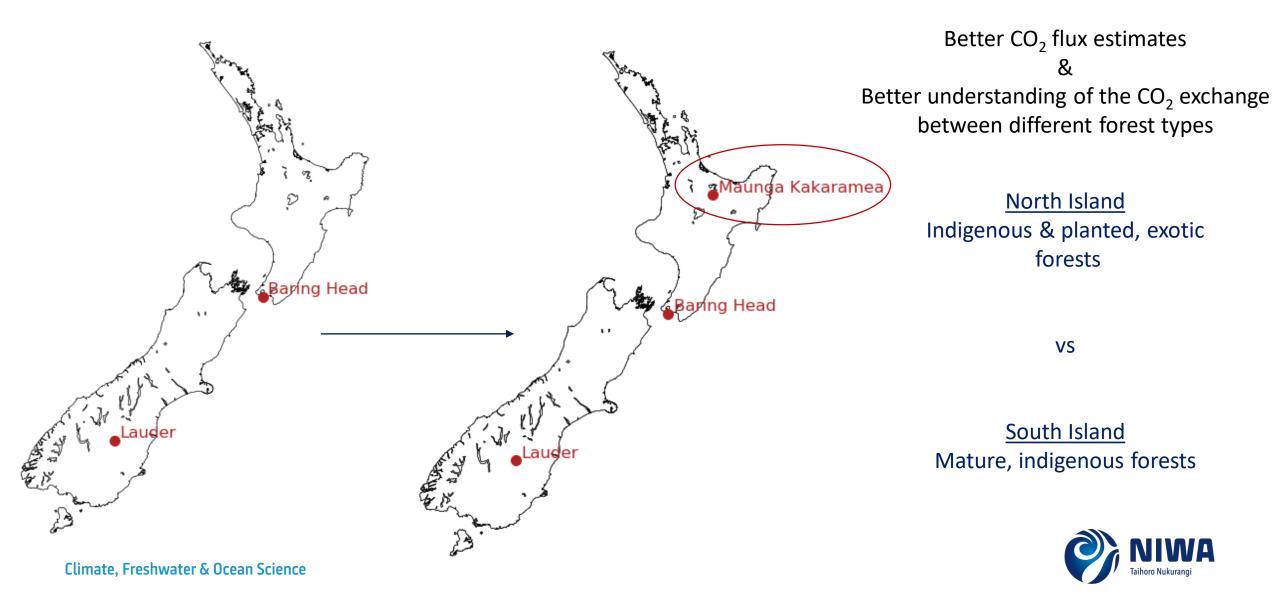


#### Impact on inversion results, 2018

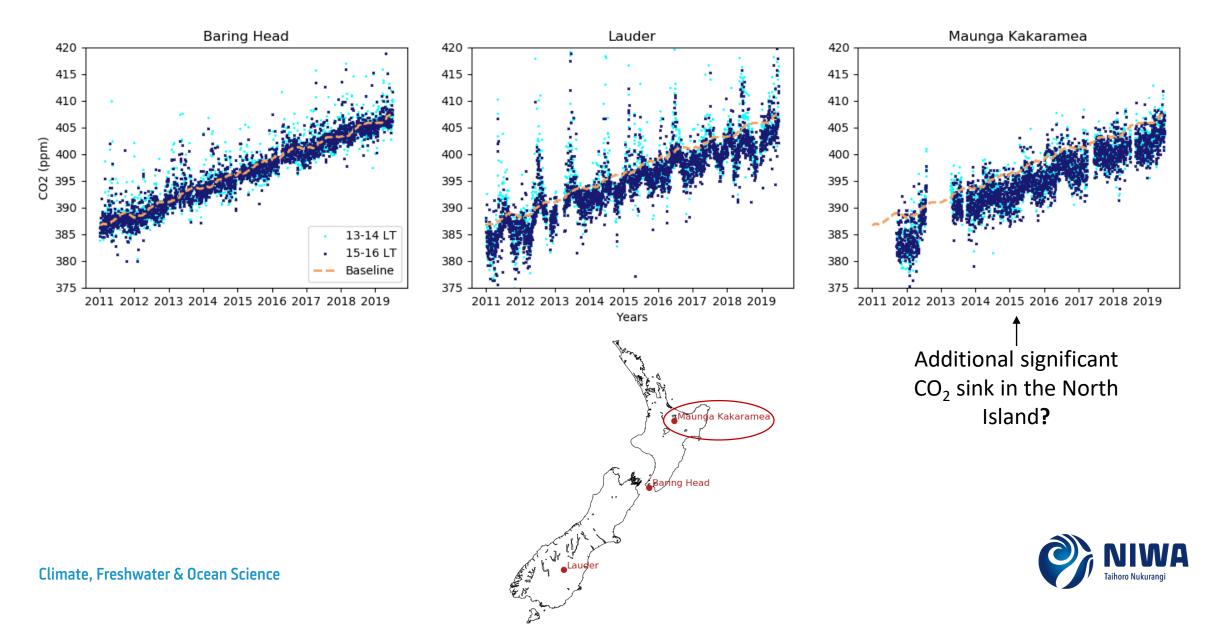
## Annual fluxes – sink location



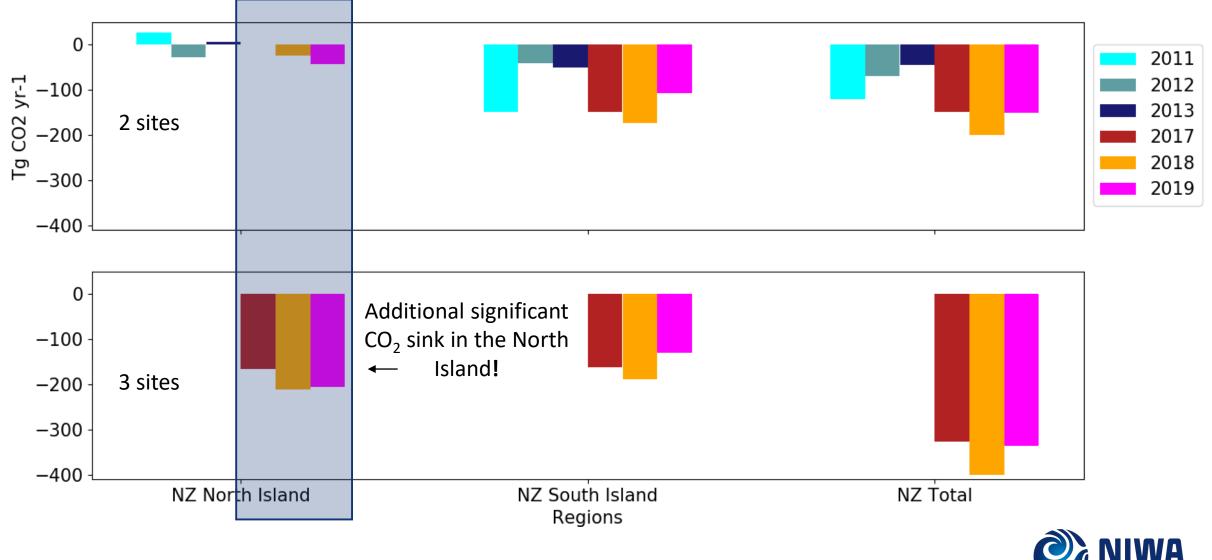
## New site, Maunga Kākaramea

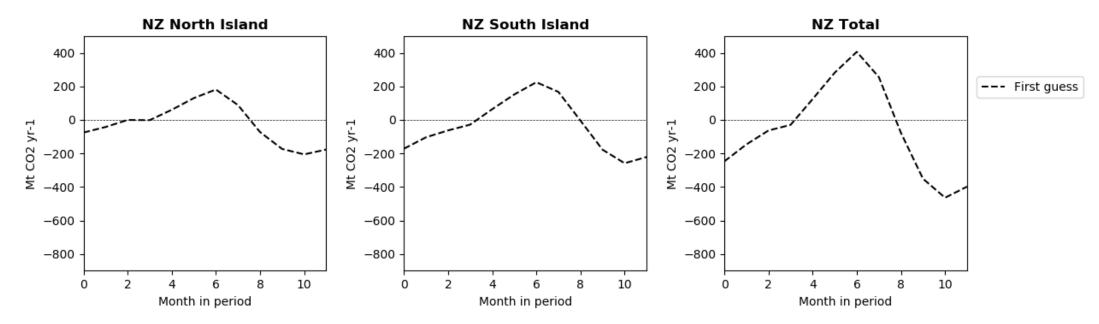


## What do we expect? Even larger sink?



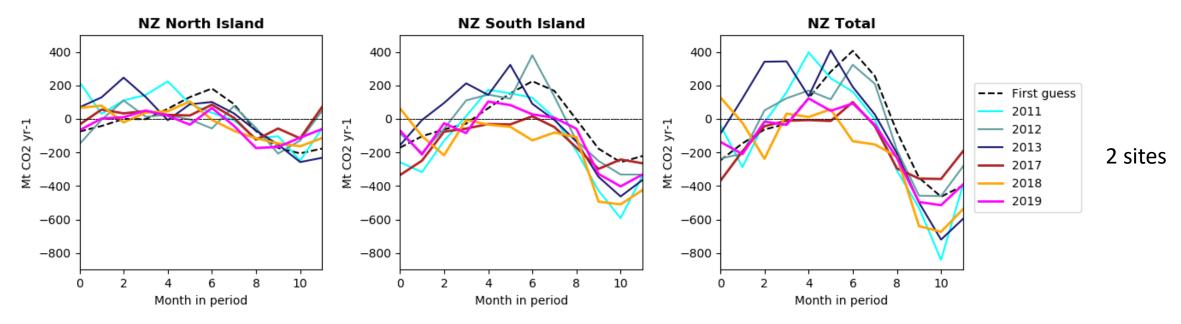
### Annual fluxes with new data



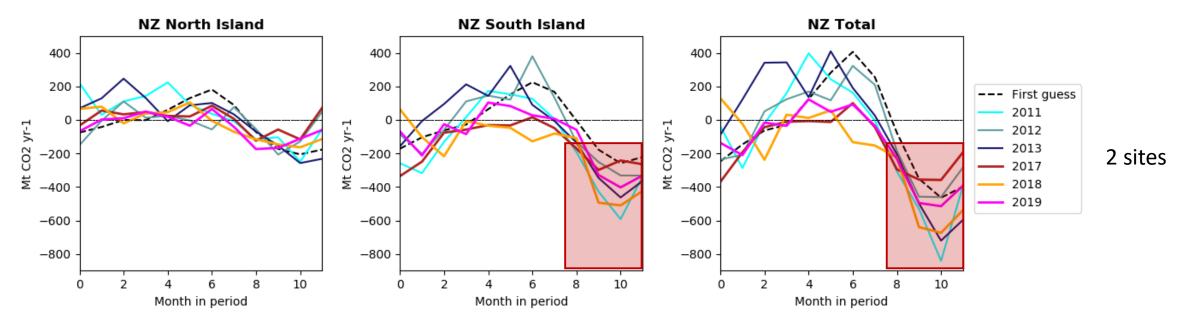


Southern Hemisphere seasons!



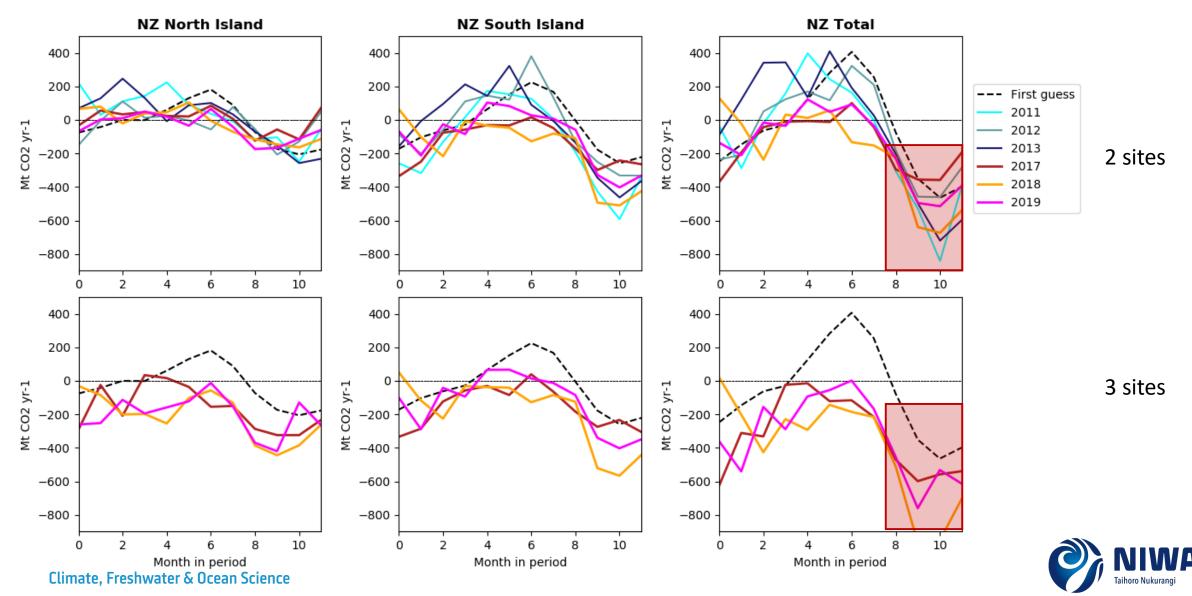




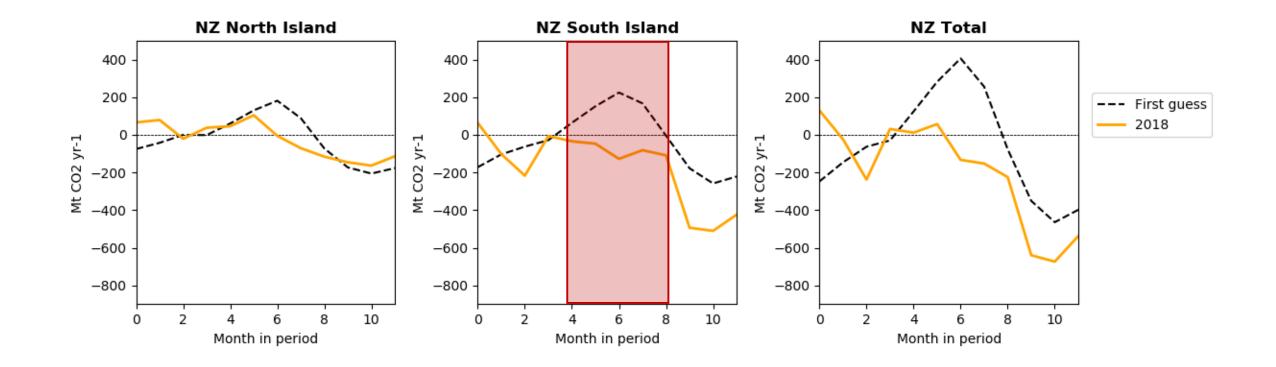


Stronger CO<sub>2</sub> uptake during summer

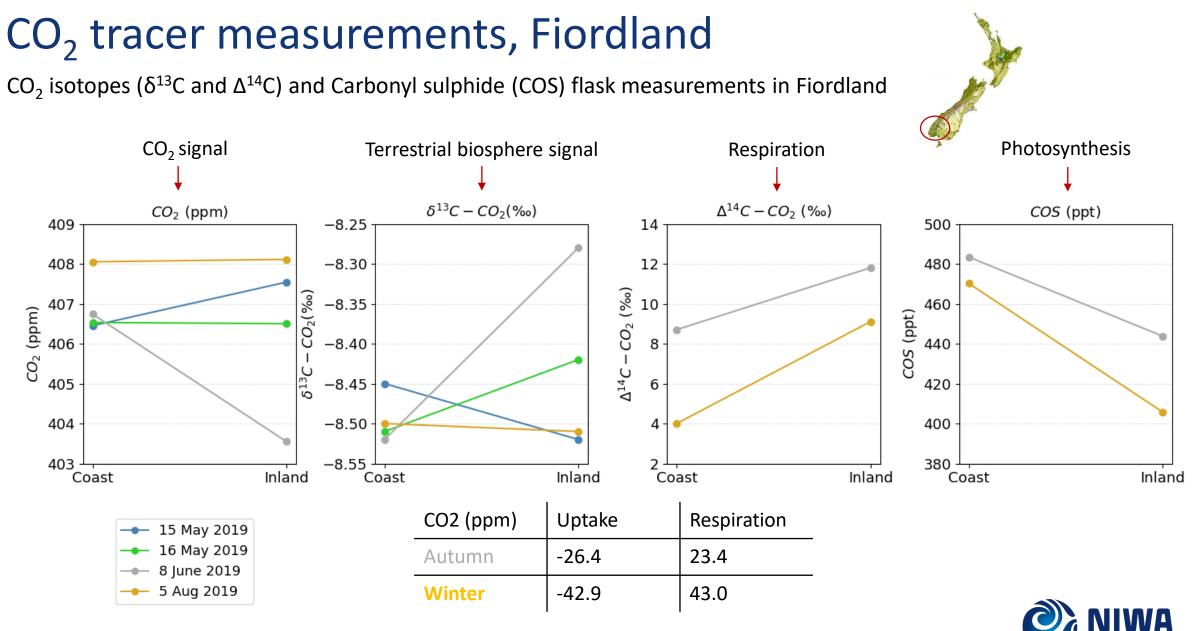




## Monthly fluxes, CO<sub>2</sub> variability, 2018 – 2 sites







Climate, Freshwater & Ocean Science

Data from Peter Sperlich & Stephen Montzka

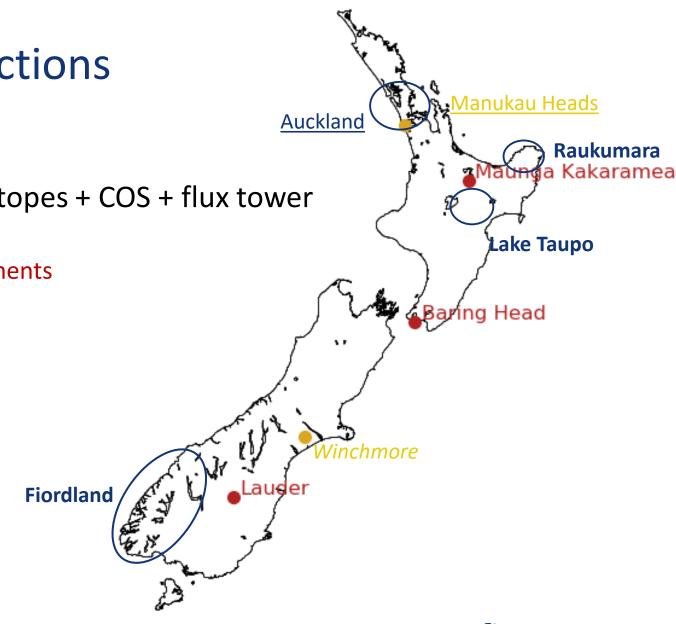


13 sites in total - GHG measurements + isotopes + COS + flux tower

3 long running sites with continuous measurements9 new sites with in situ measurements8 new sites with discrete measurements

+ smaller scale studies:

Forests Grasslands Urban areas

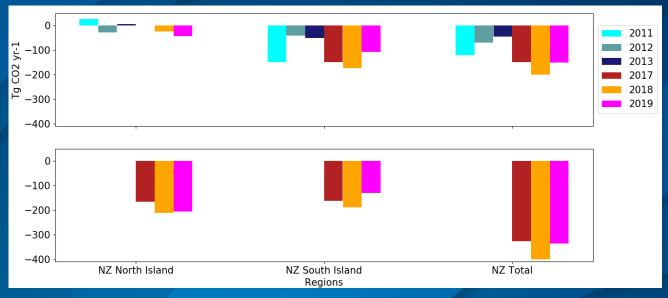




## Summary

- Recent flux NZ picture: 2017-2019 CO<sub>2</sub> sink still present  $\bullet$
- New measurements suggest even larger sink

→ Work in progress, sensitivity tests, uncertainty quantification



#### Thank you

Beata.Bukosa@niwa.co.nz

More Info: https://www.niwa.co.nz/climate/research-projects/carbon-watch-nz Climate, Freshwater & Ocean Science



#### #CarbonWatchNZ

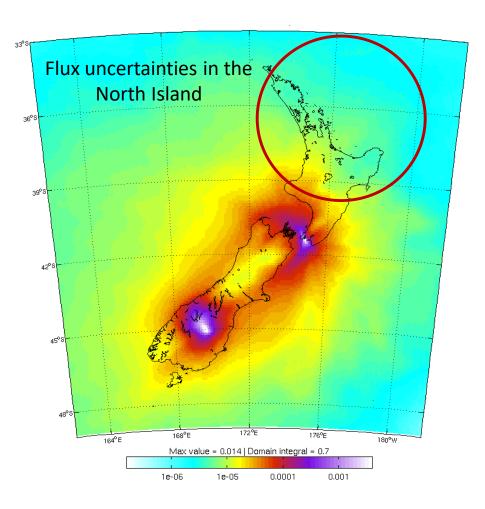


#### Acknowledgements

- CarbonWatchNZ Team at NIWA, GNS Science, Manaaki Whenua Landcare Research, and University of Waikato
- UK Met Office and NIWA weather and Lagrangian modelling teams
- New Zealand eScience Infrastructure (NeSI)
- MBIE, Marsden Fund, and NIWA for funding •
- NIWA in situ measurements team ٠



## Modelled footprints



Baring Head and Lauder

#### Baring Head, Lauder and Maunga Kakaramea

